

MEDITATIONS)

and

Contemplations

By the Rev. L. James Hervey, A.M.

Containing

VOL. I.

Meditations among the Tombs.

Reflections on a Flower Garden.

And a Descant on Creation.

VOL. II.

Contemplations on the Night.

Contemplations on the Starry Heavens.

And a Winter Piece.

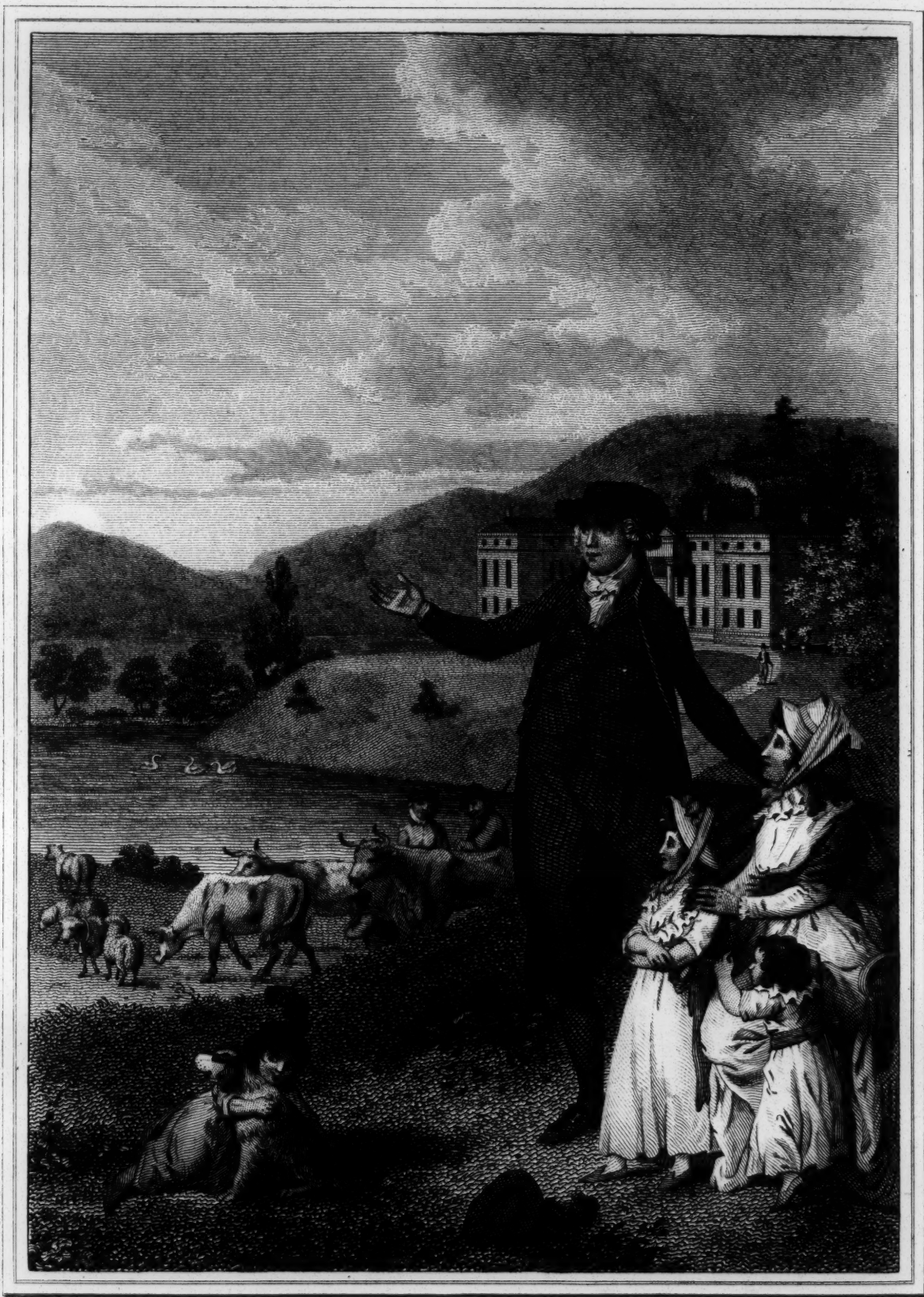
To which is prefixed the Life of the Author:

VOL. II.



Infantile Devotion

London, Printed for T. Heptinstall, N^o. 131. Fleet Street, 1790.



Stebson del.

Storer sculp.

THE SETTING SUN,

*Now half immersed _____
Gives one bright glance, then total disappears.*

Thomson.

London 5th Nov. 1795, Pub^d by T. Heptinstall N^o 81 Fleet Street.

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C O N T E N T S

OF THE

SECOND VOLUME.

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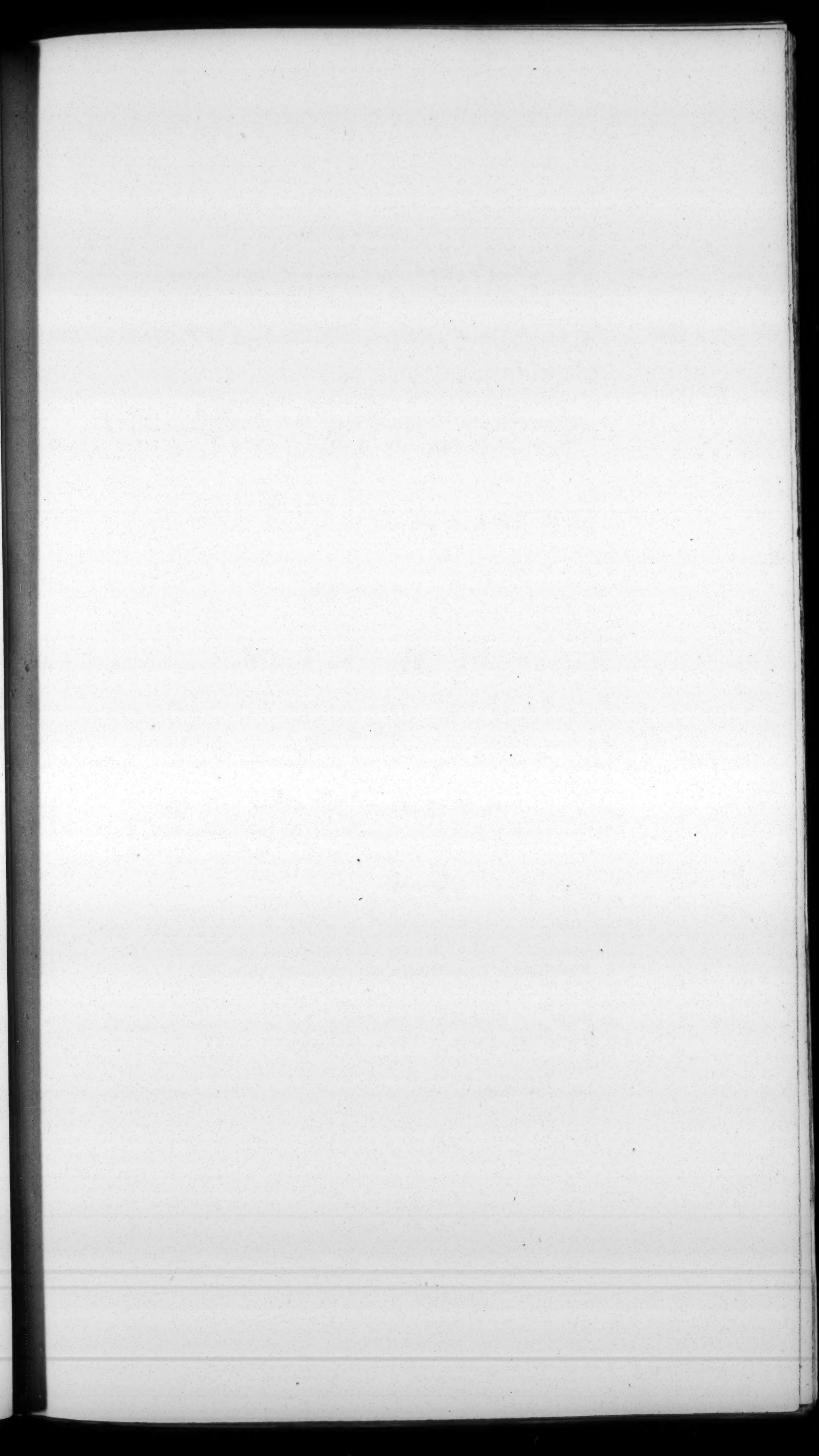
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N. B. It may seem unaccountable to an UNLEARNED Reader, that Astronomers should speak such amazing Things, and speak them with such an Air of ASSURANCE, concerning the Distances and Magnitudes, the Motions and Relations, of the heavenly Bodies. I would desire such a Person to consider the Case of ECLIPSES, and with what EXACTNESS they are calculated. They are not only foretold, but the very Instant of their BEGINNING is determined. The precise Time of their CONTINUANCE is assigned; assigned, almost to the NICETY of a Moment; and, what is still more surprising, for the Space of HUNDREDS or THOUSANDS of Years to come.—As this is a Matter of Fact, absolutely indisputable; it is also a very obvious, yet solid Demonstration, that the Principles of Science, on which these Calculations proceed, are not mere Conjecture, or precarious Supposition; but have a REAL, a CERTAIN Foundation, in the Nature and Constitution of Things.

A WINTER-PIECE.

INTRODUCTION—Shortness of the Winter's Day—Incessant Rain, producing a Flood—Tempest; it's Effects; at Land, by Sea—Pitchy Darkness; riding in it—Thick Rime—Keen Frost, and Serenity of Weather—Severe Cold, and piercing Winds—Deep Snow—General Thaw—Evergreens—Storm of Hail—Rainbow.



CONTEMPLATIONS

ON THE

N I G H T.

NIGHT is fair VIRTUE's immemorial Friend:
The conscious MOON, through ev'ry distant Age,
Has held a Lamp to WISDOM.

NIGHT-THOUGHTS, No. V.

CONTENTS

OF THE

NEW YORK

THE NEW YORK
LIBRARY
OF THE NEW YORK
LIBRARY

TO
PAUL ORCHARD,
OF
STOKE-ABBEY, IN DEVONSHIRE, Esq.

DEAR SIR,

AS your honoured Father was pleased to make choice of me, to answer in your Name at the Font, and to exercise a Sort of GUARDIANSHIP over your spiritual Interests; permit me, by putting these little Treatises into your Hand, to fulfil some Part of that solemn Obligation.

GRATITUDE for many signal Favours, and a conscientious Regard to my sacred Engagement, have long ago inspired my Breast with the warmest Wishes, both for your true DIGNITY, and real HAPPINESS. Nor can I think of a more endearing, or a more effectual Way, of advancing either the one or the other, than to set before you a Sketch of your excellent FATHER's Character.—Illustrious Examples are the most winning Incitements to Virtue: and none can come

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attended with such particular Recommendations to you, Sir, as the Pattern of that worthy Person from whom you derive your very Being.

A MOST cordial and reverential Esteem for the DIVINE WORD, was one of his remarkable Qualities. Those Oracles of Heaven were his principal Delight, and his inseparable Companions. Your Gardens, your solitary Walks, and the Hedges of your Fields can witness, with what an unwearied Assiduity he exercised himself in the Law of the LORD. From hence he fetched his Maxims of Wisdom, and formed his Judgment of Things. The sacred PRECEPTS were the Model of his Temper, and the Guide of his Life; while the precious PROMISES were the Joy of his Heart, and his Portion for ever.

IMPROVING COMPANY was another of his most relishing Pleasures. Few Gentlemen were better furnished, either with Richness of Fancy, or Copiousness of Expression, to bear a shining Part in Conversation. With these Talents, he always endeavoured to give some USEFUL, generally some RELIGIOUS, Turn to the Discourse. Nor did he ever reflect, with greater Complacency, on his social Hours, than when they tended to glorify the Eternal Majesty; and to awaken, in Himself and others, a more lively Spirit of Devotion.

To project for the Good of others, was his frequent STUDY; and to carry those benevolent Contrivances into Execution, his favourite EMPLOY. When visited by the

young Persons of the Neighbourhood, far from taking an ungraceful Pride to initiate them in a Debauchery, or confirm them in a riotous Habit; it was his incessant Aim, by finely-adapted Persuasives, to encourage them in INDUSTRY, and establish them in a Course of SOBRIETY; to GUARD them against the Allurements of Vice, and ANIMATE them with the Principles of Piety. A noble Kind of Hospitality this! which will probably transmit it's beneficial Influence to their earthly Possessions, to their future Families, and even to their everlasting State.

A CONVICTION of human Indigence, and a thorough Persuasion of the Divine All-sufficiency, induced him to be FREQUENT IN PRAYER. To prostrate himself, in profound Adoration, before that infinitely exalted Being, who dwells in Light inaccessible, was HIS GLORY; to implore the Continuance of the Almighty Favour, and the Increase of all Christian Graces, was HIS GAIN. In those Moments, no doubt, he remembered you, Sir, with a particular Earnestness; and lodged many an ardent Petition in the Court of Heaven for his infant Son. Cease not to second them with your own devout Supplications, that they may descend upon your Head "in the Fulness of the Blessings of the Gospel
" of Peace."

To give their genuine Lustre to all his other Endowments, he was careful to maintain an HUMBLE MIND. Though his Friends might admire his superior Abilities, or his Acquaintance applaud his exemplary Behaviour, he saw how far he

FELL SHORT of the Mark of his high Calling: saw, and lamented his Defects: saw, and renounced himself: relying, for final Acceptance, and endless Felicity, on a BETTER RIGHTEOUSNESS than his own; even on the transcendently perfect Righteousness, and inconceivably precious Death, of JESUS the Redeemer. This was the Rock of his Hope, and the very Crown of his Rejoicing.

THESE, Sir, are some of the DISTINGUISHING Characteristics of your deceased Parent. As you had the Misfortune to lose so valuable a Relative, before you was capable of forming any Acquaintance with his Person, I flatter myself you will the more attentively observe his Picture: This his MORAL PICTURE; designed, not to be set in Gold, or sparkle in Enamel, but to breathe in your Spirit, and to live in all your Conduct:—which, though it be entirely your own, calculated purely for yourself, may possibly (like Family Pieces in your Parlour, that glance an Eye upon as many as enter the Room) make some PLEASING and USEFUL Impression on every Beholder.—May every one, charmed with the beautiful Image, catch it's Resemblance; and each, in his respective Sphere, “go and do likewise.”

BUT YOU, Sir, are peculiarly concerned to copy the amiable Original. As the Order of an indulgent Providence has made you Heir of the AFFLUENT CIRCUMSTANCES, let not a gay and thoughtless Inadvertence cut you off from the RICHER INHERITANCE of these noble Qualifications.—These will be your Security amidst all the glittering Dangers which

are inseparable from blooming Years, and an elevated Situation in Life. These are your Path, your sure and only Path, to true Greatness, and solid Happiness.—Tread in these Steps, and you cannot fail to be the Darling of your Friends, and the Favourite of Heaven. Tread in these Steps, and you will give inexpressible Joy to one of the best of Mothers; you will become an extensive Blessing to your Fellow-creatures; and which, after such most engaging Motives, is scarce worthy to be mentioned, you will be the Delight, the Honour, and the Boast, of,

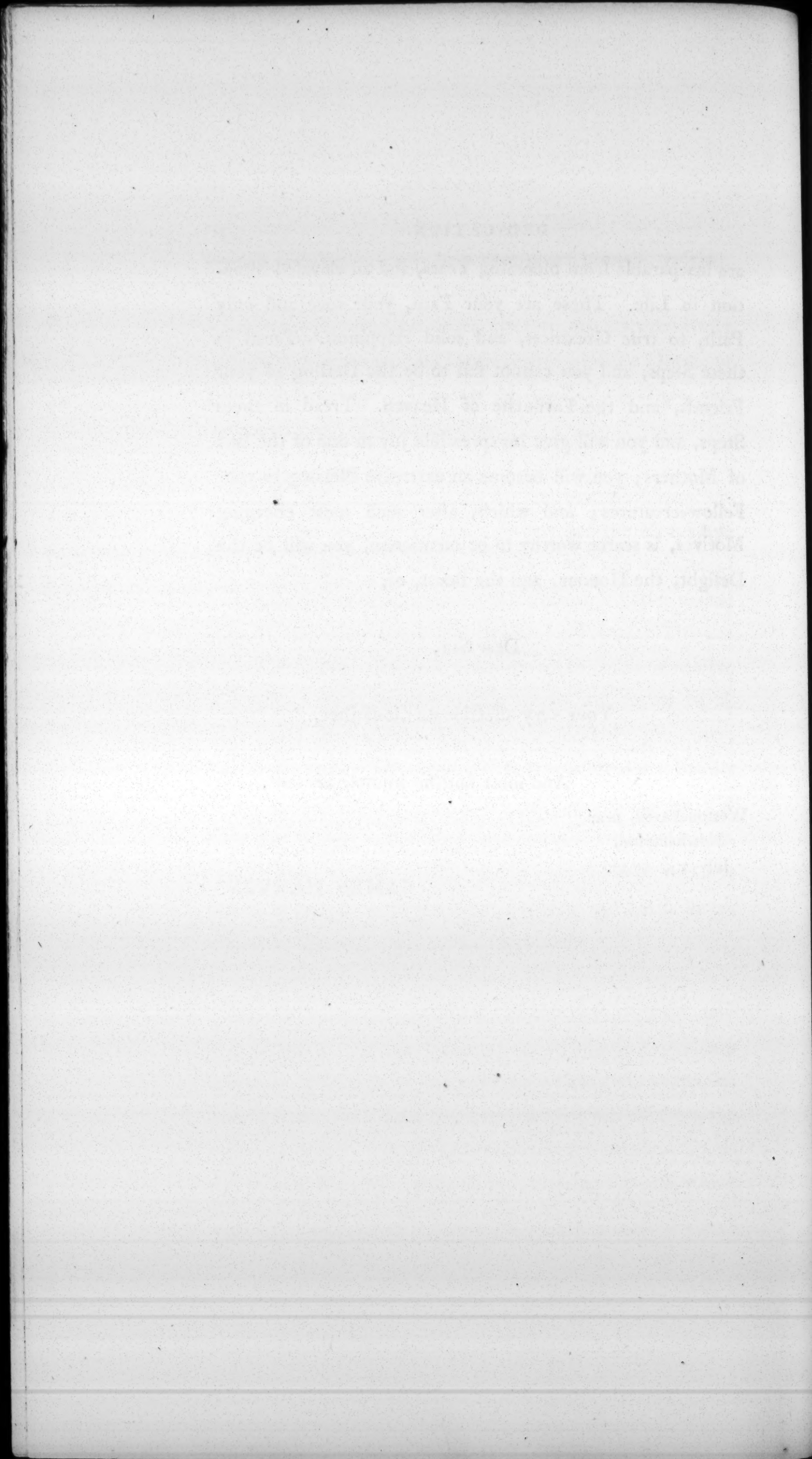
Dear SIR,

Your very affectionate Godfather,

And most faithful humble Servant,

Weston-Favell, near
Northampton,
July 14, 1747.

JAMES HERVEY.



P R E F A C E.

WE have already exercised our Speculations on the Tombs and Flowers; surveying Nature, covered with the deepest Horrors, and arrayed in the richest Beauties. ALLEGORY taught many of the Objects to speak the Language of Virtue; while IMAGINATION lent her Colouring, to give the Lessons an engaging Air:—And this with a View of imitating that DIVINE Instructor; who commissioned the LILY¹, in her silver Suit, to remonstrate in the Ear of unbelieving Reason; who sent his Disciples (Men ordained to TEACH the Universe) to LEARN Maxims of the last Importance from the most INSIGNIFICANT Birds¹ that wander through the Paths of the Air, from the very MEANEST Herbs¹ that are scattered over the Face of the² Ground.

EMBOLDENED by the kind Acceptance of the preceding Sketches, I beg leave to confide in the same BENEVOLENCE of TASTE, for the Protection and Support of the two remaining Essays; which exhibit a Prospect of a STILL LIFE, and GRAND OPERATION; which moralize on the most composed, and most magnificent, Appearances of Things:—in which FANCY is again suffered to introduce her Imagery; but only

as the Handmaid of TRUTH; in order to dress her Person, and display her Charms; to engage the Attention, and win the Love, even of the GAY, and of the FASHIONABLE: Which is more likely to be effected, by forming agreeable Pictures of Nature, and deriving instructive Observations, than by the laborious Method of long-deduced Arguments, or close-connected Reasonings.—The Contemplation of the Heavens and the Earth, of their admirable Properties and beneficial Changes, has always afforded the most exalted Gratification to the human Mind. In compliance with this prevailing Taste, I have drawn my serious Admonitions from the stupendous Theatre, and variegated Scenery, of the Universe; that the Reader may learn his Duty from his very Pleasures—may gather WISDOM, mingled with VIRTUE, from the most refined ENTERTAINMENTS, and noblest DELIGHTS.

THE EVENING, drawing her Sables over the World, and gently darkening into NIGHT, is a Season peculiarly proper for sedate Consideration. All Circumstances concur, to hush our Passions, and soothe our Cares; to tempt our Steps abroad, and prompt our Thoughts to serious Reflection.

—Then is the Time,

For those, whom Wisdom and whom Nature charm,
To steal themselves from the degen'rate Crowd,
And soar above this little Scene of Things;
To tread low-thoughted Vice beneath their Feet;
To soothe the throbbing Passions into Peace;
And woo lone Quiet in her silent Walks³.

THE Favour I would solicit for the FIRST of the following Compositions, is, That it may be permitted to attend, in such retired and contemplative Excursions: to attend, if not under the Character of a Friend; at least, in the humble Capacity of a Servant, or a Page:—as a SERVANT, to open the Door of Meditation, and remove every Impediment to those best Exercises of the Mind, which blend Advantage with Amusement, and improve while they delight:—as a PAGE, to gather up the unstable, fluctuating Train of Fancy; and collect her fickle Powers into a consistent, regular, and useful Habit of Thinking.

THE OTHER, conversant among the STARRY REGIONS, would lead the Imagination through those beautiful Tracts of unclouded Azure; and point out to the Judgment some of those astonishing Particulars, which so eminently signalize the celestial Worlds: A Prospect this, to which Curiosity attracts our Eyes, and to which Scripture itself often directs our Study: A Prospect beyond all others most excellently calculated to ENLARGE the Soul, and ENNOBLE it's Conceptions;—to give the grandest Apprehensions of the EVERLASTING GOD, and create Sentiments of becoming Superiority, with relation to all TRANSITORY Interest; in a Word, to furnish FAITH with the surest Foundation for a steady Affiance, and true Magnanimity of Spirit; to afford PIETY the strongest Motives, both for a lively Gratitude, and profound Veneration.

WHILE GALILÆO lifts his Tube, and discovers the prodigious Magnitude of those radiant Orbs;—while NEWTON measures their amazing Distances, and unites the whole System, in harmonious Order, by the subtle Influences of Attraction:—I would only, like the Herald before that illustrious HEBREW⁴, proclaim at every Turn, “Bow THE
“ KNEE, and adore the Almighty Maker; magnify his eternal
“ Name; AND MAKE HIS PRAISE, like all his Works, TO BE
“ GLORIOUS.”

CONTEMPLATIONS

ON THE

N I G H T.

THE Business of the Day dispatched, and the sultry Heats abated, invited me to the Recreation of a Walk: a Walk in one of the **FINEST RECESSES** of the Country, and in one of the most **PLEASANT EVENINGS** which the Summer Season produced.

THE Limes and Elms, uniting their Branches over my Head, formed a **VERDANT CANOPY**, and cast a most refreshing Shade. Under my Feet lay a **CARPET** of Nature's **VELVET**; Grass intermingled with Moss, and embroidered with Flowers. **Jesamines**, in **Conjunction** with **Woodbines**, twined around the **Trees**; displaying their **ARTLESS BEAUTIES** to the Eye, and diffusing their **DELICIOUS**

SWEETS through the Air. On either Side, the Boughs, rounded into a Set of regular Arches, opened a View into the DISTANT FIELDS, and presented me with a Prospect of the BENDING SKIES. The little Birds, all joyous and grateful for the Favours of the Light, were paying their Acknowledgments in a TRIBUTE of HARMONY, and soothing themselves to rest with Songs: while a French-horn, from a neighbouring Seat, sent it's melodious Accents, softened by the Length of their Passage, to complete the CONCERT of the GROVE.

ROVING in this agreeable Manner, my Thoughts were exercised on a Subject still more agreeable than the Season, or the Scene: I mean, our late SIGNAL VICTORY over the united Forces of intestine Treason and foreign Invasion: a Victory which pours Joy through the present Age, and will transmit it's Influence to Generations yet unborn.—Are not all the Blessings which can endear Society, or render Life itself desirable, centred in our present happy Constitution and auspicious Government? Were they not ALL struck at by that impious and horrid Blow, meditated at ROME, levelled by FRANCE, and seconded by factious Spirits at HOME? Who then can be sufficiently thankful for

the gracious Interposition of Providence; which has not only averted the impending Ruin, but turned it, with aggravated Confusion, on the Authors of our Troubles?

METHINKS, every Thing VALUABLE, which I possess; every Thing CHARMING, which I behold; conspire to enhance this ever-memorable Event. To this it is owing, that I can ramble unmolested along the Vale of private Life, and taste all the innocent Satisfaction of a CONTEMPLATIVE Retirement.—Had Rebellion^s succeeded in her detestable Designs; instead of walking with Security and Complacency in these flowery Paths, I might have met the ASSASSIN with his DAGGER; or have been obliged to abandon my Habitation, and “brace the Rock for a Shelter.”—Farewel, then, ye fragrant Shades; Seats of Meditation, and calm Repose! I should have been driven from your loved Retreats, to make way for some barbarous, some INSULTING VICTOR.—Farewel, then, ye pleasing Toils, and wholesome Amusements, of my rural Hours! I should no more have reared the tender Flower to the Sun; no more have taught the Espalier to expand her Boughs; nor have fetched, any

longer, from my Kitchen-garden, the purest Supplies of Health.

HAD Rebellion succeeded in her detestable Designs; instead of being regaled with the MUSIC of the WOODS, I might have been alarmed with the Sound of the Trumpet, and all the Thunder of War: instead of being entertained with this BEAUTIFUL LANDSCAPE, I might have beheld our Houses ransacked, and our Villages plundered; I might have beheld our fenced Cities encompassed with Armies, and our fruitful Fields "clothed with "Desolation;" or have been shocked with the more frightful Images of "Garments rolled in "Blood," and of a Ruffian's Blade reeking from a Brother's Heart. Instead of Peace, with her cheering Olives, sheltering our Abodes; instead of Justice, with her impartial Scale, securing our Goods; PERSECUTION had brandished her Sword, and SLAVERY clanked her Chains.

NOR are these Miseries imaginary only, or the Creatures of a groundless Panic. There are, in a neighbouring Kingdom, who very lately experienced them in all their Rigour⁶. And, if the MALIG-

NANT Spirit of POPERY had forced itself into our Church; if an ABJURED PRETENDER had cut his Way to our Throne; we could have no Reason to expect a Mitigation of their Severity, on our Behalf.—But, supposing the tender Mercies of a bigoted Usurper to have been somewhat less cruel; where, alas! would have been the Encouragement to cultivate our little Portion; or what Pleasure could arise from an improved Spot; if both the one and the other lay, every Moment, at the Mercy of LAWLESS Power? This imbittering Circumstance would spoil their Relish; and, by rendering them a PRECARIOUS, would render them a JOYLESS Acquisition.—In vain might the Vine spread her purple Clusters; in vain be lavish of her generous Juices; if TYRANNY, like a ravenous Harpy, should be always hovering over the Bowl, and ready to snatch it from the Lip of Industry, or to wrest it from the Hand of Liberty.

LIBERTY, that dearest of Names; and PROPERTY, that best of Charters; give an additional, an inexpressible Charm, to every delightful Object.—See, how the declining Sun has beautified the WESTERN CLOUDS; has arrayed them in Crimson, and skirted them with Gold! Such a Refinement

of our domestic Bliss, is Property ; such an Improvement of our public Privileges, is Liberty.—When the Lamp of Day shall withdraw his Beams, there will still remain the same Collection of floating Vapours ; but O ! how changed, how gloomy ! The Carnation-Streaks are faded ; the golden Edgings are wore away ; and all the lovely Tinges are lost in a LEADEN-COLOURED LOURING Sadness. SUCH would be the Aspect of all these Scenes of Beauty, and all these Abodes of Pleasure ; if exposed continually to the Caprice of arbitrary Sway, or held in a State of abject and cringing Dependence.

THE Sun has almost finished his daily Race, and hastens to the Goal. He descends lower and lower ; till his Chariot-wheels seem to hover on the utmost Verge of the Sky. What is somewhat remarkable ; the Orb of Light, upon the Point of setting, grows considerably BROADER : the Shadows of Objects, just before they become blended in undistinguishable Darkness, are exceedingly LENGTHENED⁷ :—like Blessings, little prized, while POSSESSED ; but highly esteemed, the very Instant they are preparing for their Flight ; bitterly regretted, when once they are gone, and to be seen no more.

THE radiant Globe is, now, half immersed beneath the dusky Earth: or, as the ancient Poets speak, is shooting into the Ocean, and sinks into the western Sea.—And could I view the SEA, at this Juncture, it would yield a most amusing and curious Spectacle. The Rays, striking horizontally on the liquid Element, give it the Appearance of floating Glass; or, reflected in many a different Direction, form a beautiful Multiplicity of Colours.—A Stranger, as he walks along the sandy Beach; and, lost in pensive Attention, listens to the Murmurs of the restless Flood; is agreeably alarmed by the GAY DECORATIONS of the Surface. With Entertainment, and with Wonder, he sees the curling Waves, here glistening with White, there glowing with Purple; in one Place, wearing an azure Tincture; in another, glancing a Cast of undulating Green; in the whole, exhibiting a Piece of FLUID SCENERY, that may vie with yonder pensile Tapestries, though wrought in the Loom, and tinged with the Dyes of Heaven.

WHILE I am transported by Fancy to the Shores of the Ocean, the great Luminary is sunk beneath the Horizon, and totally disappears. The whole Face of the Ground is overspread with Shades; or,

with, what one of the finest Painters of Nature calls, a DUN OBSCURITY. Only a few very superior Eminences are tipt with streaming Silver. The Tops of Groves, and lofty Towers, catch the LAST SMILES of Day⁸; are still irradiated by the departing Beams.—But, O! how transient is the Distinction! how momentary the Gift! Like all the Blessings which Mortals enjoy below, it is GONE, almost as soon as GRANTED. See! how languishingly it trembles on the leafy Spire; and glimmers, with a dying Faintness, on the Mountain's Brow. The little Vivacity, that remains, decays every Moment. It can no longer hold it's Station. While I speak, it expires; and resigns the World to the gradual Approaches of Night.

—Now TWILIGHT grey

Has in her sober Liv'ry all Things clad⁹.

EVERY Object, a little while ago, glared with Light; but, now, all appears under a more qualified Lustre. The Animals harmonize with the insensible Creation; and what was GAY in those, as well as GLITTERING in this, gives place to an universal GRAVITY. In the Meadows, all was jocund and sportive: but now the gamesome Lambs are

grown weary of their Frolics ; and the tired Shepherd has imposed Silence on his Pipe. In the Branches, all was Sprightliness and Song : but now the lively Green is wrapt in the descending Glooms ; and no tuneful Airs are heard, only the plaintive Stock-dove, cooing mournfully through the Grove. —Should I now be vain and trifling, the Heavens and the Earth would rebuke my unseasonable Levity ! Therefore, be these Moments devoted to Thoughts SEDATE as the closing Day ; SOLEMN as the Face of Things. And, indeed, however my social Hours are enlivened with innocent Pleasantry ; let every Evening, in her sable Habit, toll the Bell to serious Consideration. Nothing can be more proper, for a Person who walks on the Borders of Eternity, and is hasting continually to his final Audit ; nothing more proper, than daily to slip away from the Circle of Amusements, and frequently to relinquish the Hurry of Business, in order to consider and adjust “ the Things that “ belong to his Peace.”

SINCE the Sun is departed, from whence can it proceed, that I am not involved in pitchy Darkness ? Whence these Reminders of DIMINISHED BRIGHTNESS ? which, though scarcely forming a

Refulgence, soften and soothe the Horrors of Night. I see not the shining Ruler, yet am cheered with a real, though faint Communication of his Splendor.—Does he remember Us, in his Progress through other Climes? Does he send a DETACHMENT of his Rays, to ESCORT Us during his personal Absence; or to COVER (if I may use the military Term) our RETREAT from the Scene of Action? Has he bequeathed Us a Dividend of his Beams, sufficient to render our Circumstances easy, and our Situation agreeable? till Sleep pours it's soft Oppression on the Organs of Sense; till Sleep suspends all the Operations of our Hands; and entirely supersedes any farther Occasion for the Light.

No: it is ill-judged and unreasonable to ascribe this beneficent Conduct to the Sun. Not unto Him; not unto Him; but unto his ALMIGHTY MAKER We are obliged, for this pleasing Attendant, this valuable Legacy. The gracious Author of our Being has so disposed the Collection of circumambient Air, as to make it productive of this fine and wonderful Effect. The Sun-beams, falling on the higher Parts of the ærial Fluid, instead of passing on in strait Lines, are bent inwards, and conducted to our Sight. Their natural Course is

over-ruled, and they are bidden to wheel about; on purpose to favour Us with a welcome and salutary Visit.—By which Means, the Blessing of Light, and the Season of Business, are considerably prolonged: And, what is a very endearing Circumstance, prolonged most considerably, when the vehement Heats of Summer incline the STUDENT to postpone his Walk till the temperate Evening prevails; when the important Labours of the Harvest call the HUSBANDMAN abroad before the Day is fully risen.

AFTER all the Ardors of the sultry Day, how reviving is this COOLNESS!—This gives new Verdure to the fading Plants; new Vivacity to the withering Flowers; and a more exquisite Fragrance to their mingled Scents.—By this, the AIR also receives a new Force, and is qualified to exert itself with greater Activity: qualified to brace our Limbs; to heave our Lungs; and co-operate, with a brisker Impulse, in perpetuating the Circulation of our Blood.—This I might call the grand ALEMBIC of Nature; which distils her most sovereign COR-DIAL, the refreshing DEWS. Incessant Heat would rob Us of their beneficial Agency; and oblige them to evaporate in imperceptible Exhalations. Turbu-

lent Winds; or even the gentler Motions of AURORA's Fan, would dissipate the rising Vapours, and not suffer them to form a Coalition: but, favoured by the Stilness, and condensed by the Coolness of the Night, they unite in pearly Drops, and create that FINELY-TEMPERED Humidity, which cheers the vegetable World, as Sleep exhilarates the animal.

NOT unlike to these are the Advantages of SOLITUDE. The World is a troubled Ocean; and who can erect stable Purposes on it's fluctuating Waves? The World is a School of Wrong; and who does not feel himself warping to it's pernicious Influences¹⁰? On this Sea of Glass¹¹, how insensibly we slide from our own Stedfastness! Some sacred TRUTH, which was struck in lively Characters on our Souls, is obscured, if not obliterated. Some worthy RESOLUTION, which Heaven had wrought in our Breast, is shaken, if not overthrown. Some enticing VANITY, which we had solemnly renounced, again practises it's Wiles, and again captivates our Affections. How often has an unwary Glance kindled a Fever of irregular Desire in our Hearts? How often has a Word of Applause dropt luscious Poison into our Ears, or some disrespectful Expres-

sion raised a Gust of Passion in our Bosoms? Our Innocence is of so TENDER a Constitution, that it suffers in the promiscuous Crowd: our Purity is of so DELICATE a Complexion, that it scarce touches on the World without contracting a Stain. We see, we hear, with Peril.

BUT here SAFETY dwells: every meddling and intrusive Avocation is secluded. Silence holds the Door against the Strife of Tongues, and all the Impertinences of idle Conversation. The busy Swarm of vain Images, and cajoling Temptations, which beset us, with a buzzing Importunity, amidst the Gaieties of Life, are chased by these thickening Shades.—Here I may, without Disturbance, commune with my own Heart; and learn that best of Sciences, to KNOW MYSELF. Here, the Soul may rally her dissipated Powers, and Grace recover it's native Energy.—This is the Opportunity to rectify every evil Impression; to expel the Poison, and guard against the Contagion, of corrupting Examples. This is the Place, where I may, with Advantage, apply myself to subdue the REBEL WITHIN; and be Master, not of a Sceptre, but of myself.—Throng then, ye Ambitious, the Levees of the Powerful; I will be punctual in my Assignations

with Solitude. To a Mind intent upon it's own Improvement, Solitude has Charms incomparably more engaging than the ENTERTAINMENTS presented in the Theatre, or the HONOURS conferred in the Drawing-room.

I SAID, Solitude.—Am I then ALONE?—'Tis true, my Acquaintance are at a Distance: I have stole away from Company, and am remote from all HUMAN Observation.—But that is an alarming Thought:

Millions of SPIRITUAL Creatures walk the Earth,

UNSEEN, both when we wake, and when we sleep¹².

PERHAPS there may be Numbers of those INVISIBLE BEINGS patrolling this same Retreat, and joining with me in contemplating the Creator's Works. Perhaps those MINISTRING SPIRITS, who rejoice at the Conversion of a Sinner, and hold up the Goings of the Righteous, may follow us to the lonely Recess; and, even in our most solitary Moments, be our constant ATTENDANTS.—What a pleasing Awe is awakened by such a Reflection! How venerable it renders my retired Walks! I am struck with Reverence, as under the Roof of some SACRED EDIFICE, or in the PRESENCE-CHAMBER of some

mighty Monarch.—O! may I never bring any Pride of Imagination, nor indulge the least dissolute Affection, where such refined and exalted Intelligences exercise their Watch!

'Tis possible, that I am encompassed with such a Cloud of Witnesses; but it is certain, that God, the INFINITE ETERNAL GOD, is now and ever with me. The great JEHOVAH, before whom all the angelic Armies bow their Heads, and veil their Faces, surrounds me; supports me; pervades me. "In HIM I live, move, and have my Being."—The whole World is his august Temple; and, in the most sequestered Corner, I appear before his adorable Majesty, no less than when I worship in his House, or kneel at his Altar. In every Place, therefore, let me pay him the Homage of a Heart, cleansed from Idols, and devoted to his Service: in every Circumstance, let me feel no AMBITION, but to PLEASE Him; nor covet any HAPPINESS, but to ENJOY Him.

How sublime is the Description, and how striking the Sentiment, in that noble Passage of the Psalms! *Whither shall I go from thy Spirit, or whither shall I flee from thy Presence? If I climb up into the*

Heights of *Heaven*, *Thou art there* enthroned in Light; if I go down to the Depths of the *Grave*, *Thou art there also* in thy Pavilion of Darkness. If I retire to the remotest Eastern Climes, *where the Morning first takes Wing*: if, swifter than the darting Ray, I pass to the opposite Regions of the West, and remain in the uttermost Parts of the Sea¹³: shall I, in THAT distant Situation, be beyond thy Reach; or, by THIS sudden Transition, escape thy Notice? So far from it; that could I, with one Glance of Thought, transport myself beyond all the Bounds of Creation; I should still be incircled with the Immensity of thy Essence; or, rather, still be inclosed in the Hollow of thy Hand.—Awful, yet delightful Truth! Let it be interwoven with every Thought! and become one with the very Consciousness of my Existence! that I may continually *walk with GOD*; and conduct myself, in every Step of my Behaviour, “as seeing *HIM that is invisible*.”

THEY are the happy Persons; Felicity, true Felicity, is ALL THEIR OWN, who live under an habitual Sense of GOD's Omnipresence, and a sweet Persuasion of his special Love. If Dangers threaten, their impregnable Defence is at hand. Nothing can

be so near to terrify, as their Almighty Guardian to secure them.—To these, the Hours can never be **TEDIOUS**; and it is impossible, for them, to be **ALONE**. Do they step aside from the Occupations of animal Life? A more exalted Set of Employments engage their Attention. They address themselves, in all the various Acts of Devotion, to their heavenly Father; *who now sees in secret, and will hereafter reward them openly*. They spread all their Wants before his indulgent Eye, and disburden all their Sorrows into his compassionate Bosom.—Do they withdraw from human Society? They find themselves under the more immediate Regards of their Maker. If they resign the Satisfactions of social Intercourse; it is to cultivate a Correspondence with the condescending **DEITY**, and taste the Pleasures of Divine Friendship.—What is such a **STATE**, but the very Suburbs of Heaven? What is such a **CONDUCT**, but an Antepast of eternal Blessedness?

Now, my Soul, the Day is **ENDED**. The Hours are all fled. They are fled to the supreme Judge, and have given in their Evidence: an Evidence, registered in Heaven! and to be produced at the great Audit.—Happy **THEY**! whose Improvement

has kept pace with the fleeting Minutes: who have seized the important Fugitives; and engaged them in the Pursuit of WISDOM, or devoted them to the Service of VIRTUE.

FUGITIVES indeed they are. Our Moments slip away silently and insensibly. The Thief steals not more unperceived from the pillaged House.—And will the Runagates never stop? No: Wherever we are, however employed, Time pursues his incessant Course. Though we are listless and dilatory; the great Measurer of our Days presses on, still presses on, in his unwearied Career¹⁴; and whirls our Weeks, and Months, and Years, away.—Is it not then surprisingly strange, to hear People complain of the TEDIOUSNESS of their Time, and how HEAVY it hangs upon their Hands? To see them contrive a Variety of amusing Artifices, to accelerate it's Flight, and get rid of it's Burden?—Ah! thoughtless Mortals! why need you urge the headlong Torrent? Your Days are swifter than a Post; which, carrying Dispatches of the last Importance, with unremitted Speed scours the Road. They pass away like the nimble SHIPS; which have the Wind in their Wings, and skim along the watry Plain. They hasten to their destined Period with the Rapidity

of an EAGLE ; which leaves the stormy Blast behind her, while she cleaves the Air, and darts upon her Prey¹⁵.

Now the Day is gone, how SHORT it appears ! When my fond Eye beheld it in PERSPECTIVE, it seemed a very considerable Space. Minutes crowded upon Minutes, and Hours ranged behind Hours, exhibited an extensive Draught, and flattered me with a long Progression of Pleasures. But, upon a RETROSPECTIVE View, how wonderfully is the Scene altered ! The Landscape, large and spacious, which a warm Fancy drew ; brought to the Test of cool Experience, shrinks into a Span. Just as the Shores vanish, and Mountains dwindle to a Spot ; when the Sailor, surrounded by Skies and Ocean, throws his last Look on his native Land.—How clearly do I now discover the Cheat ! May it never impose upon my unwary Imagination again ! I find there is nothing abiding on this Side Eternity. A LONG Duration, in a State of FINITE Existence, is mere Illusion.

PERHAPS, the HEALTHY, and the GAY, may not readily credit the serious Truth ; especially from a young Pen, and new to it's Employ. Let us then

refer ourselves to the Decision of the ANCIENT : ask some venerable old Person, who is just marching off the mortal Stage, *How many have been the Days of the Years of thy Life*¹⁶ ? It was a Monarch's Question ; and therefore can want no Recommendation to the fashionable World.—Observe, how he shakes his hoary Locks, and from a deep-felt Conviction replies ; “ FOURSORE YEARS have finished
“ their Rounds, to furrow these Cheeks, and clothe
“ this Head in Snow. Such a Term may seem long
“ and large, to inconsiderate Youth. But, O ! how
“ short, how scanty, to one that has made the Experiment ! SHORT as a Gleam of transient Sunshine ; SCANTY as the Shadow that departeth.
“ Methinks, it was but Yesterday, that I exchanged
“ my childish Sports for manly Exercises ; and now
“ I am resigning them both, for the Sleep of Death.
“ As soon as we are BORN, we begin to draw to
“ our END ; and how small is the Interval, between
“ the Cradle and the Tomb ! ”—O ! may we believe this Testimony of mature Age ! May every Evening bring it, with clearer Evidence, to our Minds ! And may we form such an Estimate of the little Pittance, while it is upon the advancing Hand, as we shall certainly make, when the Sands are all run down !

LET me add one Reflection on the WORK to be DONE, while this Shuttle is flying through the Loom¹⁷. A Work of no small Difficulty, yet of the utmost Consequence!—Hast thou not seen, hast thou not known, the Excellent of the Earth; who were living Images of their Maker? His DIVINE LIKENESS was transfused into their Hearts, and beamed forth in all their Conduct: beamed forth in Meekness of Wisdom, and Purity of Affection; in all the tender Offices of Love, and all the noble Efforts of Zeal. To be stampt with the same beautiful Signature, and to be Followers of them, as they were of CHRIST; THIS, THIS is thy BUSINESS. On the Accomplishment of this, thy eternal All depends. And, will an Affair of such unspeakable Weight admit of a Moment's Delay, or consist with the least Remissness?—Especially, since much of thy appointed Time is already elapsed; and the Remainder is ALL UNCERTAINTY, save only that it is in the very Act to fly.—Or, suppose thou hadst made a Covenant with the Grave, and wast assured of reaching the Age of METHUSELAH; how soon would even such a Lease expire! Extend it, if you please, still farther; and let it be CO-EXISTENT with Nature itself. How inconsiderable is the Ad-

dition! For, yet a very little while, and the commissioned Archangel lifts up his Hand to Heaven, and swears by the Almighty Name, *That Time shall be no longer*¹⁸. Then, ABUSED Opportunities will never return; and NEW Opportunities will never more be offered. Then, should negligent Mortals wish—wish ever so passionately—for a few Hours—a few Moments only—to be thrown back from the opening Eternity, THOUSANDS of Worlds would not be able to procure the Grant.

SHALL I, now, be industrious to shorten, what is no longer than a Span; or to quicken the Pace of what is ever on the Wing? Shall I squander away what is UNUTTERABLY IMPORTANT, while it lasts; and, when once departed, is ALTOGETHER IRREVOCABLE? O! my Soul! forbear the Folly; forbear the desperate Extravagance. Wilt thou chide as a Loiterer the Arrow that boundeth from the String; or sweep away Diamonds, as the Refuse of thy House?—Throw Time away! Astonishing, ruinous, irreparable Profuseness! Throw Empires away, and be blameless: but, O! be parsimonious of thy Days; husband thy precious Hours. They go connected, indissolubly connected, with Heaven

or Hell¹⁹. IMPROVED, they are a sure Pledge of everlasting Glory; WASTED, they are a sad Preface to never-ending Confusion and Anguish.

WHAT A PROFOUND SILENCE has composed the World! So profound is the Silence, that my very Breath seems a Noise; the Ticking of my Watch is distinctly heard: if I do but stir, it creates a Disturbance.—There is, now, none of that confused Din from the tumultuous City; no Voice of jovial Rustics from the neighbouring Meadow; no chirping Melody from the shady Thicket.—Every Lip is sealed. Not the least Whisper invades the Air; nor the least Motion rustles among the Boughs: ECHO herself sleeps unmolested. The expanded Ear, though all Attention, catches no Sound, but the liquid Lapse of a distant murmuring Stream.

“All Things are hush’d, as Nature’s Self lay dead.”

IF, in the Midst of this deep and universal Composure, ten thousand bellowing Thunders should burst over my Head, and rend the Skies with their united Vollies; how should I bear so UNEXPECTED A SHOCK? It would stun my Senses, and confound my Thoughts. I should shudder in every Limb;

perhaps, sink to the Earth with Terror.—Consider then, O Mortals! consider the much more PRODIGIOUS and AMAZING Call, which will, ere long, alarm your sleeping Bones. When the Tenants of the Tomb have slumbered, in the most undisturbed Repose, for a Multitude of Ages; what an inconceivable Consternation must the SHOUT of the ARCHANGEL, and the TRUMP of GOD, occasion! Will it not wound the Ear of the Ungodly; and affright, even to Distraction, the impenitent Sinner? The stupendous Peal will sound through the Vast of Heaven; will shake the Foundations of Nature; and pierce even the deepest Recesses of the Grave. And how—O! how will the Prisoners of Divine Justice be able to endure that tremendous SUMMONS to a far more tremendous Tribunal?—Do thou, my Soul, listen to the STILL VOICE of the Gospel. Attend, in this thy Day, to the gracious Invitations of thy Saviour. Then shall that great midnight Cry lose it's HORROR, and be MUSIC in thy Ears. It shall be welcome to thy reviving Clay, as the Tidings of Liberty to the Dungeon Captive; as the Year of Jubilee to the harassed Slave. This, this shall be it's charming Import; “*Awake, and sing, ye that dwell in Dust*”.

WHAT a general CESSATION of AFFAIRS has this dusky Hour introduced! A little while ago, all was Hurry, Hurry. Life and Activity exerted themselves in a thousand busy Forms. The City swarmed with passing and repassing Multitudes. All the Country was Sweat and Dust. The Air floated in perpetual Agitation, by the flitting Birds, and humming Bees. ART sat prying with her piercing Eyes; while INDUSTRY plied her restless Hands.—But see; how all this fervent and impetuous Bustle is fled with the setting Sun. The Beasts are slunk to their grassy Couch; and the winged People are retired to their downy Nests. The Hammer has resigned it's sounding Task; and the File ceases to repeat it's flying Touches. Shut is the well-frequented Shop, and it's Threshold no longer worn by the Feet of numerous Customers. The Village-Swain lies drowned in Slumbers; and even his trusty Dog, who for a considerable Time stood Centry at the Door, is extended at his Ease, and snores with his Master.—In every Place TOIL reclines her Head, and APPLICATION folds her Arms. All Interests seem to be forgot; all Pursuits are suspended; all Employment is sunk away; sunk away with those fluttering Myriads, which lately sported in the Sun's departing Rays.—'Tis

like the Sabbath of universal Nature ; or as though the Pulse of Life stood still.

THUS will it be with our infinitely momentous Concerns, when once *the Shadows of the Evening* (that long Evening which follows the Footsteps of Death!) *are stretched over us*. The Dead cannot seek unto GOD ; the Living, the Living alone, are possessed of this inestimable Opportunity²¹. “ There “ is no Work or Device, no Repentance or Amend- “ ment, in the Grave²², whither we are all hasting.” When once that CLOSING SCENE is advanced, we shall have no other Part to act on this EARTHLY THEATRE. Then, the Sluggard, who has slumbered away Life in a criminal Inactivity, must lie down in hopeless Distress, and everlasting Sorrow. Then, that awful Doom will take place, “ He that “ is HOLY, let him be holy still ; and he that is “ FILTHY, let him be filthy for ever.”

Is it so, my Soul? Is this the ONLY, ONLY Time allotted, for obtaining the great Reward, and making thy Salvation sure? And art thou lulled in a VAIN SECURITY, or dreaming in a SUPINE INADVERTENCY? Start, O! start from thy Trance. Gird up the Loins of thy Mind, and work while it is

Day. Improve the present Seed-time, that Eternity may yield a joyful Harvest.—We especially, who are Watchmen in ISRAEL, and Ministers of the glorious Gospel; may WE be awakened, by this Consideration, to all Assiduity in our holy Office. Some or other of OUR PEOPLE are ever and anon departing into the invisible State; all OUR FRIENDS are making incessant Approaches to their long Home; and we OURSELVES shall very shortly be transmitted to the Confinement of the Tomb. THIS is the favourable Juncture, wherein alone we can contribute to their endless Welfare. This is the Crisis, the all-important CRISIS, of their final Felicity. Instantly, therefore, let us pour in our wholesome Instructions; instantly let us ply them with our earnest Exhortations. A Moment's Delay may be an irreparable Loss, may be irretrievable Ruin. While we procrastinate, a fatal Stroke may intervene; and place US beyond the Power of administering, or place THEM beyond all Possibility of receiving any spiritual Good²³.

How frequently is the Face of Nature CHANGED! and, by changing, made more AGREEABLE!—The long-continued Glitter of the Day renders the soothing Shades of the Evening doubly welcome. Nor

does the Morn ever purple the East with so engaging a Lustre, as after the Gloom of a dark and dismal Night.—At present, a CALM of Tranquillity is spread through the Universe. The weary Winds have forgot to blow. The gentle Gales have fanned themselves asleep. Not so much as a single Leaf nods. Even the quivering Aspin rests. “And
“not one Breath curls o’er the Stream.”—Sometimes, on the contrary, the TEMPEST summons all the Forces of the Air; and pours itself, with resistless Fury, from the angry North. The whole Atmosphere is tossed into tumultuous Confusion, and the watry World is heaved to the Clouds. The astonished Mariner, and his straining Vessel, now scale the rolling Mountain, and hang dreadfully visible on the broken Surge; now shoot, with headlong Impetuosity, into the yawning Gulph; and neither Hulk, nor Mast, is seen. The Storm sweeps over the Continent; raves along the City-streets; struggles through the Forest-boughs; and terrifies the savage Nations with a Howl more wildly horrid than their own. The knotty Oaks bend before the Blast; their iron Trunks groan; and their stubborn Limbs are dashed to the Ground. The lofty Dome rocks; and even the solid Tower totters on it’s Basis.

SUCH Variations are kindly contrived, and with an evident Condescension to the Fickleness of our Taste. Because a perpetual Repetition of the SAME Objects would create Satiety and DISGUST; therefore the indulgent Father of our Race has diversified the universal Scene, and bid every Appearance bring with it the Charm of Novelty.—This Circumstance is BENEFICIAL, as well as ENTERTAINING. Providence, ever gracious to Mortals, ever intent upon promoting our Felicity, has taken Care to mingle, in the Constitution of Things, what is pleasing to our Imagination, with what is serviceable to our Interests. The piercing Winds and rugged Aspect of Winter, render the balmy Gales and flowery Scenes of Spring peculiarly delightful. At the same Time, the keen Frosts mellow the Soil, and prepare it for the Hand of Industry. The rushing Rains impregnate the Glebe, and fit it to become a Magazine of Plenty. The Earth is a great LABORATORY; and DECEMBER'S Cold collects the gross Materials, which are SUBLIMATED by the refining Warmth of MAY. The Air is a pure elastic Fluid; and were it always to remain in THIS motionless Serenity, it would lose much of it's active Spring; was it never agitated by THOSE wholesome Concussions, it would contract a noi-

some, perhaps a pestilential Taint. In which Cases, our Respiration, instead of purifying, would corrupt the vital Juices; instead of supplying us with Refreshment, would be a Source of Diseases; or every Gasp we draw might be unavoidable Death²⁴.—How then should we admire, how should we adore, that happy Union of Benignity and Wisdom; which, from a VARIETY of Dispensations, produces an UNIFORMITY of Good! produces a perpetual Succession of Delights, and an uninterrupted Series of Advantages!

THE DARKNESS is now at it's Height; and I cannot but admire the obliging Manner of it's taking place. It comes not with a blunt and abrupt Incivility, but makes gentle and respectful Advances. A PRECIPITATE Transition, from the Splendors of Day, to all the Horrors of Midnight, would be inconvenient and frightful. It would bewilder the Traveller in his Journey; it would strike the Creation with Amazement; and, perhaps, be pernicious to the Organs of Sight: therefore the Gloom rushes not upon us instantaneously, but increases by slow Degrees; and, sending TWILIGHT before as it's HARBINGER, decently advertises us of it's Approach. By this means, we are neither alarmed, nor incom-

moded, by the Change; but are able to take all suitable and timely Measures for it's Reception.— Thus graciously has Providence regulated, not only the GRAND VICISSITUDES of the Seasons, but also the COMMON INTERCHANGES of Light and Darkness, with an apparent Reference to our Comfort.

Now the fierce INHABITANTS of the FOREST forsake their Dens. A thousand grim Forms, a thousand growling Monsters, pace the Desert. Death is in their Jaws, while stung with Hunger, and athirst for Blood, they roam their nightly Rounds.—Unfortunate the TRAVELLER, who is overtaken by the Night in those dismal Wilds! How must he stand aghast, at the mingled Yell of ravenous Throats, and Lions roaring after their Prey! Defend him, propitious Heaven! or else he must see his endearing Spouse, and hail his native Home, no more!—Now the prowling Wolf, like a murderous Ruffian, dogs the Shepherd's Footsteps, and besets his bleating Charge: the Fox, like a crafty Felon, steals to the thatched Cottage, and carries off the feathered Booty.

HAPPY for the World, were these the only Destroyers that walk in Darkness. But, alas! there are

Savages in human Shape ; who, muffled in Shades, infest the Abodes of civilized Life. The SONS of VIOLENCE make choice of this Season²⁵ to perpetrate the most outrageous Acts of Wrong and Robbery. The ADULTERER waiteth for the Twilight ; and, baser than the Villain on the Highway, betrays the Honour of his Bosom-Friend. Now FACTION forms her close Cabals, and whispers her traiterous Insinuations. Now REBELLION plans her accursed Plots, and prepares the Train to blow a Nation into Ruin. Now Crimes, which hide their odious Heads in the Day, haunt the Seats of Society, and stalk through the Gloom with audacious Front. Now the VERMIN of the STEWS crawl from their Lurking-holes, to wallow in Sin, and spread Contagion through the Night. Each soothing himself with the fond Notion, That all is safe ; That no Eye sees.

ARE They then concealed ? Preposterous Madmen ! To draw the Curtain between their infamous Practices and a little Set of Mortals ; but lay them open to all these chaste and WAKEFUL EYES of Heaven²⁶ ! As though the Moon and Stars were made to light Men to their Revels, and not to GOD.—Are They then concealed ? No, truly. Was

every one of these vigilant Luminaries closed ; an Eye KEENER than the Lightning's Flash, an Eye BRIGHTER than ten thousand Suns, beholds their every Motion. Their thickest Shades are beaming Day²⁷ to the jealous Inspector and supreme Judge of human Actions.—Deluded Creatures ! have ye not heard, have ye not read, “ That Clouds and “ Darkness are HIS majestic Residence²⁸ ? ” In that very Gloom, to which you fly for Covert, he erects his Throne. What you reckon your SCREEN, is the Bar of his Tribunal. O ! remember this ! Stand in awe, and sin not. Remember, that the great and terrible GOD *is about your Path*²⁹, when you take your midnight Range ; *is about your Bed*, when you indulge the loose Desire ; *and spies out all your Ways*, be they ever so secretly conducted, or artfully disguised.

SOME Minutes ago, a Passenger crossed along the Road. His Horse's Foot struck the Ground, and fetched Fire from a Flint. My Eye, though at a Distance, caught the View ; and saw, with GREAT CLEARNESS, the transient Sparkles : of which, had I been ever so near, I should not have discerned the LEAST GLIMPSE, under the Blaze of

Day.—So^{3d}, when Sickness has drawn a VEIL over the Gaiety of our Hearts; when Misfortunes have eclipsed the Splendor of our outward Circumstances; how many IMPORTANT CONVICTIONS present themselves, with the brightest Evidence! Under the Sunshine of Prosperity, they lay undiscovered; but, when some intervening Cloud has darkened the Scene, they emerge from their Obscurity, and even glitter upon our Minds. Then, the WORLD, that delusive Cheat, confesses her Emptiness: but JESUS, the bright and Morning-Star, beams forth with inimitable Lustre. Then, VICE loses all her fallacious Allurements; that painted Strumpet is horrible, as the Hags of Hell: but VIRTUE, despised Virtue, gains Loveliness from a louting Providence, and treads the Shades with more than mortal Charms.—May this reconcile me, and all the SONS of SORROW, to our appointed Share of Sufferings! If Tribulation tend to dissipate the inward Darkness, and pour heavenly Day upon our Minds; welcome Distress; welcome Disappointment; welcome whatever our froward Flesh, or peevish Passions, would MISCALL Calamities. *These light Afflictions, which are but for a Moment,* shall sit easy upon our Spirits; since

they befriend our Knowledge ; promote our Faith ; and so “ *work out for us a far more exceeding and eternal Weight of Glory*”³¹.”

How has this Darkness snatched every splendid and graceful Object from my Sight ! It has dashed the Sponge over the Pictures of Spring, and destroyed all the DELICATE DISTINCTIONS of Things. Where are now the fine Tinges, which so lately charmed me from the glowing Parterre ? The Blush is struck out from the Cheeks of the Rose ; and the snowy Hue is dropt from the Lily. I cast my Eyes toward a magnificent Seat ; but the aspiring Columns, and fair expanded Front, are mingled in rude Confusion. Without the Sun, all the Elegance of the blooming World is a MERE BLANK ; all the Symmetry of Architecture is a SHAPELESS HEAP.

Is not this an expressive Emblem of the Loveliness, which the SUN of RIGHTEOUSNESS transfuses into all that is amiable ? Was it not for JESUS, and his Merits, I should sigh with Anguish of Spirit ; even while I rove through Ranks of the most beautiful Flowers, or breathe amidst a Wilderness of Sweets. Was it not for JESUS, and his Merits ; I should roam like some DISCONSOLATE SPECTRE,

even through the Smiles of Creation, and the Carresses of Fortune. My Conversation in this World, though dressed in the most engaging Forms of external Pleasure, would be like the Passage of a CONDEMNED MALEFACTOR, through enamelled Meadows, and Bowers of Bliss, to be broke upon the Wheel, or to expire on the Rack. But a daily Reflection on the LAMB's atoning Blood; a comfortable Trust, that my Soul is reconciled through this divine Expiation; this is the Ray, the golden Ray, which irradiates the Face of the Universe. This is the OIL of BEAUTY, which makes all Things wear a cheerful Aspect; and the OIL of GLADNESS, which disposes the Spectator to behold them with Delight³². This, this is the secret Charm, which teacheth Nature, in all her Prospects and all her Productions, so exquisitely to please.

“MAN goeth forth to his Work, and to his Labour, till the Evening:” But then his Strength fails; his Spirits flag; and he stands in need, not only of some Respite from Toil, but of some kindly and sovereign Refreshments.—What an admirable Provision for this Purpose is SLEEP! Sleep introduces a most welcome Vacation, both for the Soul and Body. The Exercises of the Brain, and the

Labours of the Hand, are at once discontinued: So that the weary Limbs repair their exhausted Vigour; while the PENSIVE Thoughts drop their Load of Sorrows, and the BUSY ones rest from the Fatigue of Application.—Most reviving Cordial! Equally beneficial to our animal and intellectual Powers. It supplies the fleshly Machine, and keeps all it's nice Movements in a proper Posture for easy Play. It animates the thinking Faculties with fresh Alacrity, and rekindles their Ardor for the Studies of the Dawn. Without these enlivening Recruits, how soon would the most robust Constitution be wasted into a WALKING SKELETON; and the most learned Sage degenerate into a HOARY IDIOT!—Some Time ago, I beheld, with Surprise, poor FLORIO: His Air was wild; his Countenance meagre; his Thoughts roving, and Speech disconcerted. Inquiring the Cause of this strange Alteration, I was informed, that, for several Nights, he had not closed his Eyes in Sleep: for want of which NOBLE RESTORATIVE, that sprightly Youth (who was once the Life of the Discourse, and the Darling of the Company) is become a Spectacle of Misery and Horror.

How many of my Fellow-creatures are, at this very Instant, confined to the Bed of Languishing;

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How many of my Fellow-creatures are, at this very Instant, confined to the Bed of Languishing;

and complaining, with that illustrious Sufferer of old, *Wearisome Nights are appointed to me*³³ ! Instead of indulging soft Repose, they are counting the tedious Hours; telling every striking Clock; or measuring the very Moments by their throbbing Pulse. How many, harassed with PAIN, most passionately long to make some little Truce with their Agonies, in peaceful Slumbers! How many, sick with DISQUIETUDE, and restless even on their downy Pillows, would purchase this transient Oblivion of their Woes, almost at any Rate!—That, which Wealth cannot procure, which Multitudes sigh for in vain, thy GOD has bestowed on thee Times out of Number. The WELCOME VISITANT, punctual at the needed Hour, has entered thy Chamber, and poured his Poppies round thy Couch; has gently closed thy Eyelids, and shed his slumberous Dews over all thy Senses.

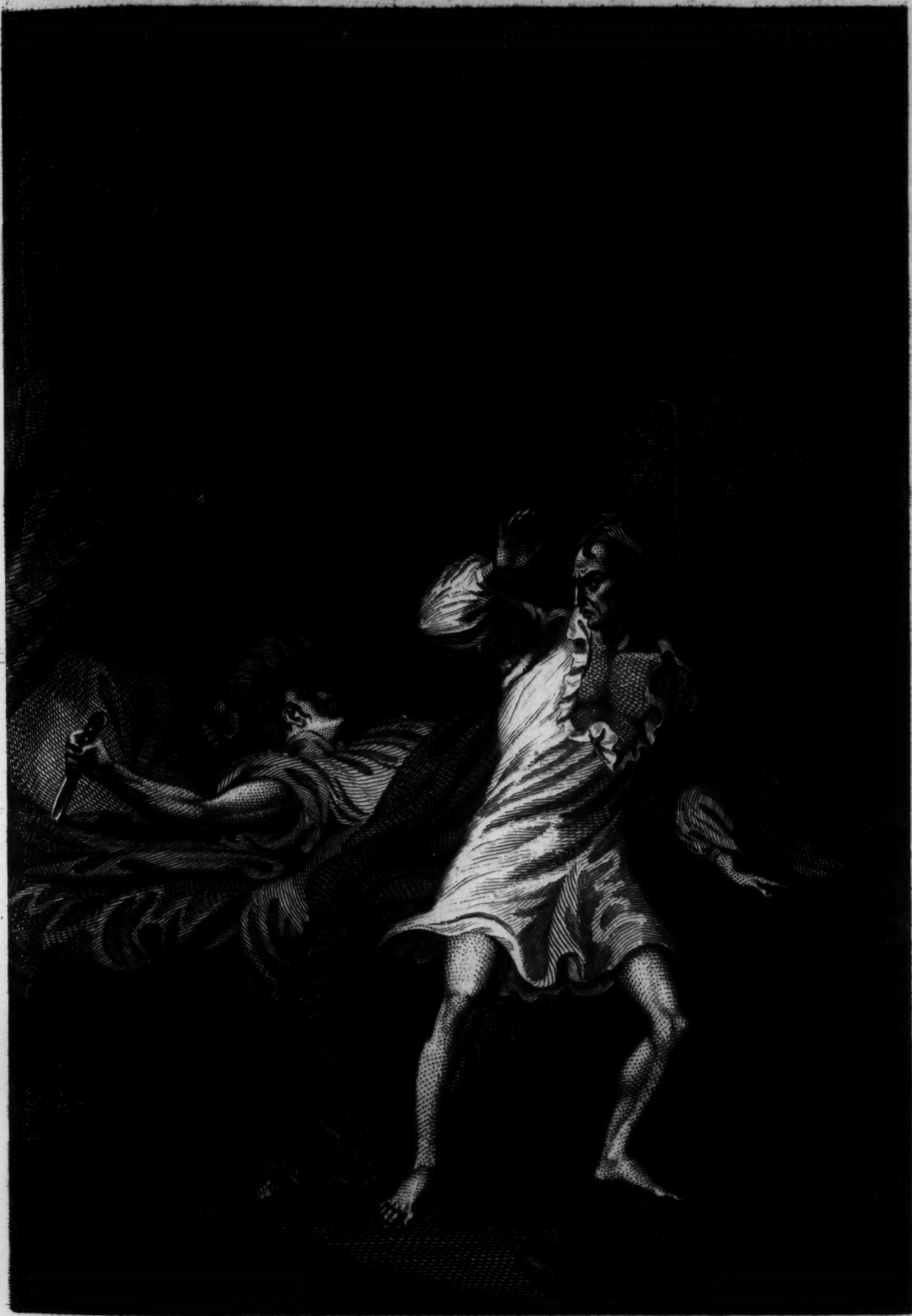
SINCE Sleep is so absolutely necessary; so inestimably valuable; observe, what a FINE APPARATUS Almighty Goodness has made, to accommodate us with the balmy Blessing: with how kind a Precaution He removes whatever might obstruct it's Access, or impede it's Influence!

He draws around us the CURTAIN of DARKNESS; which inclines us to a drowsy Indolence, and conceals every Object that might too strongly agitate the Sense. He conveys PEACE into our APARTMENTS, and imposes Silence on the whole Creation. Every Animal is bidden to tread softly, or rather to cease from it's Motion, when Man is retiring to his Repose.—May we not discern, in this gracious Disposition of Things, the tender Cares of a NURSING-MOTHER; who hushes every Noise, and secludes every Disturbance, when she has laid the Child of her Love to rest? So, by such soothing Circumstances, and gently-working Opiates, *HE giveth to his Beloved, Sleep*³⁴.

ANOTHER signal Instance of a Providence intent upon our Welfare, is, that we are preserved SAFE in the Hours of SLUMBER. How are we then lost to all Apprehension of Danger; even though the Murderer be at our Bed-side, or his naked Sword at our Breast! Destitute of all Concern for ourselves, we are unable to THINK OF, much more to PROVIDE FOR, our own Security. At these Moments, therefore, we lie open to innumerable Perils: Perils from the resistless Rage of Flames; Perils from the insidious Artifices of Thieves, or

the outrageous Violence of Robbers: Perils from the IRREGULAR WORKINGS³⁵ of our own Thoughts; and especially from the Incursions of our spiritual Enemy.

WHAT dreadful Mischief might that restless, that implacable ADVERSARY of MANKIND work, was there not an invisible Hand to controul his Rage, and protect poor Mortals? What Scenes of Horror might he represent to our Imaginations, and “scare us with Dreams, or terrify us with “Visions³⁶!” But the KEEPER of ISRAEL, who never slumbers nor sleeps, interposes in our Behalf; at once to CHERISH us under his Wings, and to DEFEND us as with a Shield. It is said of SOLOMON, “That threescore valiant Men were about “his Bed, all expert in War, every one with his “Sword upon his Thigh, because of Fear in the “Night³⁷.” But One greater than SOLOMON; One mightier than Myriads of armed Hosts; even the great JEHOVAH, in whom is everlasting Strength; He vouchsafes to ENCAMP ABOUT OUR HOUSES; to watch over our sleeping Minutes; and to stop all the Avenues of Ill.—O! the unwearied and condescending Goodness of our Creator! who LULLS us to our REST, by bringing on the silent Shades;



M. Brown & Pinx.

J. Row. Sculp.

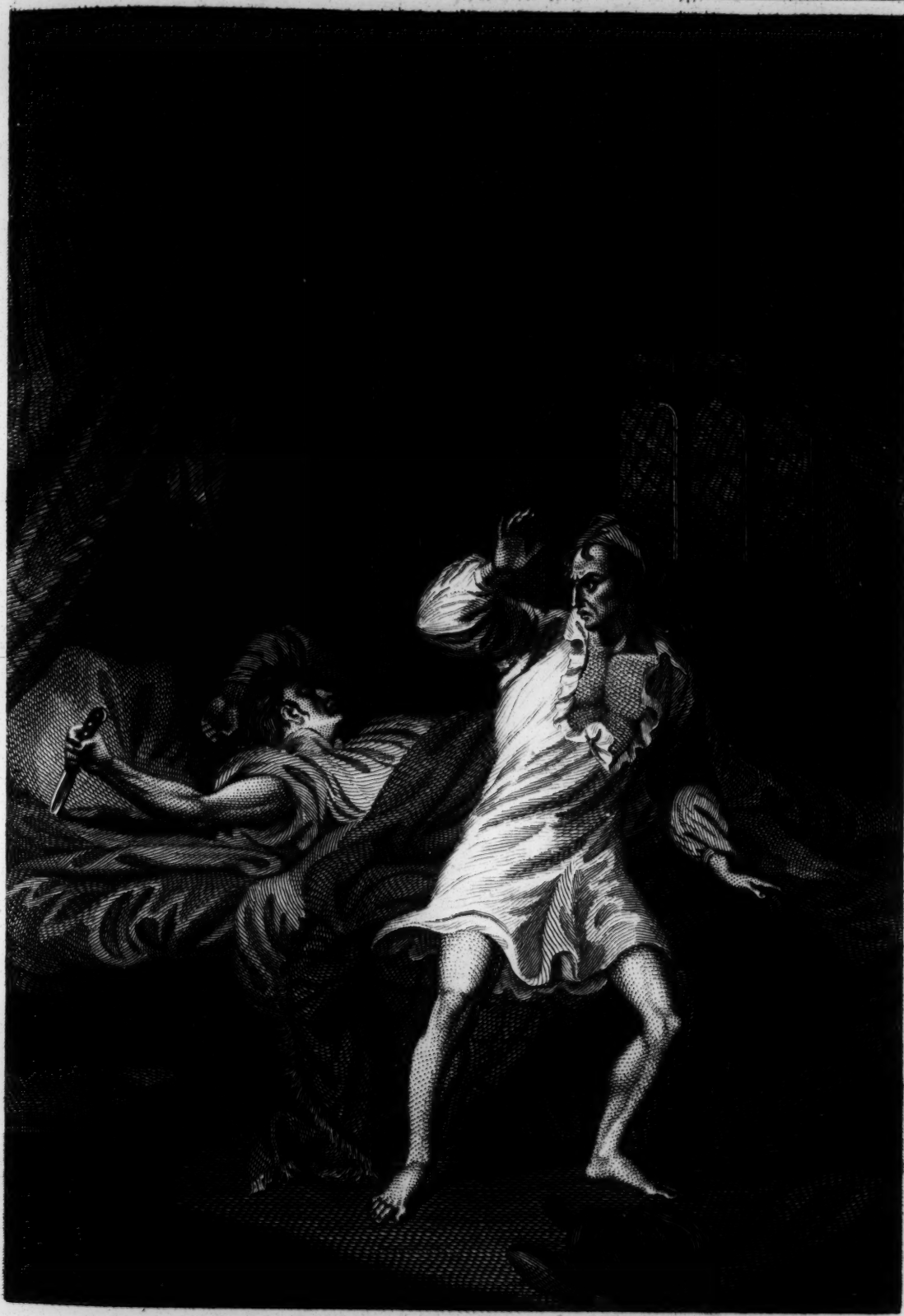
THE SPORTSMAN'S DREAM.

Note 38 on the Night

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and PLANTS his own ever-watchful Eye as our CENTINEL, while we enjoy the needful Repose.

REASON, now, resigns her sedate Office; and FANCY, extravagant Fancy, leads the Mind through a Maze of Vanity. The Head is crowded with false Images, and tantalized with the most ridiculous Misapprehensions of Things. Some are expatiating amidst FAIRY FIELDS, and gathering Garlands of visionary Bliss; while their Bodies are stretched on a Wisp of Straw, and sheltered by the Cobwebs of a Barn. Others, quite insensible of their Rooms of State, are mourning in a doleful DUNGEON, or struggling with the raging Billows. Perhaps, with hasty Steps, they climb the craggy Cliff; and, with real Anxiety, fly from the imaginary Danger: Or else, benumbed with sudden Fear, and finding themselves unable to escape, they give up at once their Hopes and their Efforts; and, though reclined on a Couch of Ivory, are sinking, all helpless and distressed, in the furious Whirlpool: So unaccountable are the VAGARIES of the BRAIN, while Sleep maintains it's Dominion over the Limbs!

BUT is This the only Season when absurd and incoherent Irregularities play their Magic on our

Minds? Are there not those who DREAM, even in their WAKING Moments?—Some pride themselves in a Notion of superior Excellency, because the Royal Favour has annexed a few splendid Titles to their Names; or because the dying Silkworm has bequeathed her finest Threads to cover their Nakedness.—Others congratulate their own signal Happiness, because Loads of golden Lumber are amassed together in their Coffers; or promise themselves a most superlative Felicity indeed, when some Thousands more are added to the useless Heap.—Nor are there wanting others, who gape after SUBSTANTIAL Satisfaction from AIRY Applause; and flatter themselves with (I know not what) Immortality in the momentary Buz of Renown.—Are any of these a Whit more reasonable in their Opinions, than the poor ragged Wretch in his Reveries; who, while snoring under a Hedge, exults in the Possession of his stately Palace, and sumptuous Furniture?—If Persons, who are VERY VASSALS to their own DOMINEERING Passions, and led captive by numberless Temptations: if these Persons pique themselves with a Conceit of their Liberty, and fancy themselves the GENEROUS and GALLANT Spirits of the Age: where is the Difference between theirs and the Madman's Frenzy; who, though chained to the

Floor, is throned in Thought, and wielding an imaginary Sceptre?—In a Word; as many as borrow their Dignity from a Plume of Feathers, or the gaudy Trappings of Fortune; as many as send their Souls to seek for Bliss in the Blandishments of Sense, or in any Thing short of the divine Favour, and a well-grounded Hope of the incorruptible Inheritance³⁸; what are they, but Dreamers with their Eyes open; DELIRIOUS, though in HEALTH?

WOULD you see their Picture, drawn to the very Life; and the Success of their Schemes, calculated with the utmost Exactness; cast your Eye upon that fine Representation, exhibited by the Prophet: *It shall be even as when a hungry Man dreameth; and, behold, he eateth: but he awaketh, and his Soul is empty: Or as when a thirsty Man dreameth; and, behold, he drinketh: but he awaketh; and, behold, he is faint, and his Soul hath Appetite*³⁹. Such is the Race, and such the Prize, of all those Candidates for Honour and Joy, who run wide from the Mark of the high Calling of GOD in CHRIST JESUS. They live in Vanity, and die in Woe.—Awaken us, merciful LORD, from those NOON-TIDE TRANCES! Awaken us, while Conviction may turn to our Advantage, and not serve only to increase our

Torment. O! let our "Eyes be enlightened, to discern the Things that are excellent;" and no longer be imposed upon by fantastic Appearances, which, however POMPOUS they may seem, will prove more EMPTY than the Visions of the Night, more TRANSIENT than the Dream that is forgotten.

HAVING mentioned Sleep and Dreams, let me once again consider those remarkable Incidents of our Frame; so very remarkable, that I may venture to call them, a Kind of experimental MYSTERY, and little less than a standing MIRACLE.—Behold the most VIGOROUS CONSTITUTION, when stretched on the Bed of Ease, and totally resigned to the Slumbers of the Night. It's ACTIVITY is oppressed with Fetters of Indolence; it's Strength is consigned over to a temporary Annihilation; the Nerves are like a Bow unstrung; and the whole animal System is like a motionless Log.—Behold a Person of the most DELICATE SENSATIONS, and AMIABLE DISPOSITIONS: His Eyes, though thrown wide open, admit not the visual Ray; at least, distinguish not Objects. His Ears, with the Organs unimpaired, and articulate Accents beating upon the Drum, perceive not the Sound; at least, apprehend not the Meaning. The Senses, and their exquisitely

fine Feelings, are overwhelmed with an unaccountable Stupefaction. You call him a SOCIAL Creature; but where are his social Affections? He knows not the Father, that begat him; and takes no Notice of the Friend, that is as his own Soul. The Wife of his Bosom may expire by his Side, and He lie more unconcerned than a Barbarian. The Children of his Body may be tortured with the severest Pangs; and He, even in the same Chamber, remain untouched with the least Commiseration.—Behold the most INGENIOUS SCHOLAR; whose Judgment is piercing, and able to trace the most intricate Difficulties of Science; his Taste refined, and quick to relish all the Beauties of Sentiment and Composition: yet, at this Juncture, the thinking Faculties are unhinged, and the intellectual Economy quite disconcerted. Instead of close-connected Reasonings, nothing but a disjointed Huddle of absurd Ideas: instead of well-digested Principles, nothing but a disorderly Jumble of crude Conceptions. The most palpable Delusions impose upon his Imagination. The whole Night passes, and he frequently mistakes it for a single Minute; is not sensible of the Transition, hardly sensible of any Duration.

YET, no sooner does the Morning dawn, and Day-light enter the Room, but this strange Enchantment vanishes. The Man awakes, and finds himself POSSESSED of all the valuable Endowments, which for several Hours were suspended, or lost. His Sinews are braced, and fit for Action. His Senses are alert and keen. The romantic Visionary brightens into the Master of Reason. The frozen or benumbed Affections melt with Tenderness, and glow with Benevolence. And, what is beyond measure surprising, the intoxicated Mind works itself sober, not by SLOW DEGREES; but, in the TWINKLING of an Eye, recovers from it's Perturbation.—Why does not the Stupor, which deadens all the nice Operations of the animal Powers, hold fast it's Possession? When the Thoughts are once disadjusted, why are they not always in Confusion? How is it, that they are rallied in a Moment; and, from the wildest Irregularity, reduced to the most orderly Array?—From an Inactivity, resembling Death; how is the Body so SUDDENLY restored to Vigour and Agility? From Extravagancies, bordering upon Madness; how is the Understanding INSTANTANEOUSLY re-established in Sedateness and Harmony?—Surely, “ this is the

“LORD’S Doing, and it should be marvellous in
“our Eyes:” should awaken our Gratitude, and
inspirit our Praise.

THIS is the Time, in which GHOSTS are supposed to make their Appearance. Now, the TIMOROUS IMAGINATION teems with Phantoms, and creates numberless Terrors to itself. Now dreary Forms, in sullen State, stalk along the Gloom; or, swifter than Lightning, glide across the Shades. Now, Voices more than mortal^{4*} are heard from the echoing Vaults, and Groans issue from the hollow Tombs. Now, melancholy Spectres visit the Ruins of ancient Monasteries, and frequent the solitary Dwellings of the Dead. They pass and repass, in unsubstantial Images, along the forsaken Galleries; or take their determined Stand over some lamented Grave.—How often has the School-boy fetched a long Circuit, and trudged many a needless Step, in order to avoid the haunted Churchyard? Or, if Necessity, sad Necessity, has obliged him to cross the Spot, where HUMAN SKULLS are lodged below, and the BALEFUL YEWS shed supernumerary Horrors above, a thousand hideous Stories rush into his Memory: Fear adds Wings to his Feet; he scarce touches the Ground; dares not

once look behind him; and blesses his good Fortune, if no frightful Sound purred at his Heels, if no ghastly Shape bolted upon his Sight.

'Tis strange to observe the excessive Timidity which possesses many People's Minds on this FANCIFUL OCCASION, while they are void of all Concern on others of the most TREMENDOUS IMPORT. Those who are startled, in any dark and lonely Walk, at the VERY APPREHENSION of a single Spectre, are nevertheless unimpressed at the SURE PROSPECT of entering into a whole World of disembodied Beings: nay, are without any Emotions of Awe, though they know themselves to be hastening into the Presence of the Great, Infinite, and Eternal Spirit.—Should some pale Messenger from the Regions of the Dead draw back our Curtains at the Hour of Midnight; and, appointing some particular Place, say, as the horrid Apparition to BRUTUS, *I'll meet thee there*⁴¹: I believe the boldest Heart would feel something like a Panic; would seriously think upon the Adventure, and be in Pain for the Event. But, when a Voice from Heaven cries, in the awakening Language of the Prophet, *Prepare to meet thy GOD, O ISRAEL*⁴²; how little is the Warning regarded! how soon is it forgot!

Preposterous Stupidity! To be utterly UNCONCERNED, where it is the truest Wisdom to take the Alarm; and to be ALL TREPIDATION, where there is nothing really terrible!—Do thou, my Soul, remember thy Saviour's Admonition; “ *I will fore-*
“ *warn you, whom you shall fear.* Fear not these
“ imaginary Horrors of the Night: but fear that
“ awful Being; whose Revelation of Himself, though
“ with Expressions of peculiar Mercy, made MOSES,
“ his favourite Servant, tremble exceedingly: whose
“ Manifestation, when He appears with Purposes
“ of inexorable Vengeance, will make MIGHTY
“ CONQUERORS, who were familiar with Dan-
“ gers, and estranged to Dismay, call upon the
“ Mountains to fall on them, and the Rocks to
“ cover them. The Menace of whose majestic
“ Eye, when He comes attended with thousand
“ Thousands of his immortal Hosts, will make the
“ very Heavens cleave asunder, and the Earth
“ flee away.—O! dread HIS Displeasure; secure
“ HIS Favour; and then thou mayst commit all thy
“ other Anxieties to the Wind: thou mayst laugh
“ at every other Fear.”

THIS brings to my Mind a memorable and amazing Occurrence, recorded in the Book of JOB ⁴³: which is, I think, no inconsiderable Proof of the

[REAL EXISTENCE of Apparitions⁴⁴, on some VERY EXTRAORDINARY Emergencies ; while it discountenances those Legions of idle Tales, which Superstition has raised, and Credulity received : since it teaches us, that if, at any Time, those Visitants from the unknown World render themselves perceivable by Mortals, it is not upon any Errand of frivolous Consequence ; but, to CONVEY INTELLIGENCIES of the utmost Moment, or to WORK IMPRESSIONS of the highest Advantage.

'Twas in the DEAD OF NIGHT. All Nature lay shrouded in Darkness. Every Creature was buried in Sleep. The most profound Silence reigned through the Universe. In these solemn Moments, ELIPHAZ alone, all wakeful and solitary, was musing upon sublime and heavenly Subjects—When, lo! an awful Being, from the invisible Realms, burst into his Apartment⁴⁵. *A Spirit passed before his Face.* Astonishment seized the Beholder. His Bones shivered within him ; his Flesh trembled all over him ; and the Hair of his Head stood erect with Horror.—Sudden and unexpected was the Appearance of the Phantom ; not such it's Departure. *It stood still*, to present itself more fully to his View. It made a solemn Pause, to prepare his Mind for some momentous Message.—After which, a Voice

was heard: a Voice, for the Importance of it's Meaning, worthy to be had in everlasting Remembrance; for the Solemnity of it's Delivery, enough to alarm a Heart of Stone. It spoke; and this was the Purport of it's Words: "*Shall Man, frail Man, be just before the mighty GOD? Shall even the most accomplished of Mortals be pure in the Sight of his Maker⁴⁶? Behold, and consider it attentively. He put no such Trust in his most exalted Servants, as should bespeak them incapable of Defect. And his very Angels He charged with Folly; as sinking, even in the highest Perfection of their Holiness, infinitely beneath his transcendent Glories; as falling, even in all the Fidelity of their Obedience, inexpressibly short of the Homage due to his adorable Majesty. If angelic Natures must not presume to justify, either themselves, or their Services, before uncreated Purity; how much more absurd is such a Notion, how much more impious such an Attempt, in them that dwell in Houses of Clay; whose Original is from the Dust, and whose State is all Imperfection!*"

I WOULD observe from hence, the very singular Necessity of that POVERTY of SPIRIT which entirely RENOUNCES it's own Attainments, and most

thankfully SUBMITS to the Righteousness of the incarnate GOD.—To inculcate this Lesson, the Son of the Blessed came down from Heaven; and pressed no other Principle with so repeated⁴⁷ an Importunity on his Hearers. To instil the same Doctrine, the HOLY GHOST touched the Lips of the Apostles with sacred Eloquence; and made it an eminent Part of their Commission, “to demolish every high Imagination.” That no Expedient might be wanting, to give it a deep and lasting Efficacy on the human Mind; a Phantom arises from the Valley of the Shadow of Death, or a Teacher descends from the Habitation of Spirits.—Whatever then we neglect, let us not neglect to cultivate THIS GRACE, which has been so variously taught, so powerfully enforced.

HARK! a DOLEFUL VOICE—With sudden Starts, and hideous Screams, it disturbs the Silence of the peaceful Night. 'Tis the SCREECH-OWL, sometimes in frantic, sometimes in disconsolate Accents uttering her Woes⁴⁸. She flies the vocal Grove, and shuns the Society of all the feathered Choir. The blooming Gardens, and flowery Meads, have no Charms for her. Obscene Shades, ragged Ruins, and Walls overgrown with Ivy, are her favourite

Haunts. Above, the mouldering Precipice nods, and threatens a Fall: below, the Toad crawls, or the poisonous Adder hisses. The sprightly Morning, which awakens other Animals into Joy, administers no Pleasure to this gloomy Recluse. Even the smiling Face of Day is her Aversion; and all it's lovely Scenes create nothing but Uneasiness.

So, just so, would it fare with the UNGODLY, were it possible to suppose their Admission into the chaste and bright Abodes of endless Felicity. They would find nothing but Disappointment and Shame, even at the Fountain-head of Happiness and Honour.—For how could the Tongue, habituated to PROFANENESS, taste any Delight in the harmonious Adorations of Heaven? How could the Lips, cankered with SLANDER, relish the Raptures of everlasting Praise? Where would be the Satisfaction of the VAIN Beauty, or the SUPERCILIOUS Grandee? Since, in the Temple of the Skies, no Incense of Flattery would be addressed to the former, nor any obsequious Homage paid to the latter.—The spotless and inconceivable Purity of the blessed GOD would FLASH Confusion on the lascivious Eye. The envious Mind must be on a RACK of self-tormenting PASSIONS, to observe

Millions of happy Beings, shining in all the Perfections of Glory, and solacing themselves in the Fulness of Joy.—In short; the unsanctified Soul, amidst holy and triumphant Spirits, even in the refined Regions of Bliss and Immortality, would be like this melancholy Bird, **DISLODGED** from her darksome Retirement, and **IMPRISONED** under the Beams of Day⁴⁹.

THE Voice of this Creature screaming at our Windows, or of the Raven croaking over our Houses, is, they say, a **TOKEN** of approaching **DEATH**. There are Persons, who would regard such an Incident with no small Degree of Solitude. Trivial as it is, it would damp their Spirits; perhaps, break their Rest.—One cannot but wonder, that People should suffer themselves to be affrighted at such **FANTASTICAL**, and yet be quite unaffected with **REAL**, Presages of their Dissolution. Real Presages of this awful Event address us from every Quarter. What are these **INCUMBENT GLOOMS**, which overwhelm the World, but a Kind of **PALL** provided for Nature; and an Image of that long Night, which will quickly cover the Inhabitants of the whole Earth? What an Affinity has the Sleep⁵⁰, which will very soon weigh

down my drowsy Eye-lids, with that State of entire Cessation, in which all my Senses must be laid aside! The silent Chamber, and the Bed of Slumber, are a very significant Representation of the Land, where all Things are hushed, all Things are forgotten.—What meant that deep DEATH-BELL NOTE, which, the other Evening, saddened the Air? Laden with heaviest Accents, it struck our Ears, and seemed to knock at the Door of our Hearts. Surely, it brought a Message to surviving Mortals, and thus the Tidings ran: “Mortals, the Destroyer of your Race is on his Way. The last Enemy has begun the Pursuit, and is gaining Ground upon you every Moment. His Paths are strewn with Heaps of Slain. Even now, his Javelin has laid one of your Neighbours in the Dust; and will soon, very soon, aim the INEVITABLE BLOW at each of your Lives.”

WE need not go down to the Charnel-house, nor carry our Search into the Repositories of the Dead, in order to find Memorials of our impending Doom. A Multitude of these Remembrancers are planted in all our Paths, and point the heedless Passengers to their long Home. I can hardly enter a considerable Town, but I meet the funeral Pro-

cession, or the Mourners going about the Streets. The HATCHMENT suspended on the Wall, or the CRAPE streaming in the Air, are silent Intimations, that both RICH and POOR have been emptying their Houses, and replenishing their Sepulchres. I can scarce join in any Conversation, but mention is made of some that are given over by the Physician, and hovering on the Confines of Eternity; of others, that have just dropped their Clay amidst weeping Friends, and are gone to appear before the Judge of all the Earth. There's not a NEWS-PAPER comes to my Hands; but, amidst all it's entertaining Narrations, reads several serious LECTURES of MORTALITY. What else are the repeated Accounts—of Age, worn out by slow-consuming Sicknesses—of Youth, dashed to pieces by some sudden Stroke of Casualty—of Patriots, exchanging their Seats in the Senate for a Lodging in the Tomb—of Misers, resigning their Breath, and (O relentless Destiny!) leaving their very Riches for others? Even the Vehicles of our Amusement are Registers of the Deceased; and the Voice of FAME seldom sounds but in Concert with a KNELL.

THESE Monitors crowd every Place; not so much as the Scenes of our Diversion excepted. What

are the Decorations of our public Buildings, and the most elegant Furniture of our Parlours; but the Imagery of Death, and Trophies of the Tomb? That marble Bust, and those gilded Pictures; how solemnly they RECOGNIZE the Fate of others, and speakingly REMIND us of our own!—I see, I hear, and, O! I feel, this great Truth. It is interwoven with my Constitution. The frequent Decays of the Structure foretel it's final Ruin. What are all the Pains, that have been darted through my Limbs; what every Disease, that has assaulted my Health; but the ADVANCED GUARDS of the Foe? What are the Languors and Weariness, that attend the Labours of each revolving Day, but the more SECRET PRACTICES of the Adversary, slowly undermining the earthly Tabernacle?

AMIDST so many Notices, shall we go on thoughtless and unconcerned? Can none of these Prognostics, which are sure as Oracles, awaken our Attention, and engage our Circumspection? *Noah*, 'tis written, *being warned of GOD, prepared an Ark*. Imitate, my Soul, imitate this excellent Example. Admonished by such a Cloud of Witnesses, be continually putting thyself in a Readiness for the last Change. Let not that Day, of which thou hast so

many infallible Signs, come upon thee unawares.—
 Get the IVY UNTWINED, and thy Affections dis-
 entangled from this enchanting World; that thou
 may'st be able to quit it without Reluctance. Get
 the dreadful HAND-WRITING CANCELLED, and all
 thy Sins blotted out; that thou may'st depart in
 Peace, and have nothing to fear at the decisive
 Tribunal. Get, O! get thyself interested in the
 Redeemer's MERITS, and transformed into his sa-
 cred IMAGE; then shalt thou be meet for the Inhe-
 ritage of Saints in Light, and may'st even desire
 to be dissolved, and to be with CHRIST.

SOMETIMES, in my Evening Walk, I have heard

———The wakeful Bird

Sing darkling, and, in shadiest Covert hid,
 Tune her nocturnal Note ⁵¹.

How different the AIRS of this charming Songster,
 from those harsh and boding OUTCRIES! The little
 Creature ran through all the Variations of Music,
 and shewed herself Mistress of every Grace which
 constitutes or embellishes Harmony.—Sometimes,
 she swells a manly Throat, and her Song kindles
 into Ardor. The Tone is so BOLD, and strikes with
 such Energy, you would imagine the sprightly Se-

renader in the very next Thicket. Anon, the Strain LANGUISHES, and the mournful Warbler melts into Tenderness. The melancholy Notes just steal upon the Shades, and faintly touch your Ear; or, in soft and sadly-pleasing Accents, they seem to die along the distant Vale. Silence is pleased, and Night listens to the trilling Tale.

WHAT an Invitation is this, to slip away from the thronged City! This coy and modest Minstrel entertains only the LOVERS of RETIREMENT. Those, who are carousing over their Bowls, or ranting at the riotous Club, lose this Feast of Harmony.—In like Manner, the Pleasures of Religion, and the Joy of Reconciliation with GOD; the satisfactions arising from an established Interest in CHRIST, and from the Prospect of a blissful Immortality; these are all lost to the Mind that is EVER IN THE CROWD; and dares not, or delights not, to retire into itself.—Are we charmed with the Nightingale's Song? Do we wish to have it nearer, and hear it oftener? Let us seek a renewed Heart, and a resigned Will; a Conscience that whispers Peace, and Passions that are tuned by Grace. Then shall we never want a Melody in our

own Breasts, far more MUSICALLY PLEASING than sweet PHILOMELA's sweetest Strains.

As different as the Voices of these Birds are the CIRCUMSTANCES of those few Persons, who continue awake.—Some are squandering, Pearls shall I say, or Kingdoms? No; but what is unspeakably more precious, Time: squandering this inestimable Talent with the most senseless and wanton Prodigality. Not content with allowing a few SPARE MINUTES, for the Purpose of necessary Recreation; they lavish many Hours, devote WHOLE NIGHTS, to that idle Diversion of shuffling, ranging, and detaching, a Set of painted Pasteboards. Others, instead of this busy Trifling, act the Part of their own Tormentors. They even piquet themselves⁵², and call it Amusement; they are torn by wild Horses, yet term it a Sport. What else is the GAMESTER's Practice? His Mind is stretched on the Tenter-hooks of anxious Suspense, and agitated by the fiercest Extremes of Hope and Fear. While the Dice are rattling, his Heart is throbbing; his Fortune is tottering; and, possibly at the very next Throw, the one sinks in the Gulph of Ruin, the other is hurried into the Rage of Distraction.

SOME, snatched from the Bloom of Health, and the Lap of Plenty, are confined to the CHAMBER of SICKNESS: where they are constrained, either to plunge into the everlasting World, in an unprepared Condition; or else (sad Alternative!) to think over all the Follies of a heedless Life, and all the Bitterness of approaching Death. The Disease rages; it baffles the Force of Medicine; and urges the reluctant Wretch to the Brink of the Precipice: while Furies rouse the Conscience, and point at the bottomless Pit below.—Perhaps, his DROOPING MOTHER, deprived long ago of the Husband of her Bosom, and bereft of all her other Offspring; is, even now, receiving the Blow which consummates her Calamities⁵³. In vain, she tries to assuage the Sorrows of a beloved Son; in vain, she attempts, with her tender Offices, to prolong a Life dearer than her own. He faints in her Arms; he bows his Head; he sinks in Death. Fatal, doubly fatal, that last expiring Pang! While it dislodges the unwilling Soul, it rends an ONLY CHILD from the yearning Embraces of a Parent, and tears away the Support of her Age from a disconsolate Widow.

WHILE THOSE long for a Reprieve; OTHERS invite the Stroke. Quite weary of the World, with

a restless Impatience, they sigh for Dissolution. Some, pining away under the tedious Decays of an incurable CONSUMPTION; or gasping for Breath, and almost suffocated, by an Inundation of DROP-SICAL Waters. On some, a relentless CANCER has fastened it's envenomed Teeth; and is gnawing them, though in the Midst of bodily Vigour, in the Midst of pitying Friends, gradually to Death. Others are on a Rack of Agonies, by convulsive Fits of the STONE. O! how the Pain writhes their Limbs; how the Sweat bedews their Flesh; and their Eye-balls wildly roll! Methinks, the Night condole with these her distressed Children, and sheds dewy Tears over their sorrowful Abodes.—But, of all Mortals, THEY are the most exquisitely miserable, who groan beneath the Pressure of a MELANCHOLY Mind, or smart under the Lashes of a RESENTFUL Conscience. Though robed in Ermine, or covered with Jewels; the State of a Slave chained to the Gallies, or of an Exile condemned to the Mines, is a perfect Paradise compared with theirs.

O! THAT the VOTARIES of MIRTH, whose Life is a continued Round of Merriment and Whim, would bestow one serious Reflection on this VARI-

ETY of human WOES! It might teach them to be less enamoured with the few languid Sweets, that are thinly scattered through this Vale of Tears, and environed with such a Multitude of ragged Thorns: it might teach them, no longer to dance away their Years, with a giddy RAMBLING IMPULSE; but to aspire, with a determined Aim, after those happy Regions, where Delights, abundant and unimbittered, flow.

CAN there be Circumstances, which a Man of Wisdom would more earnestly deprecate, than these several Instances of grievous Tribulation? There are; and, what is very astonishing, they are frequently the Desire and the Choice of Those, who fancy themselves the sole Heirs of Happiness: Those, I mean, who are launching out into the Depths of EXTRAVAGANCE, and running excessive Lengths of RIOT: who are prostituting their Reputation, and sacrificing their Peace, to the Gratification of their Lusts; sapping the Foundation of their Health in Debaucheries, or shipwrecking the Interests of their Families in their Bowls: and, what is worse, are forfeiting the Joys of an eternal Heaven, for the SORDID Satisfaction of the Beast; for the TRANSITORY Sensations of an Hour.—Ye

Slaves of Appetite, how far am I from envying your gross Sensualities, and voluptuous Revels! Little, ah! little are you sensible; that while Indulgence showers her Roses, and Luxury diffuses her Odours; they scatter POISONS also, and shed unheeded BANE⁵⁴: Evils, incomparably more malignant than the Wormwood and Gall of the sharpest Affliction.—Since Death is in the Drunkard's Cup; and worse than Poniards in the Harlot's Embrace; may it ever be the Privilege of the Man whom I love, to go without his Share of these PESTILENT SWEETS⁵⁵!

ABUNDANCE of living Sparks glitter in the Lanes, and twinkle under the Hedges. I suppose, they are the GLOW-WORMS; which have lighted their little Lamps, and obtained Leave, through the Absence of the Sun, to play a feeble Beam. A faint Glimmer just serves to render them perceivable; without tending at all to dissipate the Shades, or making any Amends for the departed Day.—Should some weather-beaten Traveller, dropping with Wet, and shivering with Cold, hover round this MIMICRY of FIRE, in order to dry his Garments, and warm his benumbed Limbs; should some bewildered Traveller, groping for his Way, in a starless Night and trackless Desert, take one of these LANGUID TA-

PERS, as a Light to his Feet, and a Lantern to his Paths ; how certainly would both the one, and the other, be frustrated of their Expectation !—And are THEY more likely to succeed, who, neglecting that sovereign Balm, which distilled from the Cross, apply any CARNAL Diversion to heal the Anxiety of the Mind ? Who, deaf to the infallible Decisions of Revelation, resign themselves over to the erroneous CONJECTURES of REASON, in order to find the Way that leadeth unto Life ? Or, lastly, who have recourse to the FROTH of this vain World, for a satisfactory Portion, and a substantial Happiness ? Their Conduct is in no Degree wiser ; their Disappointment equally sure ; and their Miscarriage infinitely more disastrous. To speak in the delicate Language of a sacred Writer, “ they sow the Wind, “ and will reap the Whirlwind⁵⁶.”

To speak more plainly ; the Pleasures of the World, which we are ALL so prone to doat upon ; and the Powers of fallen Reason, which SOME are so apt to idolize⁵⁷ ; are not only vain, but treacherous : Not only a PAINTED FLAME, like these sparkling Animals ; but much like those unctuous Exhalations, which arise from the marshy Ground, and often dance before the Eyes of the benighted

way-faring Man. Kindled into a Sort of Fire, they personate a Guide, and seem to offer their Service; but, blazing with DELUSIVE LIGHT, mislead their Follower into hidden Pits, headlong Precipices, and unfathomable Gulphs: where, far from his beloved Friends, far from all Hopes of Succour, the unhappy Wanderer is swallowed up, and lost.

Not long ago, we observed a very surprising Appearance in the Western Sky. A PRODIGIOUS STAR took it's flaming Route through those Coasts; and trailed, as it passed, a tremendous Length of Fire, almost over half the Heavens. Some, I imagine, viewed the portentous Stranger with much the same anxious Amazement as BELSHAZZAR beheld the Hand-writing upon the Wall. Some looked upon it as a BLOODY⁵⁸ FLAG, hung out by Divine Resentment over a guilty World. Some read, in it's glaring Visage, the Fate of Nations, and the Fall of Kingdoms⁵⁹. To others, it shook, or seemed to shake, PESTILENCE and WAR from it's horrid Hair.—For my Part, I am not so superstitious as to regard what every Astrologer has to prognosticate, upon the Accession of a COMET, or the Projection of it's huge VAPOURY TRAIN. Nothing can be more precarious and unjustifiable, than

to draw such Conclusions from such Events: since they neither are preternatural Effects, nor do they throw the Frame of Things into any Disorder. I would rather adore that omnipotent Being, who rolled those stupendous Orbs from his creating Hand; and leads them, by his providential Eye, through unmeasurable Tracts of *Æther*: Who bids them, now, approach the Sun, and glow with unsufferable Ardors⁶⁰; now retreat to the utmost Bounds of our Planetary System, and make their Entry among other Worlds.

THEY are harmless Visitants: I acquit them from the Charge of causing, or being accessory to, desolating Plagues. Would to GOD there were no other more formidable Indications of APPROACHING JUDGMENTS, OR IMPENDING RUIN! But, alas! when Vice becomes predominant, and Irreligion almost epidemical: when the Sabbaths of a jealous GOD are notoriously profaned; and that "Name, which is "great, wonderful, and holy," is prostituted to the meanest, or abused to the most execrable Purposes: when the Worship of our great Creator and Preserver is banished from many of the most CONSPICUOUS FAMILIES; and it is deemed a Piece of rude Impertinence, so much as to mention the gracious

Redeemer, in our GENTEEL INTERVIEWS: when it passes for an elegant Freedom of Behaviour, to ridicule the Mysteries of Christianity; and a Species of refined Conversation, to taint the Air with lascivious Hints: when those, who sit in the SCORNER'S CHAIR, sin with a high Hand; and many of those, who wear the PROFESSOR'S GARB, are destitute of the Power, and content themselves with the mere Form of Godliness: when such is the State of a Community; there is Reason, too apparent Reason, to be horribly afraid. Such PHENOMENA, abounding in the moral World, are not fanciful, but real Omens. Will not an injured GOD "be avenged on "such a Nation as this?" Will he not be provoked to "sweep it with the Besom of Destruction⁶¹?"

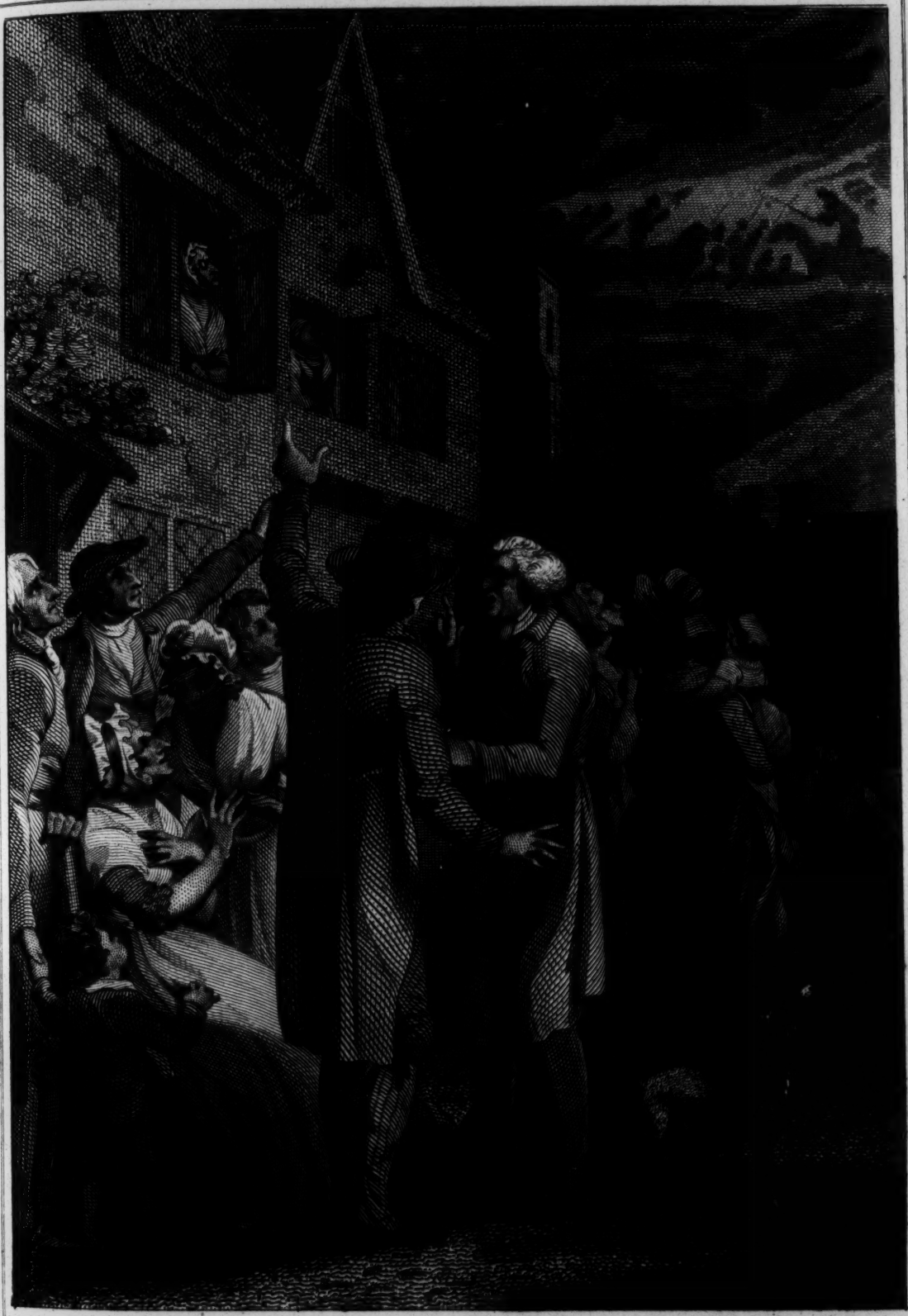
O! THAT the Inhabitants of GREAT BRITAIN would lay these alarming Considerations to Heart! The LORD of Hosts has commanded the Sword of CIVIL DISCORD to return into it's Sheath: but have we returned, every one from his EVIL WAYS? Are we become a renewed People; devoted to a dying Saviour; and zealous of good Works?—What mean those Peals of Sobs, which burst from the EXPIRING CATTLE? What mean those melancholy Moans, where the lusty Drovers were wont to low⁶²? What

mean those Arrows of untimely Death, discharged on our innocent and useful Animals?

No Wantonness or Sloth has vitiated the Blood of these laborious, temperate Creatures. They have contracted no Disease from unseasonable Indulgences, and inordinate Revellings. The pure Stream is their Drink, the simple Herb their Repast. Neither Care disturbs their Sleep, nor Passion inflames their Breast. Whence then are they visited with such terrible Disorders, as no Prudence can prevent, nor any Medicines heal?—Surely, these Calamities are the Weapons of Divine Displeasure, and manifest Chastisements of an evil Generation⁶³. Surely God, the “God to whom Vengeance belongeth,” has still a Controversy with our sinful Land. And who can tell, where the Visitation will end? What a Storm may follow these prelusive Drops?—O! that we may “hear the Rod, and who hath appointed it!” Taught by these PENAL EFFECTS of our Disobedience, may we remove the ACCURSED THING⁶⁴ from our Tents, our Practices, our Hearts! May we turn from all Ungodliness, before Wrath come upon us to the uttermost; before Iniquity prove our Ruin!

SOMETIMES, at this Hour, another most remarkable Sight amuses the Curious, and alarms the Vulgar. A Blaze of lambent Meteors is kindled, or some very extraordinary LIGHTS are refracted, IN THE Quarters of the NORTH.—The Streams of Radiance, like Legions rushing to the Engagement, meet and mingle; insomuch, that the Air seems to be all conflicting Fire. Within a while, they start from one another; and, like Legions in precipitate Flight, sweep, each a separate Way, through the Firmament. Now, they are quiescent; anon, they are thrown into a quivering Motion; presently, the whole Horizon is illuminated with the glancing Flames. Sometimes, with an Aspect AWFULLY LUDICROUS, they represent extravagant and antic Vagaries: at other Times, you would suspect, that some invisible Hand was playing off the dumb ARTILLERY of the SKIES; and, by a strange Expedient, giving us the Flash, without the Roar.

THE Villagers gaze at the Spectacle, first with Wonder, then with Horror. A general PANIC seizes the Country. Every Heart throbs, and every Face is pale. The Crowds that flock together, instead of diminishing, increase the Dread. They



Corbould del.

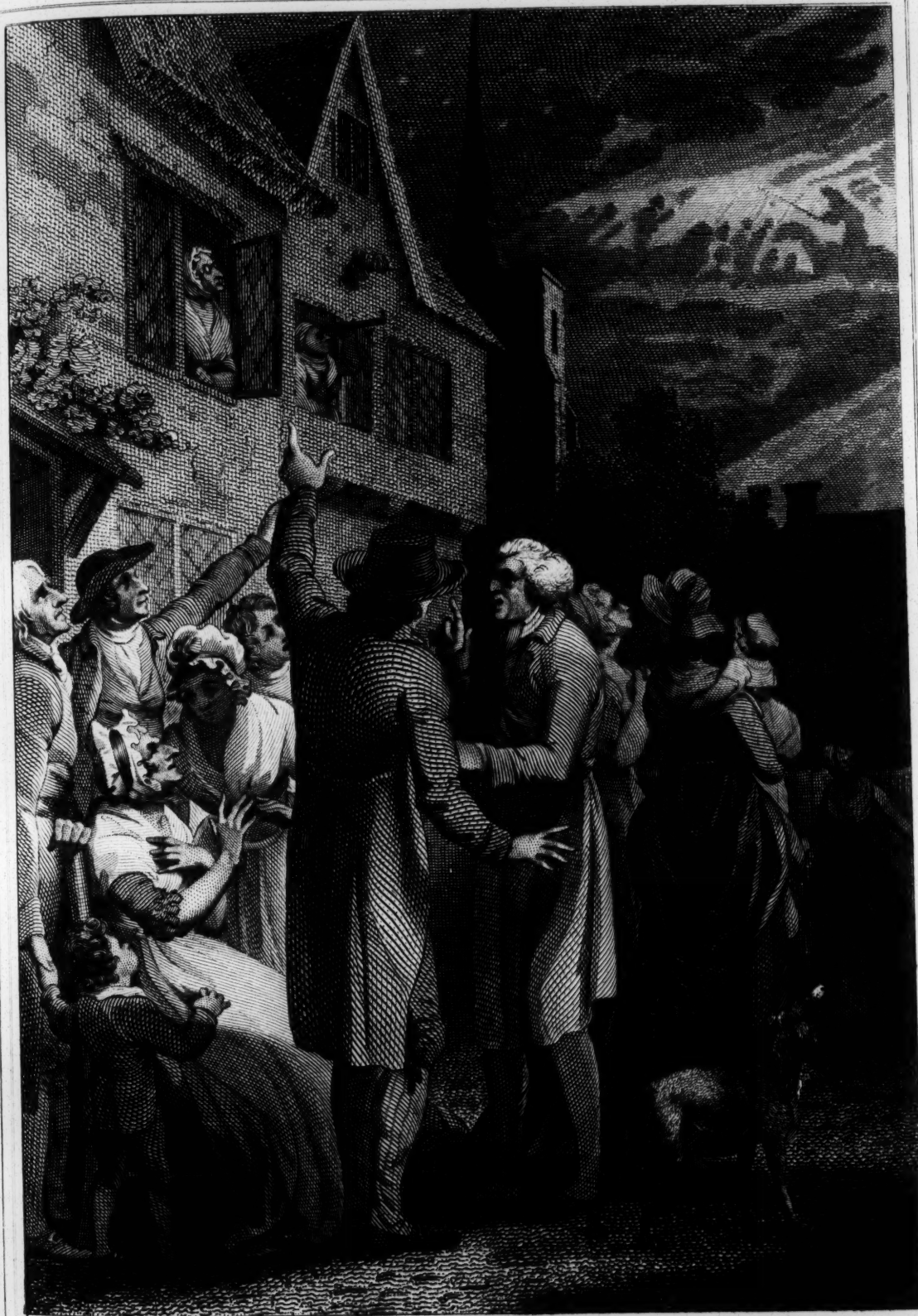
W. Taylor sculp.

LIGHTS in the AIR.

London, Published Dec: 1st 1795, by T. Heptinstall.

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catch Contagion from each other's Looks and Words; while Fear is in every Eye, and every Tongue speaks the Language of Terror. Some see HIDEOUS SHAPES; Armies mixing in fierce Encounter, or Fields swimming with Blood. Some foresee DIREFUL EVENTS; States overthrown, or mighty Monarchs tottering on their Thrones. Others, scared with still more frightful Apprehensions, think of nothing but the DAY of DOOM. "Sure," says one, "the unalterable Hour "is struck, and the End of all Things come."—"See," replies another, "how the blasted Stars look "wan! Are not these the Signs of the Son of Man "coming in the Clouds of Heaven?"—"JESUS pre- "pare us" (cries a third, and lifts his Eyes in Devotion) "for the Archangel's Trump, and the great "Tribunal!"

IF this WAVING BRIGHTNESS, which plays innocently over our Heads, be so amazing to Multitudes; what inexpressible Consternation must overwhelm unthinking Mortals, when the GENERAL CONFLAGRATION commences! The Day, the dreadful Day, is approaching; "*In the which the Heavens shall pass "away with a great Noise⁶³, and the Elements shall "melt with fervent Heat; the Earth also, and all the "Works that are therein, shall be burnt up.*" That

mighty Hand, which once opened the Windows from on high, and broke up the Fountains of the great Deep, will then unlock all the MAGAZINES of FIRE, and pour a SECOND DELUGE upon the Earth. The vengeful Flames, kindled by the Breath of the Almighty, spread themselves from the Centre to the Circumference. Nothing can withstand their Impetuosity; nothing can escape their Rage. Universal Desolation attends their Progress. Magnificent Palaces, and solemn Temples, are laid in Ashes. Spacious Cities, and impregnable Towers, are mingled in one smoking Mass. Not only the Productions of HUMAN ART, but the Works of ALMIGHTY POWER, are Fuel for the devouring Element. The everlasting Mountains melt, like the Snows which cover their Summit. Even vast Oceans serve only to augment the inconceivable Rapidity and Fury of the Blaze.—O! how shall I, or others, stand undismayed amidst the Glare of a BURNING WORLD; unless the LORD JEHOVAH be our Defence? How shall we be upheld in Security, when the Globe itself is sinking in the FIERY RUIN; unless the Rock of Ages be our Support?

BEHOLD! a new Spectacle of Wonder! The MOON is making her Entry on the Eastern Sky.

See her rising in clouded Majesty! opening, as it were, and asserting her original Commission, *to rule over the Night*. All grand and stately, but somewhat sullied is her Aspect. However, she BRIGHTENS as she ADVANCES; and grows clearer, as she climbs higher: till, at length, her Silver loses all it's Dross; she unveils her peerless Light; and becomes "the Beauty of Heaven, the Glory of the Stars⁶⁶;" delighting every Eye, and cheering the whole World, with the Brightness of her Appearance, and the Softness of her Splendors.—O! thou Queen of the Shades! may it be my Ambition to follow this thy instructive Example! While others are fond to transcribe the Fashions of little Courts, and to mimic Personages of inferior State; be it mine, to imitate thy IMPROVING PURITY! May my Conduct become more unblemished, and my Temper more refined, as I proceed farther and farther in my probationary Course! May every sordid Desire wear away, and every irregular Appetite be gradually lost, as I make nearer Approaches to the celestial Mansions!—Will not this be a comfortable Evidence, that I too shall shine in my adored Redeemer's Kingdom? Shine with a RICHER Lustre than that which radiates from thy resplendent Orb; shine with an UNFADING Lustre, when every Ray

that beams from thy beauteous Sphere is totally extinguished?

THE Day afforded us a Variety of entertaining Sights. These were all withdrawn, at the Accession of Darkness. The Stars, kindly officious, immediately lent us their Aid. This served to ALLEVIATE the Frown of Night, rather than to RECOVER the Objects from their Obscurity. A faint Ray, scarcely reflected, and not from the entire Surface of Things, gave the straining Eye a very imperfect Glimpse; such as rather mocked than satisfied Vision.—Now the Moon is risen, and has collected all her Beams, the Veil is taken off from the Countenance of Nature. I see the recumbent Flocks; I see the green Hedge-rows, though without the feathered Choristers, hopping from Spray to Spray. In short, I see once again the World's great Picture; not indeed in it's late lively Colours, but more DELICATELY SHADED, and arrayed in SOFTER CHARMS⁶⁷.

WHAT a MAJESTIC SCENE is here! Incomparably grand, and exquisitely fine!—The Moon, like an immense crystal Lamp, pendent in the magnificent Ceiling of the Heavens: The Stars, like so many

Thousands of golden Tapers, fixed in their azure Sockets: All pouring their Lustre on spacious Cities, and lofty Mountains; glittering on the Ocean; gleaming on the Forest; and opening a Prospect, wide as the Eye can glance, more various than Fancy can paint⁶⁸.—We are forward to admire the Performances of human Art: A Landscape, elegantly designed, and executed with a masterly Hand; a Piece of Statuary, which seems, amidst all the Recommendations of exact Proportion, and graceful Attitude, to soften into Flesh, and almost breathe with Life; these little IMITATIONS of Nature we behold with a pleasing Surprise: And shall we be less affected, less delighted, with the inexpressibly noble and completely finished ORIGINAL!—The ample Dimensions of RANELAGH'S Dome, the gay Illuminations of VAUXHALL Grove, I should scorn to mention on such an Occasion, were they not the Objects of general Admiration. Shall we be charmed with those puny Essays of finite Ingenuity, and touched with no Transport at this stupendous Display of Omnipotent Skill? At the august Grandeur, and shining Stateliness, of the Firmament? which forms an Alcove for ten thousand Worlds, and is ornamented with Myriads of everlasting Luminaries.—Surely, this must betray, not

only a total WANT of RELIGION; but the most abject Littleness of Mind, and the utmost POVERTY of GENIUS.

THE Moon is not barely “an ORNAMENT in the “high Places of the LORD⁶⁹,” but of signal SERVICE to the Inhabitants of the Earth.—How uncomfortable is deep, pitchy, total Darkness! especially in the long Absence of the Winter’s Sun. Welcome, therefore, thrice welcome, this auspicious Gift of Providence; to enliven the nocturnal Gloom, and line with Silver the raven-coloured Mantle of Night!—How desirable to have our Summer Evenings illuminated! that we may be able to tread the dewy Meads, and breathe the delicious Fragrance of our Gardens; especially when the sultry Heats render it irksome and fatiguing to walk abroad by Day.—How cheering to the SHEPHERD, the Use of this universal Lantern; as he tends his fleecy Charge, or late consigns them to their hurdled Cots! How comfortable and how advantageous to the MARINER, as he ploughs the midnight Main; to adjust the Tackling, to explore his Way, and, under the Influence of this beaming Sconce, to avoid the fatal Rock!—For these, and other beneficial Purposes, the Hand of the ALMIGHTY has hung the STATELY

BRANCH on high; and filled it with a Splendor, not confined to a single Edifice, or commensurate to a particular Square, but diffusive as the whole Extent of the Hemisphere.

THE most faithful of our inferior Servants are sometimes tardy in their Office, sometimes negligent of their Duty: but this celestial Attendant is most EXACTLY PUNCTUAL, at all the stated Periods of her Ministration. If we choose to prolong our Journey, after the Sun is gone down; the Moon, during her whole INCREASE, is always ready to act in the Capacity of a Guide. If we are inclined to set out very early in the Morning; the Moon, in her DECREASE, prevents the Dawn, on purpose to offer her Assistance. And, because it is so pleasant a Thing for the Eyes to behold the Light; the Moon, at her FULL, by a Course of unintermitted Waiting, gives us, as it were, a double Day.—How apparently has the Divine Wisdom interested itself in providing even for the PLEASURABLE ACCOMMODATION of Man! How desirous, that he should want no Piece of commodious Furniture; no Kind of delightful Convenience! And, in Prosecution of these benevolent Intentions, has annexed so valuable an Appendage to the terrestrial Globe.—Justly,

therefore, does the Psalmist celebrate that admirable Constitution, which ordained *the Moon and the Stars to govern the Night*, as an Instance of rich Goodness and of Mercy which endureth for ever⁷⁰.

THE Moon, it is confessed, is NO LUMINOUS Body. All the Brightness, which beautifies her Countenance, is originally in the Sun, and no more than transmissively in her. That glorious Orb is the Parent of Day, and the Palace of Light. From thence, the Morning-Star gilds her Horn⁷¹; from thence, the Planetary Circles are crowned with Lustre; and from thence, the Moon derives all her silver Radiance.—It is pleasing to reflect, that such is the Case with the ALL-SUFFICIENT REDEEMER, and his DEPENDENT PEOPLE. We are replenished from his Fulness. What do we possess, which we have not received; and what can we desire, which we may not expect; from that never-failing Source of all Good? He is the Author of our Faith, and the Former of our Graces. In his unspotted Life, we see the Path; in his meritorious Death, the Price; and in his triumphant Resurrection, the Proof of Bliss and Immortality. If we offend, and fall Seven Times a Day; He is the LORD our PEACE⁷². If we are depraved, and

our best Deeds very unworthy; He is the LORD our RIGHTEOUSNESS⁷³. If we are blind, and even brutish, in heavenly Knowledge; He is the LORD our WISDOM⁷⁴. His Word dispels the Shades; his Spirit scatters the intellectual Gloom; his Eye looks our Darkness into Day. In short; we are nothing, and "CHRIST is all." Worse than defective in ourselves, "we are COMPLETE in Him." So that if we shine, it is with delegated Rays, and with borrowed Light. We act by a Strength, and glory in Merits, not our own.—O! may we be thoroughly sensible of our Dependence on the Saviour! May we constantly imbibe his propitious Beams; and never, by indulging UNBELIEF, or backsliding into FOLLY, withdraw our Souls from his benign Influences! Lest we lose our Comfort, and our Holiness; as the fair Ruler of the Night loses her Splendor, when her Urn is turned from it's Fountain⁷⁵, and receives no more Communications of solar Effulgence.

THE Moon is incessantly VARYING, either in her Aspect, or her Stages.—Sometimes, she looks full upon us, and her Visage is all Lustre. Sometimes, she appears in Profile, and shews us only half her enlightened Face. Anon, a radiant Crescent but

just adorns her Brow. Soon, it dwindles into a slender Streak: Till, at length, all her Beauty vanishes, and she becomes a beamless Orb.—Sometimes, she rises with the DESCENDING DAY, and begins her Procession amidst admiring Multitudes. Ere long, she defers her Progress till the MIDNIGHT WATCHES; and steals, unobserved, upon the sleeping World.—Sometimes, she just enters the Edges of the Western HORIZON, and drops us a ceremonious Visit. Within a while, she sets out on her nightly Tour, from the opposite Regions of the East; traverses the whole HEMISPHERE; and never offers to withdraw, till the more refulgent Partner of her Sway renders her Presence unnecessary.—In a Word; she is, while conversant among us, still waxing or waning, and “never continueth in one Stay.”

SUCH is the Moon; and such are all SUBLUNARY THINGS; exposed to perpetual Vicissitudes.—How often, and how soon, have the faint Echoes of RENOWN slept in Silence, or been converted into the Clamours of Obloquy! The same Lips, almost with the same Breath, cry Hosanna, and Crucify.—Have not RICHES confessed their notorious Treachery, a thousand and a thousand Times? Either melting away, like Snow in our Hands, by insensible De-

grees; or escaping, like a winged Prisoner from it's Cage, with a precipitate Flight.—Have we not known the Bridegroom's CLOSET an Antechamber to the TOMB; and heard the Voice, which so lately pronounced the sparkling Pair Husband and Wife, proclaim an everlasting Divorce; and seal the Decree with that solemn Asseveration, “Ashes to Ashes, “Dust to Dust?”—Our FRIENDS, though the Medicine of Life; our HEALTH, though the Balm of Nature; are a most precarious Possession. How soon may the first become a Corpse in our Arms; and how easily is the last destroyed in it's Vigour! —You have seen, no doubt, a Set of pretty PAINTED BIRDS, perching on your Trees, or sporting in your Meadows. You was pleased with the lovely Visitants, that brought Beauty on their Wings, and Melody in their Throats. But could you insure the CONTINUANCE of this agreeable Entertainment? No, truly. At the least disturbing Noise, at the least terrifying Appearance, they start from their Seats; they mount the Skies; and are gone in an Instant, are gone for ever. Would you choose to have a Happiness, which bears Date with their Arrival, and expires at their Departure? If you could not be content with a Portion, enjoyable only through such a FORTUITOUS TERM, not of

Years, but of Moments, O! take up with nothing earthly, set your Affections on Things above; there alone is “no Variableness or Shadow of turning.”

JOB is not a more illustrious Pattern of Patience, than an eminent Exemplification of this Remark.—View him in his PRIVATE ESTATE. He heaps up Silver as the Dust; he washes his Steps in Butter; and the Rock pours him out Rivers of Oil.—View him in his PUBLIC CHARACTER. Princes revere his Dignity; the Aged listen to his Wisdom; every Eye beholds him with Delight; every Tongue loads him with Blessings.—View him in his DOMESTIC CIRCUMSTANCES. On one Hand, he is defended by a Troop of Sons; on the other, adorned with a Train of Daughters; and, on all Sides, surrounded by “a very great Household.”—Never was human Felicity so consummate; never was DISASTROUS REVOLUTION so sudden. The Lightning, which consumed his Cattle, was not more terrible, and scarce more instantaneous. The joyful Parent is bereft of his Offspring, and his “Children are buried in Death.” The Man of Affluence is stript of his Abundance; and he, who was clothed in Scarlet, embraces the Dunghill. The venerable Patriarch is the Derision of Scoundrels; and the

late Darling of an indulgent Providence is become "a Brother to Dragons, a Companion of Owls."—Nor need we go back to former Ages, for Proofs of this afflicting Truth. In our Times, in all Times, the Wheel continues the same incessant Whirl: and frequently those, who are triumphing, To-day, in the highest ELEVATIONS of Joy; To-morrow, are bemoaning the Instability of mortal Affairs, in the very DEPTHS of Misery⁷⁶.—Amidst so much Fluctuation and Uncertainty; how wretched is the Condition, which has no Anchor of the Soul, sure and stedfast. May thy Loving-kindness, O God, be our present Treasure; and thy future Glory, our reversionary Inheritance! Then shall our Happiness, not be like the full-orbed Moon, which is "a Light that DECREASETH in it's Perfection;" but like the Sun, when he goeth forth in his Strength, and knoweth no other Change but that of SHINING MORE and more unto the perfect Day.

METHINKS, in this ever-varying Sphere, I see a Representation, not only of our temporal Advantages, but also of our SPIRITUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS. Such, I am sure, is what the kind Partiality of a Friend would call MY RIGHTEOUSNESS: and such, I am apt to suspect⁷⁷, is the Righteous-

ness of every Man living. Now we exercise it, in some few Instances, in some little Degrees. Anon, Sin revives, and leads our Souls into a transient, though unwilling Captivity. Now we are MEEK; but soon a ruffling Accident intervenes, and turns our Composure into a fretful Disquietude. Now we are HUMBLE; soon we reflect upon some inconsiderable or imaginary Superiority over others, and a sudden Elatement swells our Minds. Now, perhaps, we possess a clean Heart, and are warm with holy Love. But, O! how easily is the Purity of our Affections sullied; how soon the Fervor of our Gratitude cooled! And is there not something amiss, even in our best Moments? Something to be ASHAMED of, in all we ARE; something to be REPENTED of, in all we DO?

WITH what Gladness, therefore, and adoring Thankfulness, should we “submit to the Righteousness of our incarnate GOD;” and RECEIVE, as a Divine Gift, what cannot be ACQUIRED by Human Works⁷⁸! A Writer of the first Distinction, and nicest Discernment, styles the Obedience of our glorious Surety, an EVERLASTING RIGHTEOUSNESS⁷⁹: such as was subject to no Interruption, nor obscured by the least Blemish; but proceeded

always in the same uniform Tenor of the most spotless Perfection.—This Righteousness, in another Sense, answers the Prophet's exalted Description; as it's beneficial and sovereign Efficacy knows no End, but lasts through all our Life; lasts in the trying Hour of Death; lasts at the decisive Day of Judgment; lasts through every Generation; and will last to all Eternity.

SOMETIMES, I have seen that resplendent Globe STRIPT of her RADIANCE; or, according to the emphatical Language of Scripture, “turned into “Blood.” The Earth, interposing with it's opake Body, intercepted the solar Rays, and cast it's own gloomy Shadow on the Moon. The malignant Influence gained upon her sickening Orb; extinguished, more and more, the feeble Reminders of Light; till at length, like one in a DEEP SWOON, no Comeliness was left in her Countenance; she was totally overspread with Darkness.—At this Juncture, what a Multitude of Eyes were gazing upon the rueful Spectacle! Even of those Eyes, which disregarded the Empress of the Night; or beheld her with Indifference; when, robed in Glory, and riding in her triumphal Chariot, she shed a softer Day through the Nations. But now, under

these Circumstances of Disgrace, they watch her Motions with the most PRYING ATTENTION. In every Place, her Misfortune is the Object of general Observation; and the prevailing Topic of Discourse in every Company.

Is it not thus, with regard to PERSONS of EMINENCE, in their respective Spheres? Kings, at the Head of their Subjects; Nobles, surrounded with their Dependents; and (after Names of so much Grandeur, may I be allowed to add?) Ministers, labouring among their People⁸⁰; are each in a conspicuous Station. Their Conduct in it's MINUTEST Step, especially in any MISCARRIAGE, will be narrowly surveyed, and critically scanned. Can there be a louder Call, to ponder the Paths of their Feet, and to be particularly jealous over all their Ways? —Those, who move in inferior Life, may grossly offend; and little Alarm be given; perhaps, no Notice taken. But it is not to be expected, that the least Slip in their Carriage, the least Flaw in their Character, will pass undiscovered. MALICE, with her eagle Eyes, will be sure to discern them; while CENSURE, with her shrill Trumpet, will be as far from concealing them; as CALUMNY, with her treacherous Whispers, from extenuating them.

A Planet may sink below the Horizon; or a Star, for several Months, withdraw it's Shining; and scarce one in ten Thousand perceive the Loss: but, if the Moon suffers a transient Eclipse, almost Half the World are Spectators of her Dishonour.

VERY different was the Case, when, at this late Hour, I have taken a solitary Walk on the WESTERN CLIFFS. At the Foot of the steep Mountain; the Sea, all clear and smooth, spread itself into an immense Plain, and held a watery Mirror to the Skies. Infinite Heights above, the Firmament stretched it's azure Expanse; bespangled with unnumbered Stars, and adorned with the Moon, "walking in Brightness⁸¹." She seemed to contemplate herself with a peculiar Pleasure; while the TRANSPARENT SURFACE both received and returned her SILVER IMAGE. Here, instead of being covered with Sackcloth, she shone with double Lustre; or, rather, with a Lustre multiplied in proportion to the Number of Beholders, and their various Situations.

SUCH, methinks, is the Effect of an exemplary Behaviour in Persons of exalted Rank. Their Course, as it is nobly distinguished, so it will be happily INFLUENTIAL. Others will catch the dif-

fusive Ray, and be ambitious to resemble a Pattern so attracting, so commanding. Their amiable Qualities will not terminate in themselves: but we shall see them REFLECTED from their Families; their Acquaintance; their Retainers: Just as we may now behold another Moon, trembling⁸² in the Stream; glittering in the Canal; and displaying it's lovely Impress on every Collection of Waters.

THE Moon, Philosophy says, is a Sort of SOVEREIGN over the GREAT DEEP. Her Orb, like a Royal Sceptre, sways the Ocean, and actuates the fluid Realms. It swells the Tides, and perpetuates the reciprocal Returns of Ebb and Flow. By which means, the liquid Element purges off it's Filth; and is preserved, from being putrefied itself, and from poisoning the World.—Is the Moon thus OPERATIVE on the vast Abyss? And shall not the Faith of eternal and infinite Delights to come, be equally efficacious on this Soul of mine?—Far above her argent Fields, are Treasures of HAPPINESS, unseen by mortal Eye; by mortal Ear unheard; and unconceived by any human Imagination. In that desirable World, the most distinguished and exalted HONOURS also are conferred; in comparison with which, the Thrones and Diadems of earthly Mo-

narchs are empty Pageants and childish Toys.—
Yonder Arch of Sapphire, with all it's Spangles of
Gold, is but the Floor of those Divine Abodes.
What then are the Apartments; what is the Palace?
How bright with Glories; how rich with Bliss?

O! YE Mansions of Blessedness; ye Beauties of
my Father's Kingdom; which far outshine these
Lamps of the visible Heaven; transmit your sweet
and winning Invitations to my Heart. ATTRACT
and REFINE all my Affections. Withdraw them
from STAGNATING on the sordid Shores of Flesh;
never suffer them to settle upon the impure Lees
of Sense; but impress them with EMOTIONS of
restless Desire after sublime and celestial Joys:—
Joys, that will proceed, still proceed, in a copious
and everlasting Flow, when Seas shall cease to roll:
Joys, that will charm every Faculty with unima-
ginable Pleasure; when the Moon, with her wax-
ing Splendors, shall cheer our Sight no more.

ENOUGH for the present Evening. My Thoughts
have been sufficiently exercised, and my Steps be-
gin to be attended with Weariness. Let me obey
the Admonitions of Nature; and give Respite to
my Meditations, Slumber to my Eyes.—But, stay.—

Shall I retire to the Bed of Sleep, with as little Ceremony, and with as much Inattention, as the Brutes to their sordid Lair? Are no ACKNOWLEDGMENTS due to that Divine Being, who is the Support of my Life, and the Length of my Days? Have I no farther Need of his PROTECTING Care; no more Occasion for the Blessings of his Goodness?—LEPIDUS, perhaps, may laugh at the bended Knee; and have a thousand Darts of Raillery, ready to discharge on the Practice of Devotion. The Wits, I know, are unmercifully severe on, what THEY call, the Drudgery of Prayer, and the fantastical Rant of Praise. These they leave to the illiterate Labourer, and the mean Mechanic; or treat them with a contemptuous Sneer, as the Parson's ignoble Trade.

Is it then an Instance of SUPERSTITIOUS Blindness, to distinguish; or of WHIMSICAL Zeal, to celebrate; the most supereminent Excellency and Merit? Is it an UNGRACEFUL Business, or does it argue a GROVELLING Disposition, to magnify Goodness transcendently rich and diffusive?—What can be so truly becoming a DEPENDENT STATE, as to pay our adoring Homage to the Author of all Perfection, and profess our devoted Allegiance to the

supreme Almighty Governor of the Universe?—Can any Thing more significantly bespeak an **INGENUOUS TEMPER**, or administer a more real Satisfaction to it's finest Feelings, than the Exercises of penitential Devotion? By which we give vent to an honest Anguish, or melt into filial Sorrow, for our Insensibility to the best of Friends, for our Disobedience to the best of Parents?—In a Word; can there be a more **SUBLIME PLEASURE**, than to dwell, in fixed Contemplation, on the Beauties of the Eternal Mind; the amiable Original of all that is fair, grand, and harmonious; the beneficent Giver of all that is convenient, comfortable, and useful?—Can there be a more **ADVANTAGEOUS EMPLOY**, than to present our Requests to the Father of Mercies; opening our Minds to the Irradiations of his Wisdom, and all the Faculties of our Souls to the Communications of his Grace?—It is strange, unaccountably strange, that the Notion of **DIGNITY** in Sentiment, and the Pursuit of **REFINED** Enjoyment, should ever be disunited from Devotion: that Persons, who make Pretensions to an improved Taste, and exalted Genius, should neglect this most ennobling Intercourse with the wisest and best of Beings, the inexhaustible Source of Honour and Joy.

SHALL I be deterred from approaching this Source of the purest Delight? Deterred from pursuing this highest Improvement of my Nature? Deterred from all, by a FORMIDABLE Banter; or confuted, by one IRREFRAGABLE Smile?—No: let the Moon, in her resplendent Sphere; and yonder Pole, with all it's starry Train; witness, if I be silent Even or Morn: if I refrain to kindle in my Heart, and breathe from my Lips, the reasonable Incense of Praise: Praise to that great and glorious God, who formed the Earth, and built the Skies; who poured from his Hand the watery World, and shed the all-surrounding Air abroad.—“Thou also madest the Night,
“Maker Omnipotent! and Thou, the Day! which
“I, though less than the least of all thy Mercies,
“have passed in Safety, Tranquillity, and Comfort.
“—When I was lost in the Extravagance of Dreams,
“or lay immersed in the Insensibility of Sleep; thy
“Hand recovered me from the temporary Lethargy;
“thy Hand set a new, a delicately fine Edge, on all
“my blunted SENSES, and strung my Sinews with
“recruited Vigour. When my Thoughts were be-
“numbed and stupefied, thy quickening Influence
“roused them into Activity; when they were dis-
“concerted and wild, thy regulating Influence re-
“duced them into Order: refitting me at once to

“ relish the innocent Entertainments of an ANIMAL,
“ and to enjoy the sublime Gratifications of a RA-
“ TIONAL Capacity.—When Darkness covered the
“ Creation; at thy Command, the SUN arose; painted
“ the Flowers, and distinguished every Object; gave
“ Light to my Feet; and gave Nature, with all her
“ beautiful Scenes, to my Eye.—To Thee, O Thou
“ GOD of my Strength, I owe the CONTINUANCE
“ of my Being, and the VIVACITY of my Consti-
“ tution. By thy sacred Order, without any Con-
“ sciousness of mine, the Wheels of Life move,
“ and the crimson Fountain plays. OVER-RULED
“ by thy exquisite SKILL, it transforms itself, by
“ the nicest Operations of an inexplicable Kind of
“ Chymistry, into a Variety of the finest Secretions:
“ which glide into the Muscles, and swell them
“ for Action; or pour themselves into the Fluids,
“ and repair their incessant Decays: which cause
“ Cheerfulness to sparkle in the Eye, and Health
“ to bloom in the Cheek.

“ DISASTROUS ACCIDENTS, injurious to the
“ Peace of my Mind, or fatal to the Welfare of
“ my Body, beset my Paths: but thy Faithful-
“ ness and Truth, like an impenetrable Shield,
“ guarded me all around. Under this Divine

“ Protection, I walked secure, amidst Legions of
“ APPARENT Perils ; and passed unhurt, through
“ a far greater Multiplicity of UNSEEN Evils. Not
“ one of my Bones was broken ; not a single Shaft
“ grazed upon my Ease ; even when the Eye that
“ watched over me, saw, in it’s wide Survey, *Thou-*
“ *sands falling beside me*, in irrecoverable Ruin ; and
“ *ten Thousands* deeply wounded, *on my Right-hand*.
“ —If Sickness has, at any Time, saddened my
“ Chamber, or Pain harrowed my Flesh ; it was a
“ WHOLESOME Discipline, and a GRACIOUS Seve-
“ rity : The Chastisement proved a sovereign Medi-
“ cine, to cure me of an immoderate Fondness for
“ this imperfect troublesome State, and to quicken
“ my Desires after the unembittered Enjoyments of
“ my eternal Home.—Has not thy Munificence, un-
“ wearied and unbounded, spread my TABLE, and
“ furnished it with the finest Wheat ; replenished
“ it with Marrow and Fatness ? while Temperance
“ sweetened the Bowl, Appetite seasoned the Dish,
“ Contentment and Gratitude crowned the Repast.
“ Has not thy Kindness, O GOD of the Families of
“ ISRAEL, preserved my affectionate RELATIONS ;
“ who study, by their tender Offices, to soften every
“ Care, and heighten every Joy ? Has not thy Kind-
“ ness given me valuable FRIENDS ; whose Presence

“ is a Cordial, to cheer me in a dejected Hour ; and
“ whose Conversation mingles Improvement with
“ Delight ?

“ WHEN Sin lay disguised amidst flowery Scenes
“ of Pleasure ; enlightened by thy Wisdom, I DIS-
“ CERNED the latent Mischief ; made resolute by
“ thy Grace, I SHUNNED the luscious Bane. If,
“ through the Impulse of Sensuality, or the Violence
“ of Passion, I have been hurried into the Snare, and
“ stung by the Serpent ; thy faithful Admonitions
“ have RECALLED the foolish Wanderer, while the
“ Blood of thy Son has HEALED his deadly Wounds.
“ —Some, no doubt, have been cut off in the Midst
“ of their Iniquities ; and transmitted, from the
“ Thrillings of polluted Joy, to the Agonies of eter-
“ nal Despair : whereas, I have been distinguished
“ by long-suffering Mercy ; and, instead of lifting
“ up my Eyes in Torments, to behold a Heaven
“ irrecoverably lost ; I may lift them up under the
“ pleasing Views of being admitted, ere long, into
“ those Abodes of endless Felicity.—In the mean
“ Time, Thou hast vouchsafed me the REVELATION
“ of thy Will ; the Influences of thy SPIRIT ; and
“ Abundance of the most effectual AIDs, for ad-
“ vancing in Knowledge, and growing in Godli-

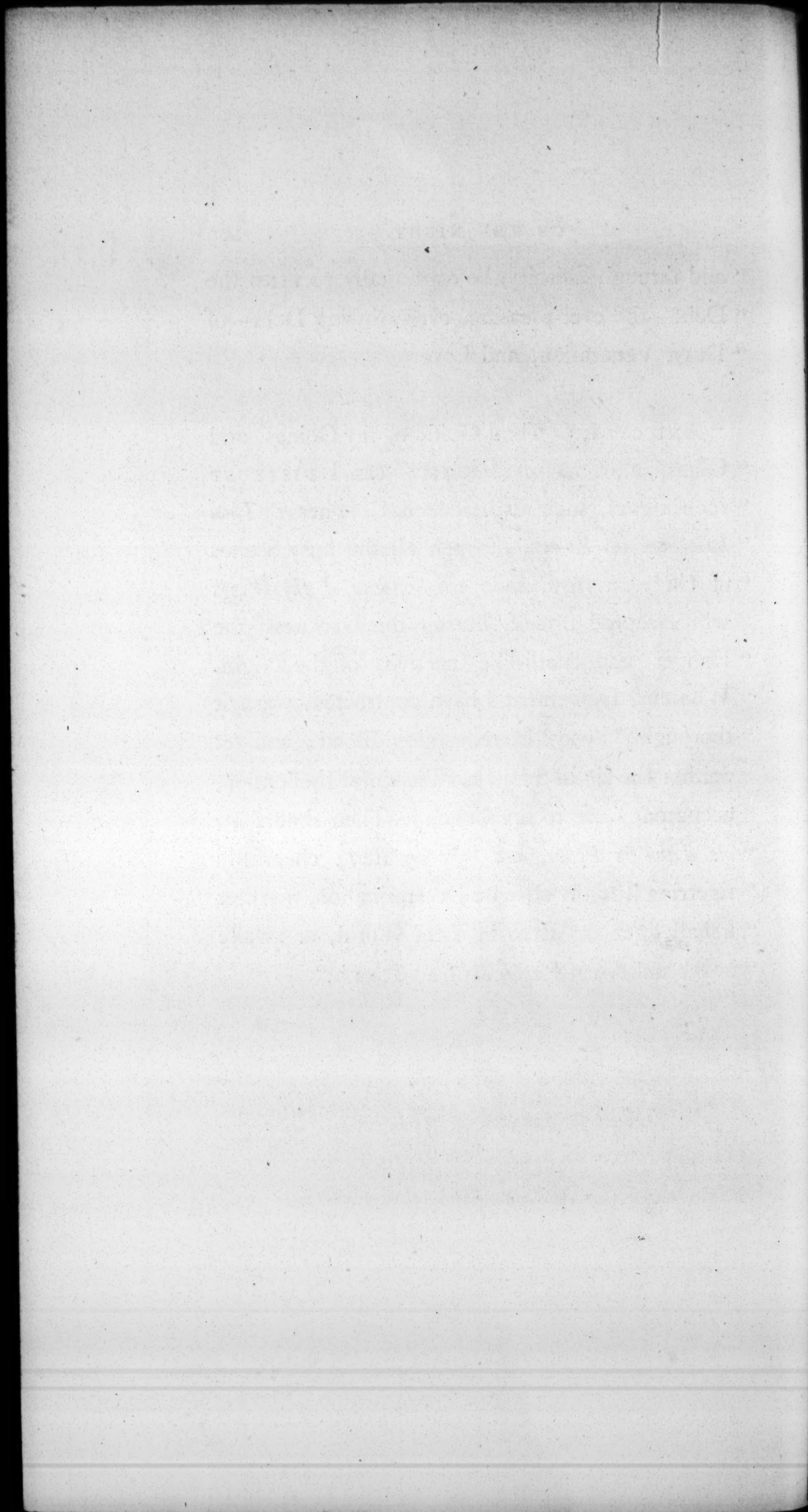
“ness ; for becoming more conformable to thy
“Image, and more meet for thy Presence ; for
“tasting the Pleasures of Religion, and securing
“the Riches of Eternity.

“How various is thy Beneficence, O Thou Lover
“of Souls ! It has unsealed a thousand Sources of
“Good ; opened a thousand Avenues of Delight ;
“and heaped Blessings upon me with a ceaseless
“Liberality. If I should attempt to declare them ;
“they would be more than the STARRY Host, which
“glitter in this unclouded Sky ; more than the DEWY
“Gems, which will adorn the Face of the Morning.

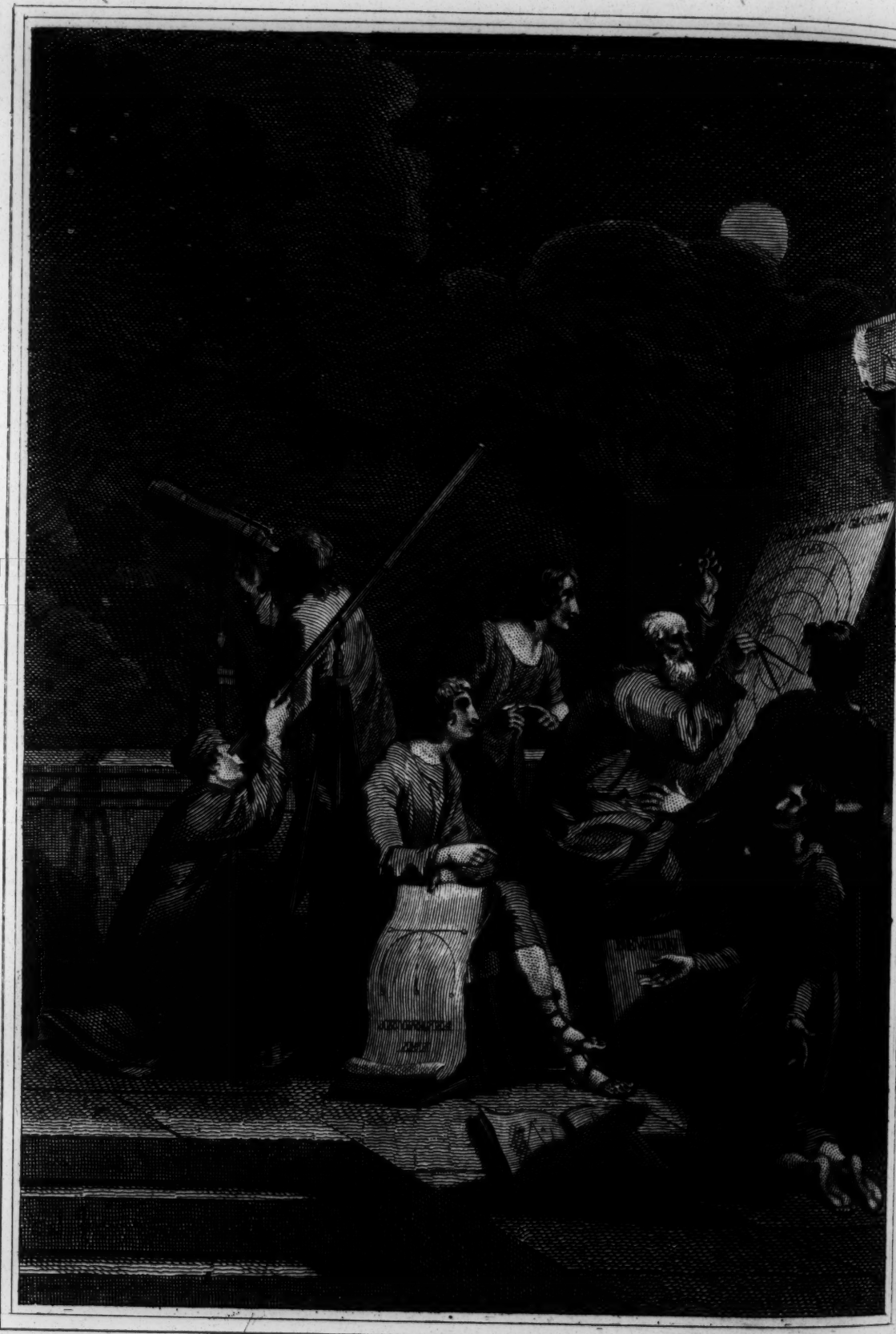
“AND shall I FORGET the GOD of my Salva-
“tion, the Author of all my Mercies ? Rather let
“my Pulse forget to beat !—Shall I render Him
“no Expressions of Thankfulness ? Then might
“all Nature reproach my Ingratitude.—Shall I rest
“satisfied with the BARE Acknowledgment of my
“Lips ? No : let my Life be vocal, and speak his
“Praise, in that only genuine, that most emphatical
“Language—the Language of devout Obedience.
“Let the BILL be drawn upon my very Heart ; let
“all my Affections ACKNOWLEDGE the Draught ;
“and let the whole Tenor of my Actions, in Time

“ and through Eternity, be continually PAYING the
“ Debt—the ever-pleasing, ever-growing Debt—of
“ Duty, Veneration, and Love.

“ AND can I, O Thou Guide of my Goings, and
“ Guardian of all my Interests—can I DISTRUST
“ such signal, such experienced Goodness? *Thou*
“ *hast been my Helper*, through all the busy Scenes
“ of Day: *therefore, under the Shadow of thy Wings*
“ will I repose myself, during the Darkness, the
“ Danger, and death-like Inactivity of the Night.
“ Whatever Defilement I have contracted, wash it
“ thoroughly away, in redeeming Blood; and let
“ neither the sinful Stain, nor the sinful Inclination,
“ accompany me to my Couch!—Then shall *I lay*
“ *me down in Peace, and take my Rest*; cheerfully
“ referring it to thy all-wise Determination, whether
“ I shall open my Eyes in THIS World, or awake
“ in the unknown Regions of ANOTHER.”







Corbould del.

Scanders sculp.

THE STARRY HEAVENS.

Psalm 8 17. 3 & 4.

London, Published Jan: 23^d 1796, by T. Heptinstall N. 131. Fleet Street.

CONTEMPLATIONS

ON THE

STARRY HEAVENS.

THIS Evening, I exchange the nice Retreats of Art for the noble Theatre of Nature. Instead of measuring my Steps under the COVERT of an Arbour, let me range along the SUMMIT of this gently-rising Hill.—There is no Need of the leafy Shade, since the Sun has quitted the Horizon, and withdrawn his scorching Beams. But, see, how Advantages and Inconveniencies are usually linked, and chequer our Affairs below! If the ANNOYING HEAT ceases, the LANDSCAPE, and it's pleasing Scenes, are also removed.—The majestic Castle, and the lowly Cottage, are vanished together. I have lost the aspiring Mountain, and it's russet Brow: I look round, but to no Purpose, for the humble Vale, and it's flowery Lap. The Plains



Corbould del.

Saunders sculp.

THE STARRY HEAVENS.

London 8 1/2 x 4

London Published Jan: 23^d 1706. by T. Heptinstall At 73. Fleet Street.

CONTEMPLATIONS

ON THE

STARRY HEAVENS.

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whitened with Flocks, and the Heath yellow with Furze, disappear. The advancing Night has wrapt in Darkness the long-extended Forest, and drawn her Mantle over the Windings of the silver Stream. I no longer behold that luxuriant Fertility in the Fields; that wild Magnificence of Prospect, and endless Variety of Images; which have so often touched me with Delight, and struck me with Awe, from this commanding Eminence.

THE Loss, however, is scarcely to be regretted; since it is amply compensated by the opening Beauties of the Sky. Here I enjoy a free View of the whole Hemisphere; without any Obstacle from below, to confine the exploring Eye; or any Cloud from above, to overcast the spacious Concave. 'Tis true; the lively Vermilion, which so lately streaked the Chambers of the West, is all faded: But the PLANETS, one after another, light up their Lamps; the STARS advance in their glittering Train; a thousand and a thousand Luminaries shine forth in successive Splendors; and the whole Firmament is kindled into the most beautiful Glow. The Blueness of the Æther, heightened by the Season of the Year, and still more enlivened by the ABSENCE of the MOON, give those Gems of Heaven the strongest Lustre.

ONE Pleasure more, the invading Gloom has not been able to snatch from my Sense: The Night rather improves, than destroys, the Fragrance which exhales from the BLOOMING BEANS. With these the Sides of this sloping Declivity are lined; and with these the balmy Zephyrs perfume their Wings. Does ARABIA, from all her spicy Groves, breathe a more liberal, or a more charming Gale of Sweets? And, what is a peculiar Recommendation of the rural Entertainments, presented in our happy Land, they are alloyed by no Apprehensions of Danger. No poisonous Serpent lurks under the Blossom; nor any ravenous Beast lies ready to start from the Thicket.—But, I wander from a far more exalted Subject. My Thoughts, like my Affections, are too easily diverted from the Heavens, and detained by inferior Objects. Away, my Attention, from these little Blandishments of the Earth; since all the GLORIES of the SKY invite thy Regard.

WE have taken a Turn among the TOMBS, and viewed the solemn Memorials of the Dead; in order to learn the Vanity of mortal Things, and to break their soft Enchantment.—We have surveyed the ORNAMENTS of the GARDEN; not that the Heart might be planted in the Parterre, or take

root among the flowery Race ; but that these Delicacies of a Day might teach us to aspire after a better Paradise ; where Beauty never fades, and Delight is ever in the Bloom.—A Third Time we lighted the Candle of Meditation ; and sought for Wisdom, not in the crowded City, or wrangling Schools, but in the silent and lonely WALKS of ancient NIGHT¹.—Let us once more indulge the contemplative Vein, and raise our Speculations to those **SUBLIMER WORKS** of the great Creator ; which the Regions of the Sky contain, and this dusky Hour unveils².

IF we have discerned the Touches of his Pencil, glowing in the Colours of Spring ; if we have seen a Sample of his Beneficence, exhibited in the Stores of Nature ; and a Ray of his Brightness, beaming in the Blaze of Day ; what an infinitely richer Field for the Display of his Perfections are the Heavens ! The **HEAVENS**, in the most emphatical Manner, declare the Glory of **GOD**. The Heavens are nobly eloquent of the Deity, and the most magnificent Heralds of their Maker's Praise. They speak to the whole Universe ; for there is neither Speech so **BARBAROUS**, but their Language is understood ; nor Nation so **DISTANT**, but their Voices are heard

among them³.—Let me then, in this solemn Season, formed for Thought, and a calm Intercourse with Heaven; let me listen to their silent Lectures. Perhaps, I may receive such impressive Manifestations of “the eternal Power and Godhead,” as may SHED Religion on my Soul, while I walk the solitary Shades; and may be a tutelary FRIEND to my VIRTUE, when the Call of Business, and the Return of Light, expose me again to the Inroads of Temptation.

THE ISRAELITES, instigated by Frenzy rather than Devotion, worshipped the Host of Heaven. And the Pretenders to JUDICIAL ASTROLOGY talk of (I know not what) mysterious Efficacy, in the different Aspect of the Stars, or the various Conjunction and Opposition of the Planets.—Let those, who are unacquainted with the sure Word of Revelation, give ear to these Sons of Delusion, and Dealers in Deceit. For my Part, it is a Question of Indifference to me, whether the Constellations shone with Smiles, or loured in Frowns, on the Hour of my Nativity. Let CHRIST be my GUARD; and, secure in such a Protection, I would laugh at their impotent Menaces. Let CHRIST be my GUIDE; and I shall scorn to ask, as well as despair of re-



ceiving, any predictory Information from such senseless Masses.—What! shall “the Living seek to the “Dead?” Can these Bodies advertise me of future Events, which are unconscious of their own Existence? Shall I have recourse to dull unintelligent Matter, when I may apply to that all-wise Being; who, with one comprehensive Glance, distinctly views whatever is lodged in the Bosom of Immensity, or forming in the Womb of Futurity?—Never, never, will I search for any Intimations of my FATE; but often trace my Creator’s FOOTSTEPS⁵ in yonder starry Plains. In the former Case, they would be Teachers of Lies; in the latter, they are Oracles of Truth. In this, therefore, this Sense only, I profess myself the Pupil of the Stars.

THE Vulgar are apprehensive of nothing more, than a Multitude of BRIGHT SPANGLES, dropt over the æthereal Blue. They have no higher Notion of these fine Appearances, than that they are so many GOLDEN STUDS, with which the empyrean Arch is decorated.—But studious Minds, that carry a more accurate and strict Inquiry among the celestial Bodies, bring back Advices of a most astonishing Import. Let me just recollect the most material of those STUPENDOUS DISCOVERIES, in order to fur-

nish out proper Subjects for Contemplation. And let the Unlearned remember, That the Scene I am going to display, is the Workmanship of that incomprehensible God, who is “perfect in Knowledge, and mighty in Power:” whose Name, whose Nature, and all whose Operations, are “great and marvellous:” who summons into Being, with equal Ease, a single Grain, or ten thousand Worlds.—To this if we continually advert, the Assertions, though they will certainly excite our ADMIRATION, need not transcend our Belief.

THE Earth is, in fact, a round Body; however it may seem, in some Parts, to be sunk into Vales, and raised into Hills⁶; in other Parts, to be spread into a spacious Plain, extending to the Confines of the Heavens, or terminated by the Waters of the Ocean.—We may fancy, that it has deep Foundations, and rests upon some prodigiously solid Basis: but it is PENDENT in the wide transpicious Æther, without any visible Cause to uphold it from above, or support it from beneath.—It may seem to be sedentary in it's Attitude, and motionless in it's Situation: but it is continually SAILING⁷ through the Depths of the Sky; and in the Space of twelve Months finishes the mighty Voyage: Which perio-

dical Rotation produces the Seasons, and completes the Year.—As it proceeds in the annual Circuit, it SPINS upon it's own CENTRE, and turns it's Sides alternately to the Fountain of Light. By which Means, the DAY dawns in one Hemisphere, while the NIGHT succeeds in the other. Without this Expedient, one Part of it's Regions would, during Half the great Revolution, be scorched with excessive Heat, or languish under an unintermitted Glare; while the other, exposed to the contrary Extremes, would be frozen to Ice, and buried under a long Oppression of dismal and destructive Darkness.

I CANNOT forbear taking notice, that, in this compound Motion of the Earth, the one never INTERFERES with the other, but both are perfectly COMPATIBLE. Is it not thus with the Precepts of Religion, and the needful Affairs of the present Life; not excepting even the innocent Gratifications of our Appetites?—Some, I believe, are apt to imagine, that they must renounce Society, if they devote themselves to CHRIST; and abandon all the Satisfactions of THIS World, if they once become zealous Candidates for the Felicity of ANOTHER.—But this is a very mistaken Notion, or else a very injurious Representation, of the Doctrine which is

according to Godliness. It was never intended to drive Men into Deserts ; but to lead them, through the peaceful and pleasant Paths of Wisdom, into the blissful Regions of Life eternal. It was never intended to strike off the Wheels of Business, or cut in sunder the Sinews of Industry ; but rather to make Men industrious from a Principle of CONSCIENCE, not from the Instigations of AVARICE ; that so they may promote their immortal Happiness, even while they provide for their temporal Maintenance. It has no Design to extirpate our Passions, but only to restrain their Irregularities ; neither would it extinguish the Delights of Sense, but prevent them from evaporating into Vanity, and subsiding into Gall.—A Person may be cheerful among his Friends, and yet joyful in GOD : he may taste the Sweets of his earthly Estate ; and, at the same Time, cherish his Hopes of a nobler Inheritance in Heaven. The TRADER may prosecute the Demands of Commerce, without neglecting to negotiate the Affairs of his Salvation. The WARRIOR may wear his Sword ; may draw, in a just Cause, that murderous Weapon ; yet be a good Soldier of JESUS CHRIST, and obtain the Crown that fadeth not away. The PARENT may lay up a competent Portion for his Children, and not forfeit his Title to the

Treasures, either of Grace or of Glory.—So far is Christianity from obstructing any valuable Interest, or with-holding any real Pleasure ; that it improves the one, and advances the other : just as the diurnal and annual Motions are so far from CLASHING, that they entirely ACCORD ; and, instead of being destructive of each other, by mutually blending their Effects, they give Proportion and Harmony to Time, Fertility and innumerable Benefits to Nature.

To us, who dwell on it's Surface, the Earth is by far the MOST EXTENSIVE Orb, that our Eyes can, any where, behold. It is also clothed with Verdure ; distinguished by Trees ; and adorned with a Variety of beautiful Decorations. Whereas, to a Spectator placed on one of the Planets, it wears an uniform Aspect ; looks all luminous, and NO LARGER than a Spot. To Beings who dwell at still greater Distances, it entirely disappears.—That which we call, alternately, the Morning and the Evening Star ; as in one Part of her Orbit she rides foremost in the Procession of Night ; in the other, ushers in and anticipates the Dawn ; is a PLANETARY WORLD : which, with the four others, that so wonderfully vary their mystic Dance, are in themselves dark Bodies, and shine only by Reflection : have Fields,

and Seas, and Skies, of their own; are furnished with all Accommodations for ANIMAL Subsistence, and are supposed to be the Abodes of INTELLECTUAL Life. All which, together with this our earthly Habitation, are dependent on that grand Dispenser of divine Munificence, the Sun; receive their Light from the Distribution of his Rays, and derive their Comforts from his benign Agency.

THE SUN, which seems to perform it's daily Stages through the Sky, is, in this respect⁸, FIXED and immoveable. 'Tis the great Axle of Heaven, about which the Globe we inhabit, and other more spacious Orbs, wheel their staid Courses.—The Sun, though seemingly SMALLER than the DIAL it illuminates, is abundantly LARGER⁹ than this whole EARTH; on which so many lofty Mountains rise, and such vast Oceans roll. A Line extending from Side to Side, through the Centre of that resplendent Orb, would measure more than eight hundred thousand Miles: a Girdle, formed to go round it's Circumference, would require a Length of Millions: were it's solid Contents to be estimated, the Account would overwhelm our Understanding, and be almost beyond the Power of Language to express¹⁰. —Are we startled at these Reports of Philosophy?

Are we ready to cry out, in a Transport of Surprise, How MIGHTY is the Being, who kindled such a prodigious Fire ; and keeps alive, from Age to Age, such an enormous Mass of Flame !—Let us attend our philosophic Guides, and we shall be brought acquainted with Speculations more enlarged and more amazing.

THIS Sun, with all it's attendant Planets, is but a very little Part of the grand Machine of the Universe. Every STAR, though, in Appearance, no bigger than the Diamond that glitters upon a Lady's Ring, is really a VAST GLOBE, like the Sun in Size, and in Glory ; no less spacious, no less luminous, than the radiant Source of our Day : So that every Star is, not barely a World, but the CENTRE of a magnificent System ; has a Retinue of Worlds, irradiated by it's Beams, and revolving round it's attractive Influence : all which are lost, to our Sight, in unmeasurable Wilds of Æther.—That the Stars appear like so many diminutive, and scarce distinguishable POINTS, is owing to their immense and inconceivable Distance. Immense and inconceivable indeed it is ; since a Ball, shot from the loaded Cannon, and flying with unabated Rapidity, must travel, at this impetuous Rate, almost seven hundred

thousand Years¹¹, before it could reach the NEAREST of those twinkling Luminaries.

CAN any Thing be more wonderful than these Observations? Yes: There are Truths far more stupendous; there are Scenes far more extensive. As there is no End of the Almighty Maker's Greatness, so no Imagination can set Limits to his creating Hand.—Could you soar beyond the Moon, and pass through all the planetary Choir: could you wing your Way to the highest apparent Star, and take your Stand on one of those loftiest Pinnacles of Heaven: you would, there, see OTHER SKIES expanded; ANOTHER SUN, distributing his inexhaustible Beams by Day; OTHER STARS, that gild the Horrors of the alternate Night; and OTHER¹², perhaps nobler, SYSTEMS established; established, in unknown Profusion, through the boundless Dimensions of Space.—Nor does the Dominion of the universal Sovereign terminate THERE. Even at the End of this vast Tour, you would find yourself advanced no farther than the Suburbs of Creation; arrived only at the Frontiers of the great JEHOVAH's Kingdom¹³.

AND do they tell me, That the Sun, the Moon, and all the Planets, are but a little Part of HIS

Works? *How great, then, are his Signs! And how mighty are his Wonders*¹⁴!—And if so, what is the CREATOR Himself! How far exalted above all Praise! Who is so HIGH, that He looks down on the highest of these dazzling Spheres, and sees even the Summit of Creation in a Vale: so GREAT, that this prodigious Extent of Space is but a Point in his Presence; and all this Confluence of Worlds, as the lightest Atom, that fluctuates in Air, and sports in the meridian Ray¹⁵.

THOU most sublime and incomprehensibly glorious GOD, how am I overwhelmed with Awe! how sunk into the lowest Prostration of Mind! when I consider thy “EXCELLENT GREATNESS,” and my own utter Insignificancy!—And have I, excessively mean as I am, have I entertained any CONCEITED APPREHENSIONS of myself? Have I felt the least Elatement of Thought, in the Presence of so majestic and adorable a Being? How should this wound me with Sorrow, and cover me with Confusion!—O my GOD, was I possessed of all the HIGH PERFECTIONS, which accomplish and adorn the Angels of Light; amidst all these noble Endowments, I would fall down in the DEEPEST ABASEMENT at thy Feet: Lost in the infinitely superior Blaze of thy uncreated Glories, I would

confess myself to be Nothing; to be less than Nothing, and Vanity.—How much more ought I to maintain the most unfeigned Humiliation, before thy Divine Majesty; who am not only Dust and Ashes, but a Compound of Ignorance, Imperfection, and Depravity!

WHILE, beholding this vast Expanse, I learn my own extreme Meanness; I would also discover the abject Littleness of all TERRESTRIAL THINGS.—What is the Earth, with all her ostentatious Scenes, compared with this astonishingly grand Furniture of the Skies? What, but a dim SPECK, hardly perceivable in the Map of the Universe? It is observed, by a very judicious Writer¹⁶, That if the Sun himself, which enlightens this Part of the Creation, was extinguished; and all the Host of planetary Worlds, which move about him, were annihilated; they would not be missed, by an Eye that can take in the whole Compass of Nature, any more than a Grain of Sand upon the Sea Shore: the Bulk of which they consist, and the Space which they occupy, is so exceedingly little, in comparison of the Whole, that their Loss would scarce leave a Blank in the Immensity of God's Works.—If, then, not our Globe only, but this whole System,

be so very diminutive ; what is a Kingdom, or a County ? What are a few LORDSHIPS, or the so much admired PATRIMONIES of those, who are styled Wealthy¹⁷ ? When I measure them with my own little Pittance, they swell into proud and bloated Dimensions : but, when I take the Universe for my Standard, how scanty is their Size, how contemptible their Figure ! They shrink into POMPOUS NOTHING¹⁸.

WHEN the keen-eyed Eagle soars above all the feathered Race, and leaves their very Sight below : when she wings her Way, with direct Ascent, up the Steep of Heaven ; and, steadily gazing on the meridian Sun, accounts it's beaming Splendors all her own : does she then regard, with any Solitude, the MOTE that is flying in the Air, or the DUST which she shook from her Feet ? And shall this eternal Mind, which is capable of contemplating it's Creator's Glory ; which is intended to enjoy the Visions of his Countenance ; shall this ETERNAL MIND, endued with such great Capacities, and made for such exalted Ends, be so IGNOBLY AMBITIOUS, as to sigh for the Tinsels of State ; or so POORLY COVETOUS, as to gasp after ample Territories on a Needle's Point ?—No : under

the Influence of such Considerations I feel my Sentiments expand ; and my Wishes acquire a Turn of Sublimity : My throbbing Desires after worldly Grandeur die away ; and I find myself, if not possessed of Power, yet superior to it's Charms.—Too long, must I own, have my Affections been pinioned by Vanity, and immured in this earthly Clod : but these Thoughts break the SHACKLES¹⁹ ; these Objects open the Door of LIBERTY : My Soul, fired by such noble Prospects, weighs anchor from this little Nook ; and coasts no longer about it's contracted Shores ; dotes no longer on it's painted Shells : The IMMENSITY of Things is her Range ; and an INFINITY of Bliss is her Aim.

BEHOLD this immense Expanse, and admire the CONDESCENSION of thy GOD.—In this Manner, an inspired and princely Astronomer improved his Survey of the nocturnal Heavens : *When I consider thy Heavens, even the Works of thy Fingers, the Moon and the Stars which Thou hast ordained ; I am smitten with Wonder at thy Glory, and cry out in a Transport of Gratitude, LORD, what is Man, that Thou art mindful of him ? or the Son of Man, that Thou visitest him²⁰ ?* “ How amazing, how charming, is “ that Divine Benignity, which is pleased to bow

“ down it’s sacred Regards to so foolish and worth-
“ less a Creature! Yea, disdains not, from the Height
“ of infinite Exaltation, to extend it’s kind provi-
“ dential Care to our most minute Concerns!—
“ This is amazing. But that the Everlasting Sove-
“ reign should give his Son, to be made Flesh, and
“ become our Saviour! Shall I call it a MIRACLE
“ of condescending Goodness? Rather, What are
“ all Miracles, what are all Mysteries, to this in-
“ effable Gift!”

HAD the BRIGHTEST ARCHANGEL been commis-
sioned to come down, with the Olive-branch of
Peace in his Hand, signifying his Eternal Maker’s
Readiness to be reconciled; on our bended Knees,
with Tears of Joy, and a Torrent of Thankfulness,
we ought to have received the transporting News:
But when, instead of such an angelic Envoy, He
sends His ONLY-BEGOTTEN SON, His Son beyond
all Thought illustrious, to make us the gracious
Overture:—sends Him, from the “ Habitation of
“ his Holiness and Glory,” to put on the INFIRMI-
TIES of Mortality, and dwell in a Tabernacle of
Clay:—sends Him, not barely to make us a tran-
sient Visit, but to abide MANY YEARS in our in-
ferior and miserable World:—sends Him, not to

exercise Dominion over Monarchs, but to wear out his Life in the ignoble Form of a SERVANT; and, at last, to make his Exit under the infamous Character of a MALEFACTOR! Was ever Love like this? Did ever Grace stoop so low²¹?—Should the Sun be shorn of all his radiant Honours, and degraded into a CLOD of the Valleys; should all the Dignitaries of Heaven be deposed from their Thrones, and degenerate into INSECTS of a Day; great, great would be the Abasement: But NOTHING to Thine, most blessed JESUS; NOTHING to Thine, Thou Prince of Peace; when, for us Men, and for our Salvation, Thou didst not abhor the coarse Accommodations of the MANGER; Thou didst not decline even the gloomy Horrors of the GRAVE.

'TIS well the sacred Oracles have given this Doctrine the most explicit Confirmation, and Evidence quite incontestable: Otherwise, a Favour so undeserved, so unexpected, and rich beyond all Imagination, might stagger our Belief.—Could HE, who launches all these planetary Globes, through the illimitable Void; and leads them on, from Age to Age, in their extensive Career; could HE resign his Hands to be CONFINED by the girding Cord,

and his Back to be PLOWED by the bloody Scourge? —Could HE, who crowns all the Stars with inextinguishable BRIGHTNESS; be Himself defiled with SPITTING, and disfigured with the thorny Scar? It is the greatest of Wonders, and yet the surest of Truths.

O! YE mighty Orbs, that roll along the Spaces of the Sky; I wondered, a little while ago, at your vast Dimensions, and ample Circuits: But now my Amazement ceases; or, rather, is entirely swallowed up by a much more stupendous Subject. Methinks, your enormous Bulk is shrivelled to an ATOM; your prodigious Revolutions are contracted to a SPAN; while I muse upon the far more elevated Heights, and unfathomable Depths; the infinitely more extended Lengths, and unlimited Breadths, of this *Love of GOD in CHRIST JESUS*¹².

CONTEMPLATING this stately Expanse, I see a Mirror, which represents, in the most awful Colours, the HEINOUSNESS of human GUILT.—Ten thousand Volumes, wrote on purpose to display the Aggravations of my various ACTS of Disobedience, could not so effectually convince me of their inconceivable Enormity, as the Consideration of that

ALL-GLORIOUS PERSON²³, who, to make an Atonement for them, spilt the last Drop of his Blood.—*I have sinned*, may every Child of ADAM say; and *what shall I do unto Thee, O Thou Observer of Men*²⁴? Shall I give my First-born for my Transgression, the Fruit of my Body for the Sin of my Soul? Vain Commutation! and such as would be rejected by the blessed GOD, with the utmost Abhorrence.—Will all the POTENTATES, that sway the Sceptre in a thousand Kingdoms, devote their royal and honoured Lives, to rescue an obnoxious Creature from the Stroke of Vengeance? Alas! it must cost more, incomparably more, to expiate the Malignity of Sin, and save a guilty Wretch from Hell.—Will all the PRINCIPALITIES of HEAVEN be content to assume my Nature, and resign themselves to Death for my Pardon²⁵? Even this would be too mean a Satisfaction for inexorable Justice; too scanty a Reparation of GOD's injured Honour. So flagrant is human Guilt, that nothing but a Victim of INFINITE DIGNITY could constitute an adequate Propitiation.—HE who said, “Let there be Light, and there was Light;” let there be a Firmament, and immediately the blue Curtains floated in the Sky; HE must take Flesh; HE must feel the fierce Torments of Crucifixion; and pour

out his Soul in Agonies, if ever such Transgressors are pardoned.

How vast is that Debt, which all the Wealth of both the INDIES cannot discharge! How vitiated that Habit of Body, which all the Drugs produced by Nature herself cannot rectify! But how much more RUINED was thy Condition, O my Soul! how much more HEINOUS were thy Crimes! since nothing less than the Sufferings and Death of Messiah, the Son of GOD, and radiant Image of his Glory, could effect thy Recovery, or cancel thy Iniquity.— Though, perhaps, thou art not sunk so very deep in Pollution, as some of the most abandoned Profligates; yet remember the inestimable Ransom paid to redeem thee from everlasting Destruction. Remember this; and “never open thy Mouth any “more²⁶,” either to MURMUR at the Divine Chastisements, or to GLORY in thy own Attainments. Remember this; and even “LOATH thyself²⁷ for “the Multitude of thy Provocations,” and thy great Baseness.

ONCE more: let me view this beautiful, this magnificent Expanse; and conceive some juster Apprehensions of the unknown Richness of my

SAVIOUR'S ATONEMENT.—I am informed, by a Writer who cannot mistake, that the High Priest of my Profession, who was also the Sacrifice for my Sins, is *higher than the Heavens*²⁸; more exalted in Dignity, more bright with Glory, than all the heavenly Mansions, and all their illustrious Inhabitants. If my Heart was humbled at the Consideration of it's excessive Guilt; how do all my drooping Powers revive at this delightful Thought? The poor Criminal, that seemed to be TOTTERING on the very Brink of the infernal Pit; is RAISED, by such a Belief, even to the Portals of Paradise. My Self-abasement, I trust, will always continue; but my Fears, under the Influence of such a Conviction, are quite gone²⁹. I do not, I cannot, doubt the Efficacy of this Propitiation. WHILE I SEE A Glimpse of it's matchless Excellency, and VERILY BELIEVE myself interested in it's Merits, I know not what it is to feel any misgiving Suspicions; but am stedfast in Faith, and joyful through Hope.

BE my Iniquities like Debts of Millions of Talents, here is more than full Payment for all that prodigious Sum. Let the Enemy of Mankind, and Accuser of the Brethren, load me with Invectives; this one Plea, A DIVINE REDEEMER DIED, most

thoroughly quashes every Indictment: For, though there be much Turpitude, and manifold Transgressions, “there is no Condemnation to those that are “in CHRIST JESUS.”—Nay, were I chargeable with all the vilest Deeds, which have been committed in every Age of the World, by every Nation of Men; even in this most deplorable Case, I need not sink into Despair: Even such Guilt, though grievous beyond all Expression, is not to be compared with that ABUNDANCE of GRACE and Righteousness, which dwell in the incarnate Divinity.—How great, how transcendently glorious, are the PERFECTIONS of the adored JEHOVAH! So great, so superlatively precious, is the EXPIATION of the dying JESUS. ’Tis impossible for the human Mind to EXALT this Atonement³⁰ too highly; ’tis impossible for the HUMBLE PENITENT to CONFIDE in it too steadily. The Scriptures, the Scriptures of eternal Truth, have said it, (exult, my Soul, in the Belief of it!) that the Blood on which we rely, is GOD’s *own Blood*³¹; and therefore all-sufficient to expiate, omnipotent to save.

DAVID, that egregious Sinner, but more exemplary Saint, seems to have been well acquainted with this comfortable Truth. What else can be

the Import of that very remarkable, but most devout Declaration? *Thou shalt purge me³² with Hyssop, and I shall be clean: thou shalt wash me, and I shall be whiter than Snow.*—"I have been guilty, I must confess, of the most complicated and shocking Crimes: Crimes, inflamed by every aggravating Circumstance, with regard to Myself, my Neighbour, and my GOD. MYSELF, who have been blessed above Men, and the distinguished Favourite of Providence; MY NEIGHBOUR, who, in the most dear and tender Interests, has been irreparably injured; MY GOD, who might justly expect the most grateful Returns of Duty, instead of such enormous Violations of his Law. Yet, all horrid and execrable as MY OFFENCE is, it is nothing to the superabundant Merit of that GREAT REDEEMER, who was promised from the Foundations of the World; in whom all my Fathers trusted; who is the Hope of all the Ends of the Earth. Though my Conscience be more loathsome, with adulterous Impurity, than the DUNG-HILL; though Treachery and Murder have rendered it even black as the Gloom of HELL; yet, washed in the 'Fountain opened for Sin and for Uncleanness³³,' I shall be—I say not, pure only, this were a Disparagement to the Efficacy of my

“ Saviour’s Death ; but I shall be fair as the LILY,
“ and white as the SNOW. Nay, let me not dero-
“ gate from the glorious Object of my Confidence ;
“ cleansed by this sovereign sanctifying Stream, I
“ shall be FAIRER than the full-blown Lily, WHITER
“ than the new-fallen Snows.”

POWER, saith the Scripture, *belongeth unto GOD*³⁴.
—And in what majestic Lines is this Attribute of
JEHOVAH written, throughout the whole Volume
of the Creation ? Especially through those magni-
ficent Pages, unfolded in yonder starry Regions :
Which are therefore styled, by the sweet and sera-
phic Singer of ISRAEL, “ The Firmament of his
“ Power³⁵ :” Because the grand EXPLOITS of OM-
NIPOTENCE are there displayed with the utmost
Pomp, and recorded in the most legible Characters.

WHO, that looks upward to the midnight Sky ;
and, with an Eye of Reason, beholds it’s rolling
Wonders ; who can forbear inquiring, Of WHAT
were those mighty Orbs FORMED ?—Amazing to
relate ! They were produced without Materials.
They sprung from Emptiness itself. The stately
Fabric of universal Nature emerged out of NO-
THING.—What INSTRUMENTS were used by the

Supreme Architect, to fashion the Parts with such exquisite Niceness, and give so beautiful a Polish to the Whole? How was all connected into one finely-proportioned and nobly-finished Structure?—A BARE FIAT accomplished all. LET THEM BE, said GOD. He added no more; and immediately the marvellous Edifice arose; adorned with every Beauty; displaying innumerable Perfections; and declaring, amidst enraptured Seraphs, it's great Creator's Praise. “By the WORD of the LORD
“were the Heavens made, and all the Host of
“them by the BREATH of his Mouth³⁶.”—What forceful Machinery FIXED some of those ponderous Globes on an immoveable Basis? What irresistible Impulse BOWLED others through the Circuit of the Heavens? What coercive Energy CONFINED their impetuous Courses within Limits astonishingly large, yet most minutely true?—Nothing but his SOVEREIGN WILL. For all Things were at first constituted, and all to this Day abide, “according to his
“Ordinance.”

WITHOUT any toilsome Assiduity, or laborious Process, to raise—to touch—to SPEAK such a Multitude of immense Bodies into Being—to LAUNCH them through the Spaces of the Sky, as an Arrow

from the Hand of a Giant—to impress on such UNWIELDY Masses a Motion far outstripping the Swiftmess of the winged Creation³⁷—and to CONTINUE them in the same rapid Whirl for Thousands and Thousands of Years—What an amazing Instance of infinite Might is this!—Can any thing be impossible to the LORD, the LORD GOD; the Creator and Controller of all the Ends of the Earth, all the Regions of the Universe? Rather, is not all that we count DIFFICULT, perfect Ease to that glorious Being, who only spake, and the World was made³⁸? who only gave Command, and the stupendous Axle was lodged fast, the lofty Wheels moved complete?—What a sure Defence, O my Soul, is this everlasting Strength of thy GOD! Be this thy continual REFUGE in the Article of Danger; this thy never-failing RESOURCE in every Time of Need.

WHAT cannot this uncontrollable Power, of the great JEHOVAH, effect for his People? Be their Miseries ever so galling, cannot this GOD relieve them? Be their Wants ever so numerous, cannot this GOD supply them? Be their Corruptions within ever so inveterate, or their Temptations without ever so importunate; cannot this mighty, mighty

GOD subdue the former, and fortify them against the latter?—Should TRIALS, with an incessant Vehemence, sift thee as Wheat; should TRIBULATION, with a Weight of Woes, almost grind thee to Powder; should PLEASURE, with her bewitching Smiles, solicit thee to delicious Ruin; yet “hold thee fast by GOD,” and lay thy Help upon Him that is omnipotent³⁹. Thou canst not be involved in such calamitous Circumstances, or exposed to such imminent Peril; but thy GOD, whom thou servest, is able to deliver thee from the one, and to support thee under the other.—To SUPPORT! to DELIVER! Let me not dishonour the unlimited Greatness of his Power. He is able to exalt thee, from the deepest Distress, to the most triumphant Joy; and to make even a Complication of Evils work together for thy everlasting Good. *He is able, not only to accomplish what I have been speaking, but to do exceeding abundantly above all that we can ask, or think*⁴⁰.

O! THE WRETCHED CONDITION of the Wicked, who have this LORD of all Power for their Enemy! O! the DESPERATE MADNESS of the Ungodly, who provoke the Almighty to Jealousy!—Besotted Creatures! are you able to contend with your

Maker, and enter the Lists against incensed Omnipotence? Can you BEAR the Fierceness of his Wrath, or sustain the Vengeance of his lifted Arm? At his Presence, though awfully serene, the Hills melt like Wax, and the "Mountains skip like "frighted Lambs." At the least Intimation of his Displeasure, the Foundations of Nature rock, and the "Pillars of Heaven tremble." How then can a withered Leaf endure, when "his Lips are "full of Indignation, and his Tongue as a devouring Fire?"—Or can any thing SCREEN a guilty Worm, when the great and terrible GOD shall *whet his glittering Sword, and his Hand take hold on inexorable Judgment?* When THAT HAND, which shoots the Planets, Masses of excessive Bulk", with such surprising Rapidity, through the Sky: THAT HAND, which darts the Comets to such unmeasurable Distances, beyond the Orbit of our remotest Planet, beyond the Pursuit of the strongest Eye: when THAT HAND is stretched out to punish, can the Munition of Rocks, the Intervention of Seas, or even interposing Worlds, divert the Blow?—Consider this, AMBITION; and bow thy haughty Crest. Consider this, DISOBEDIENCE; and bend thy iron Sinew. O! consider this, all ye that forget, or affront, the tremendous JEHOVAH. He can,

by a single Act of his Will, lay the Universe in utter Ruin: and can He want Power to bring you, in a Moment, in the Twinkling of an Eye, to the Dust of Death, or to the Flames of Hell? He has—I say not, ten thousand Lightnings to scorch you to Ashes; ten thousand Thunders to crush you into Atoms; but, what is unspeakably more dreadful—He has an ARMY of Terrors, even in the Look of his angry Countenance: His very Frown is worse than Destruction.

I CANNOT dismiss this Subject, without admiring the PATIENCE of the blessed GOD: who, though so strong and powerful, yet “is provoked every Day.”—Surely, as is his Majesty, so is his Mercy; his Pity altogether commensurate to his Power. If I vilify but the Name of an earthly Monarch; I lose my Liberty, and am confined to the Dungeon. If I appear in Arms, and draw the Sword, against my national Sovereign; my Life is forfeited, and my very Blood will scarce atone for the Crime. But Thee I have dishonoured, O! thou King immortal and invisible! Against Thee my Breast has fomented SECRET DISAFFECTION; my Behaviour has risen up in OPEN REBELLION; and yet I am spared, yet I am preserved. Instead of being banished

from thy Presence ; I sit at thy Table, and am fed from thy Hand: instead of pursuing me with THUNDERBOLTS of Vengeance, thy FAVOURS surround me on every Side. That Arm, that injured Arm, which might justly fall, with irretrievable Ruin, on a Traitor's Head, is most graciously stretched out, to caress him with the tenderest Endearments, to cherish him with every Instance of parental Kindness. —O! thou mightiest, thou best of Beings, how am I pained at my very Soul for such shameful and odious Disingenuity! Let me always abominate myself, as the basest of Creatures; but ADORE that unwearied Long-suffering of thine, which refuses to be irritated; LOVE that unremitted Goodness, which no ACTS of Ingratitude could stop, or so much as check, in it's gracious Current. O! let this stubborn Heart, which Duty could not bind, which Threatenings could not awe, be the Captive, the WILLING CAPTIVE, of such triumphant Beneficence!

I HAVE often been struck with Wonder at that Almighty Skill, which WEIGHED the Mountains in Scales, and the Hills in a Balance; which PROPORTIONED the Waters in the Hollow of it's Hand, and ADJUSTED the Dust of the Earth⁴² by a Measure. But how much more marvellous is that mag-

nificent Œconomy, which POISED the Stars with inexpressible Nicety, and METED out the Heavens with a Span! Where all is prodigiously vast; immensely various; and yet more than mathematically exact. Surely, the WISDOM of GOD manifests itself in the Skies, and shines in those lucid Orbs: shines, on the contemplative Mind, with a Lustre incomparably brighter than that which their united Splendors transmit to the Eye.

BEHOLD yonder countless Multitude of Globes; consider their amazing Magnitude; regard them as the Sovereigns of so many Systems, each accompanied with his planetary Equipage. Upon this Supposition, what a Multiplicity of mighty Spheres must be perpetually running their Rounds in the upper Regions! Yet none mistake their Way, or WANDER from the Goal; though they pass through trackless and unbounded Fields. None FLY OFF from their Orbits into extravagant Excursions; none PRESS IN upon their Centre with too near an Approach. None INTERFERE with each other in their perennial Passage; or INTERCEPT the kindly Communications of another's Influence⁴⁹. But all their Rotations proceed in eternal Harmony; keeping

such Time, and observing such Laws, as are most exquisitely adapted to the Perfection of the Whole.

WHILE I contemplate this “excellent Wisdom, “which made the Heavens,” and attunes all their Motions; how am I abashed at that Mixture of Arrogance and Folly, which has, at any Time, inclined me to MURMUR at thy DISPENSATIONS, O LORD! What is this, but a Sort of implicit Treason against thy Supremacy; and a tacit Denial of thy infinite Understanding?—Hast Thou so regularly placed such a wonderful Diversity of Systems, through the Spaces of the Universe?—Didst Thou, without any probationary Essays, without any improving Re-touches, speak them into the most consummate Perfection?—Dost Thou continually superintend all their Circumstances, with a Sagacity that never mistakes the minutest Tittle of Propriety? And shall I be so unaccountably stupid, as to question the JUSTNESS of thy DISCERNMENT, in “choosing my Inheritance, and fixing the Bounds of “my Habitation?”—Not a single Erratum, in modelling the Structure, determining the Distance⁴⁴, and conducting the Career of UNNUMBERED Worlds! And shall my peevish Humour presume to censure

thy Interposition, with regard to the Affairs of ONE inconsiderable Creature ; whose Stature, in such a comparative View, is less than a Span ; and his present Duration, little more than a Moment ?

O! THOU GOD, “ in whose Hand my Breath is, “ and whose are all my Ways,” let such Sentiments as now possess my Thoughts be always lively on my Heart ! These shall compose my Mind into a CHEERFUL Acquiescence, and a THANKFUL Submission ; even when Afflictions gall the Sense, or Disappointments break my Schemes. Then shall I, like the grateful Patriarch⁴⁵, in all the Changes of my Condition, and even in the Depths of Distress, erect an ALTAR of adoring Resignation ; and inscribe it with the Apostle’s MOTTO, TO GOD ONLY WISE. Then, shouldst Thou give me Leave to be the Carver of my own Fortunes, I would humbly desire to relinquish the Grant, and re-commit the Disposal of myself to thy unerring Beneficence : fully persuaded, that THY COUNSELS, though contrary to my froward Inclinations, or even afflictive to my Flesh, are incomparably more eligible than the blind Impulse of my own Will, however soothing to animal Nature.

ON a careless Inspection, you perceive no Accuracy or Uniformity in the Position of the heavenly Bodies: They appear like an ILLUSTRIOUS CHAOS, a promiscuous Heap of shining Globes; neither ranked in Order, nor moving by Line.—But, what SEEMS Confusion, is all Regularity: what carries a Show of Negligence, is really the Result of the most masterly Contrivance. You think, perhaps, they rove in their aerial Flight; but they rove by the nicest Rule, and without the least Error. Their Circuits, though seemingly devious; their Mazes, though intricate to our Apprehensions⁴⁶; are marked out, not indeed with golden Compasses, but by the infinitely more exact Determinations of the all-wise Spirit.

So, what wears the APPEARANCE of Calamity, in the Allotments appointed for the Godly, has really the NATURE of a Blessing: it issues from fatherly Love, and will terminate in the richest Good. If JOSEPH is snatched from the Embraces of an indulgent Parent, and abandoned to Slavery in a foreign Land; it is in order to save the holy Family from perishing by Famine, and to preserve “the Seed in whom all the Nations of the Earth

“should be blessed.” If he falls into the deepest Disgrace, it is on purpose that he may rise to the highest Honours. Even the Confinement of the Prison, by the unsearchable Workings of Providence, opens his Way to the Right-hand of the Throne itself.—Let the most afflicted Servant of JESUS wait the final Upshot of Things: He will THEN discover the apparent Expediency of all those Tribulations; which now, perhaps, he can hardly admit, without Reluctance; or suffer, without some Struggles of Dissatisfaction: Then, the gushing Tear, and the heaving Sigh, will be turned into Tides of Gratitude, and Hymns of holy Wonder.

IN the mean time, let no audacious Railer presumptuously impeach the Divine Procedure; but, adoring where we cannot comprehend, let us expect the EVOLUTION of the mysterious Plan. Then shall every Eye perceive, that the seeming Labyrinths of Providence were the most DIRECT and COMPENDIOUS Way, to effect his general Purposes of Grace, and to bring about each one's particular Happiness⁴⁷.—Then, also, shall it be clearly shewn, in the Presence of applauding Worlds, why Virtue pined in Want, while Vice rioted in Affluence: why amiable Innocence so often dragged the Dun-

geon CHAIN, while horrid Guilt trailed the ROBE of State.—That Day of universal Audit, that Day of everlasting Retribution, will not only VINDICATE, but MAGNIFY, the whole Management of Heaven. The august Sessions shall close with this unanimous, this glorious Acknowledgment: “ Though *Clouds* “ *and Darkness*, impenetrable by any human Scru- “ tiny, *were* sometimes round about the supreme “ Conductor of Things; yet *Righteousness and Judg-* “ *ment were the constant Habitation of his Seat*⁴⁸, the “ invariable Standard of all his Administrations.”—
—Thus (if I may illustrate the grandest Truths by inferior Occurrences), while we view the Arras, on the Side of LEAST DISTINCTION, it is void of any elegant Fancy; without any nice Strokes of Art; nothing but a confused Jumble of incoherent Threads. No sooner is the Piece beheld in it’s PROPER ASPECT, but the suspected Rudeness vanishes, and the most curious Arrangement takes place: we are charmed with Designs of the finest Taste, and Figures of the most graceful Form. All is shaped with Symmetry; all is clad in Beauty.

THE GOODNESS of GOD is most eminently displayed in the Skies.—Could we take an understanding Survey of whatever is formed by the Divine

Architect, throughout the whole Extent of MATERIAL Things; our Minds would be transported with their Excellencies, and our Tongues echo back that great Encomium, They are "good, very good⁴⁹." Most BEAUTIFUL⁵⁰ in themselves; contrived by unerring Wisdom, and executed with inimitable Skill. Most USEFUL⁵⁰ in their Functions; exactly fitting the Places they fill, and completely answering the Purposes for which they were intended.— All the Parts of the inanimate Creation proclaim, both by their intrinsic and relative Excellencies, the all-diffusive Beneficence of their Maker.

How much more wonderful are the Displays of Divine Indulgence, in the Worlds of Life! Because dead Matter is incapable of Delight, therefore the gracious Creator has raised innumerable Ranks of PERCEPTIVE EXISTENCE: Such as are qualified to taste his Bounty, and enjoy each a Happiness suited to it's peculiar State. With this View, He furnished the Regions of inferior Nature with an Order and a Series of sensitive Beings. The WATERS teem with Shoals of finny Inhabitants: The DRY LAND swarms with Animals of every Order: The Dwellings of the FIRMAMENT are occupied by Multitudes of winged People: Not so much as a GREEN

LEAF, Philosophers say, but lodges, and accommodates, it's puny animalcule Tenants⁵¹.—And wherefore this Diversity, this Profusion of living Creatures; flying the Air, treading the Ground, and gliding through the Paths of the Sea? For this most glorious Reason—That the eternal Sovereign may exercise his suberabundant Goodness; that his TABLE may be furnished with Millions and Millions of GUESTS; that he may fill, every Hour, every Moment, their Mouths with Food, or their Hearts with Gladness.

BUT, what a small Theatre are three or four ELEMENTS, for the Operations of JEHOVAH's Bounty! His magnificent Liberality scorns such scanty Limits. If you ask, Wherefore has He created ALL WORLDS, and replenished them with an unknown Multiplicity of Beings; rising, one above another, in an endless Gradation of still richer Endowments, and still nobler Capacities? The Answer is—For the Manifestation of his own Glory, and especially for the COMMUNICATION of his inexhaustible Beneficence⁵².—The great Creator could propose no Advantage to Himself. His Bliss is incapable of any Addition. “Before the Mountains
“were brought forth, or ever the Earth and the

“World were made,” He was supremely happy in his own independent and all-sufficient Self. His grand Design therefore, in erecting so many stately Fabrics, and peopling them with so many Tribes of Inhabitants, was, To TRANSFUSE his exuberant Kindness, and IMPART Felicity in all it's Forms. Ten thousand Worlds, stocked with ten thousand Times ten thousand Ranks of sensitive and intelligent Existence, are so many spacious Gardens; which, with Rivers of communicated Joy, this ever-flowing Fountain waters continually.

BOUNDLESS⁵³, and (which raises our Idea of this Divine Principle to the very highest Degree of Perfection) disinterested⁵³ Munificence! How INEXPRESSIBLY AMIABLE is the blessed GOD, considered in this charming Light! Is it possible to conceive any Excellence, so adorable and lovely; as infinite Benevolence, guided by unerring Wisdom, and exerting Almighty Power, on purpose to make a whole Universe happy!—O my Soul, what an IRRESISTIBLE ATTRACTIVE is here! What a most worthy Object for thy most fervent Affection! Shall now every glittering Toy become a Rival to this transcendently beneficent Being, and rob Him of thy Heart?—No. Let his all-creating Arm teach

thee to trust in the Fulness of his Sufficiency:—
Let his all-superintending Eye incline thee to acquiesce in the Dispensations of his Providence:—
And let his Bounty, so freely vouchsafed, so amply diffused, induce thee to LOVE Him with all the Ardor of a grateful and admiring Soul; induce thee to SERVE Him, not with a joyless Awe, or slavish Dread, but with unfeigned Alacrity, and a delightful Complacency.

IF the Goodness of GOD is so admirably seen in the Works of Nature, and the Favours of Providence; with what a noble Superiority does it EVEN TRIUMPH in the MYSTERY of REDEMPTION⁵⁴! Redemption is the brightest Mirror, in which to contemplate this most lovely Attribute of the Deity. Other Gifts, are only as MITES from the Divine Treasury; but Redemption opens, I had almost said exhausts, all the STORES of Indulgence and Grace. Herein, “GOD COMMENDETH his Love⁵⁵,” not only manifests, but sets it off, as it were, with every bright and grand Embellishment: manifests it in so stupendous a Manner, that it is beyond Parallel; beyond Thought; “above all Blessing and Praise.”—Was HE not thy SON, Everlasting GOD, thy ONLY Son; the Son of thy Bosom from eternal

Ages ; the highest Object of thy complacential Delight ? Was not thy Love to this adorable Son, incomparably greater than the tenderest Affection of ANY, or the united Affections of ALL, mortal Parents ? Was not the blessed JESUS more illustrious in Excellency, than all Angels ; more exalted in Dignity, than all Heavens ? Yet didst thou resign HIM, for poor Mortals ; for vile Sinners !—Couldst thou see him descend from his Royal THRONE, and take up his Abode in the sordid STABLE ? See him forego the HOMAGE of the Seraphim, and stand exposed to the reproachful INDIGNITIES of an insolent Rabble ? See him arraigned at the Bar, and sentenced to Death ; numbered with Malefactors, and nailed to the Gibbet ; bathed in his own innocent Blood, and pouring out his Soul in Agonies of Sorrow ?—Could the Father, the Father HIMSELF, with unknown Philanthropy⁵⁶, say, “ It shall, it shall, be so ! My Pity to rebellious Man pleads, “ and prevails. Awake, therefore, OSWORD⁵⁷, edged “ with divine Wrath. Awake ; and be sheathed in “ that IMMACULATE Breast ; pierce that DEARLY “ BELOVED Heart. I am content, that my Son “ endure the Sharpness of Death, rather than sinful Mortals perish for ever.”—Incomprehensible Love ! May it henceforward be the favourite Sub-

ject of my MEDITATION; more delightful to my musing Mind than Applause to the ambitious Ear! May it be the darling Theme of my DISCOURSE; sweeter to my Tongue than the Droppings of the Honey-comb to my Taste! May it be my choicest COMFORT, through all the Changes of Life; and my reviving CORDIAL, even in the last Extremities of Dissolution itself!

A PROPHET contemplating, with a distant Survey, this unexampled Instance of Almighty Love, is wrapt into a TRANSPORT of DEVOTION. At a Loss for proper Acknowledgments, he calls upon the whole Universe to aid his labouring Breast, and supply his Lack of Praise. *Sing melodiously, ye vaulted Heavens; exult, and even leap for Gladness, thou cumbrous Earth; ye Mountains, break your long Silence, and burst into Peals of loudest Acclamation⁵⁸; for the LORD, by this precious Gift, and this great Salvation, hath comforted his People.*—A SACRED HISTORIAN hath left it upon Record, that, at the first Exhibition of this ravishing Scene, there was with the Angel, who brought the blessed Tidings, a Multitude of the heavenly Host; praising GOD, and making the Concave of the Skies resound with their Hallelujahs. At the Dawn of the Sun

of Righteousness, when He was beginning to rise with Healing in his Wings, the MORNING STARS sung together, and all the SONS of GOD shouted for Joy.—And shall MAN, whom this gracious Dispensation principally respects; shall MAN, who is the Centre of all these gladdening Rays; shall He have no Heart to adore, no Anthem to celebrate, this

Love without End, and without Measure Grace? MILT.

How PURE is the State of the Sky, and how CLEAR it's Aspect! Clearer than the limpid Stream, purer than the transparent Crystal, and more curiously fine than the polished Mirror. That STATELY CEILING, fretted with Gold, and stretched to an Extent of many Millions of Leagues, is not disfigured with a single Flaw: That AZURE CANOPY, embroidered with Stars, and spacious enough to form a Covering for unnumbered Worlds, is without the least Spot or Wrinkle.—Yet this, even this, will scarce yield us so much as a faint Representation of the DIVINE PURITY. GOD is a GOD of matchless and transcendent Excellency: His Ways are Uprightness itself: His Counsels and Words are the very Sanctity of Wisdom and of Truth. The LAWS, which he has given to universal Nature, are

exquisitely contrived, and beyond all Possibility of Improvement. The PRECEPTS, which he has appointed for the human Race, are a complete Summary of all that is honourable in itself, and perfective of the rational Mind.—Not the least OVERSIGHT, in planning a Series of Events for all Futurity: Not the least Mal-administration, in managing the Affairs of every Age since Time began, and of every Nation under the whole Heavens.—Pardon these disparaging Expressions. A NEGATIVE Perfection is far, far beneath thy Dignity, O *Thou most Highest*¹⁹. In all these Instances; in all thy Acts, and all thy Attributes; Thou art not only holy, but “GLORIOUS in HOLINESS.”

So inconceivably holy is the LORD GOD of Hosts, that He sees DEFILEMENT even in the BRIGHTNESS of the Firmament. The living Sapphire of the Heavens, before his Majesty, loses it's Lustre: *Yea, the Stars* (though the most pure and resplendent Part of the Heavens) *are not pure in his Sight. How much less Man, who, in his fallen and depraved State, is but as a Worm, that crawls in the corrupted Carcase; and the Son of Man, who, by reason of his manifold actual Impurities, is too justly compared to an Insect, that wallows amidst Stench and*

Putrefaction⁶⁰?—Is there not then abundant Cause for the most irreproachable and eminent of Mankind, to renounce all arrogant Pretensions; to lay aside every assuming Air; to take nothing but SHAME and Confusion to themselves? A holy Prophet, and a holy Prince, felt such humbling Impressions, from a Glimpse of the uncreated Purity. *I abhor myself in Dust and Ashes*⁶¹, was the Declaration of the one; *I am a Man of unclean Lips*⁶², the Confession of the other.—Should not this teach us all, to adore the Divine Mercies, for that precious PURIFYING FOUNTAIN⁶³, which was foretold from the Foundation of the World; but was opened at that awful Juncture, when knotty Whips tore the Flesh; when ragged Thorns mangled the Temples; when sharpened Nails cut fresh Sluices for the crimson Current; when the Gash of the Spear completed the dreadful Work, and *forthwith flowed there*, from the wounded Heart, *Blood and Water*?

ESPECIALLY, since GOD himself saw no Blemish in his DEAR SON. *He looketh to the Moon, and it shineth not*: yet his all-penetrating and jealous Eye discerned nothing amiss, nothing defective, in our glorious Redeemer. Nothing amiss? He bore this most illustrious Testimony, concerning his holy Child JESUS: “ In Him I am PLEASED; I am WELL

“ PLEASED ; I acquiesce, with entire Complacency,
“ and with the highest Delight, in his Person ; his
“ Undertaking ; and the whole Execution of his
“ Office.”—How should this Thought enliven our
Hopes ; while the other mortifies our Pride ? Should
not our Hearts spring within us, and even leap for
Joy, at the repeated Assurance given us by Revela-
tion, That such a divinely excellent Person is our
Mediator ? What apparent Reason has every Be-
liever to adopt the blessed Virgin’s Exclamation !
“ *My Soul doth magnify the LORD* for his transcend-
“ ent Mercy ; *and my Spirit rejoices*, not in wide-ex-
“ tended Harvests, waving over my fertile Glebe⁶⁴ ;
“ not in Armies vanquished, and leaving the pecu-
“ liar Treasure of Nations for my Spoil⁶⁴ ; but in
“ an infinitely richer, nobler Blessing, even *in GOD*
“ *my Saviour*.”—That a Person so sublime and per-
fect has vouchsafed to become my SURETY ; to give
Himself for my RANSOM, in the World below ; and
act as my ADVOCATE, in the Royal Presence above :
yea, to make MY Recovery, the Reward of his Suf-
ferings ; MY final Felicity, the Honour of his me-
diatorial Kingdom !

WHEN an innumerable Multitude⁶⁵ of Bodies,
many of them more than a HUNDRED THOUSAND
MILES in Diameter⁶⁶, are all set in Motion :—

when the Orbits, in which they perform their periodical Revolutions, are extended at the Rate of several Hundreds of MILLIONS: when each has a DISTINCT and separate Sphere, for finishing his vast Circuit: when no one knows, what it is to be cramped; but each most FREELY EXPATIATES, in his unbounded Career:—when every one is placed at such an IMMENSE REMOVE from each other, that they appear to their respective Inhabitants only as so many Spots of Light:—How astonishing must be the Expanse, which yields ROOM for all those mighty Globes, and their widely-diffused Operations! To what prodigious Lengths did the Almighty Builder stretch his Line, when He marked out the stupendous Platform!—I wonder at such an immeasurable Extent: My very Thoughts are lost in this Abyss of Space. But, be it known to Mortals; be it never forgot by Sinners; that, in all it's most surprising Amplitude, it is SMALL, it is SCANTY, compared with the Bounty and the Mercy of it's Maker.

HIS BOUNTY is absolutely without Limits⁶⁷, and without End. The most lavish Generosity cannot exhaust, or even diminish, his Munificence. O! all ye Tribes of Men; or, rather, all ye Classes of intelligent Creatures; ye are not streightened in the

LIBERALITY of your ever-blessed Creator ; be not streightened in your own EXPECTATIONS. “ Open “ your Mouth wide, and He shall fill it” with copious and continual Draughts from the Cup of Joy. Your GOD, on whom is your whole Dependence, is more than able, is more than willing, to “ supply “ all your Need, according to his Riches in Glory.” —When the LORD JEHOVAH is the Giver, and his Grace⁶⁸ the Gift ; let your Wishes be unbounded, and your Cravings insatiable. All that created Beings can possibly COVER, is but a very small Pittance of that unknown Happiness, which the Everlasting Benefactor is ready to BESTOW. Suppose every charitable Disposition, which warms the Hearts of the human Race, added to those more enlarged Affections, which glow in heavenly Bosoms ; what were they all, even in their highest Exercise, compared with the Benignity of the Divine Nature?— Bless ME then, Thou eternal Source of Love ; bless ALL that reverence thy holy Name ; according to thy own most profuse Goodness : whose great Prerogative it is, to disdain all Measure. O ! bless us, in proportion to that Grace ; the Richness of which (unutterable by the Tongues of Men, and of Angels) was once SPOKEN in the Groans, and WRITTEN in the Wounds, of thy expiring Son !

SPACIOUS indeed are these Heavens! Where do they begin? Where do they end? What is their Extent? Can Angels answer my Question? Have Angels travelled the vast Circuit? Can Angels measure the Bounds of Space? No; 'tis boundless, 'tis unknown, 'tis amazing all.—How charming, then, to reflect, That the MERCY of GOD is “greater than the Heavens;” is more extensive than the Dimensions of the Sky. Transporting Reflection! Let me indulge thee once more⁶⁹. Let me think over the delightful Displays of this lovely Attribute; and, while I admire the TROPHIES of forgiving Goodness, add one to the Number. With what amiable and affecting Colours is this represented in the PARABLE of the PRODIGAL! What could induce that foolish Youth to forsake his Father's House? Had he not been tenderly cherished by the good Parent, and loaded with Benefits from his indulgent Hand? Were not the Restraints of parental Government an easy Yoke? or, rather, a PRESERVATIVE from RUIN? Notwithstanding every endearing Obligation, he revolts from his Duty; and launches into such scandalous Irregularities, as were dishonourable to his Family, and destructive to himself.—When Necessity, not Choice, but sharp Necessity, drove him to a submissive Return; does the

injured Father stand aloof, or shut his Doors? Quite the reverse. He espies him, while he is yet a *great Way off*; and, the Moment he beholds the profligate Youth, he *has Compassion on him*. His Bowels yearn; they “sound like an Harp,” touched with Notes divinely soft. He never once thinks of his ungracious Departure, and infamous Debaucheries. Pity, parental Pity, passes an Act of Oblivion; and, in one Instant, cancels a Series of long-continued Provocations.—So strong are the Workings of fatherly Affection, that he is almost impatient to embrace the naked and destitute Wretch. The Son’s Pace is slow; *he arose and came*: the Father’s is swift; he sprung forth (aged as he was) and *ran*. And is there a single Frown in his Brow, or one upbraiding Word on his Tongue?—Instead of loathing the sordid Creature, or reproaching him for his odious Excesses; he *falls* on his *Neck*, clasps him in his Arms, and hugs him to his Bosom. Instead of disowning the riotous Spendthrift, or rejecting him for his undutiful Behaviour; he receives and welcomes him with *Kisses* of Delight: he rejoices at his Return from Extravagance and Vice, as he formerly rejoiced on the Day of his Nativity.—When this Companion of Harlots opens his Mouth; *before he speaks, the Father hears*. He interrupts him in the

Midst of his intended Speech. The Overflowings of his compassionate Heart can brook no Delay. He seems to be UNEASY himself, till he has made the afflicted Penitent GLAD, with the Assurance of his Acceptance, and the choicest of his Favours. While the poor abashed Offender seeks nothing more, than not to be abhorred; he is thoroughly reconciled, and honoured before the whole Family: While he requests no other Indulgence, than only to be treated as the *meanest Servant*; he is clothed with the *best Robe*; he is feasted with the *fatted Calf*; he is caressed as the dearest of Children.—Was there ever so bright and winning a Picture of the tenderest Mercy; most freely vouchsafed, even to the most unworthy of Creatures? Yet THUS, my Soul; and THUS, my Fellow-sinner; will the LORD God of everlasting Compassions receive us; if, sensible of our Misery, and thirsting for Salvation, we turn to him through JESUS CHRIST.

Where Sin has abounded, says the Proclamation from the Court of Heaven, Grace doth much more abound.—MANASSEH was a Monster of Barbarity; for he caused his own Children to pass through the Fire, and filled JERUSALEM with innocent Blood. MANASSEH was an Adept in Iniquity; for he not

only multiplied, and to an extravagant Degree, his own sacrilegious Impieties; but he poisoned the Principles, and perverted the Manners, of his Subjects, *making them to do worse than the* most detestable of the HEATHEN Idolaters⁷⁰. Yet, through this suberabundant Grace, he is humbled; he is reformed; and becomes a Child of forgiving Love, an Heir of immortal Glory.—Behold that bitter and bloody Persecutor SAUL; when, breathing out Threatenings⁷¹, and bent upon Slaughter, he worried the Lambs, and put to death the Disciples, of JESUS. Who, upon the Principles of human Judgment, would not have pronounced HIM a Vessel of Wrath, destined to unavoidable Damnation? Nay, would not have been ready to conclude; that, if there were heavier Chains, and a deeper Dungeon, in the World of Woe, they must surely be reserved for such an implacable Enemy of true Godliness? Yet (admire, and adore, the inexhaustible Treasures of Grace!) this SAUL is admitted into the goodly Fellowship of the Prophets; is numbered with the noble Army of Martyrs; and makes a distinguished Figure among the glorious Company of the Apostles.—The CORINTHIANS were flagitious even to a Proverb: some of them wallowed in such abominable Vices, and habituated themselves

to such outrageous Acts of Injustice, as were a Reproach to human Nature: Yet, even these Sons of Violence, and Slaves of Sensuality, “were washed; “were sanctified; were justified” :” WASHED in the precious Blood of a dying Redeemer; SANCTIFIED by the powerful Operations of his Blessed Spirit; JUSTIFIED through the infinitely tender Mercies of a gracious GOD: Those, who were once the Burden of the Earth, are now the Joy of Heaven, and the Delight of Angels.

THERE is another Instance in Scripture, which most loudly publishes that sweetest of the Divine Names; *The LORD, the LORD GOD, merciful and gracious, long-suffering, and abundant in Goodness and Truth; keeping Mercy for Thousands, forgiving Iniquity, Transgression, and Sin*⁷³. An Instance this, which exceeds all the former; which exceeds whatever can be imagined; which if I was to forget, the very Stones might cry out, and sound it in my Ears. I mean the Case of those Sinners, who murdered the PRINCE of PEACE, and LORD of Glory. —These Men could scarce have the Shadow of an Excuse for their Crime; hardly a Circumstance, to extenuate their Guilt. They were well acquainted with his exemplary Conversation; they had often

heard his heavenly Doctrines; they were almost daily Spectators of his unequalled Miracles: They therefore had all possible Reason to HONOUR Him, as the most illustrious of Beings; and to RECEIVE his Gospel, as the most inestimable of Blessings: Yet, notwithstanding all these engaging Motives to love Him, even above their own Lives; they seize his Person; asperse his Character; drag him before a heathen Tribunal; and extort a Sentence of Death against Innocence and Holiness itself. Never was the VILEST SLAVE so contumeliously abused; nor the most EXECRABLE MALEFACTOR so barbarously executed. The Sun was confounded at the shocking Scene; and one cannot but wonder, how the avenging Lightnings could withhold their Flashes. The Earth trembled at the horrid Deed; and why, why did it not cleave asunder, and open a Passage for such blood-thirsty Miscreants into the nethermost Hell? Shall THESE ever hope to obtain Forgiveness from the righteous Judge? Shall not THESE be consigned over to inexorable Wrath, and the severest Torments?—O the miraculous Effects of Divine Grace! O the triumphant Goodness of GOD our Saviour! Many, even of THESE impious Wretches, at the Descent of the Holy Ghost, were convinced of their miserable

State; were wounded with penitential Remorse; fled to the Sanctuary of the Cross; had their Pardon ratified by the baptismal Seal; and, continuing in the Apostles Doctrine, were made Partakers of the Kingdom of Heaven: Where they now shine, as so many everlasting MONUMENTS of most distinguished MERCY; and receive Beatitude past Utterance from that very Redeemer, whom once, "with wicked Hands they crucified and slew."

WELL might the Prophet cry out, with a pleasing Amazement, "Who is a GOD like unto Thee, "that pardoneth Iniquity, and passeth by Transgression⁷⁴!"—Let all Flesh know assuredly; let all Flesh rejoice greatly; That with the LORD there is *such Mercy*, and with his CHRIST *such plentiful Redemption*.—And O! for the Voice of an Archangel, to circulate the glad Tidings through the Universe: That the AMERICAN Savage, as well as the EUROPEAN Sage, may learn the *exceeding Riches of Grace* in Christ: Through whose infinitely satisfying Propitiation, all Manner of Sin, Barbarity, and Blasphemy, are freely forgiven unto Men.

WHAT a grand and majestic DOME is the Sky! Where are the PILLARS which support the stately

Concave? What Art, most exactly true, balances the Pressure? What Props, of insuperable Strength, sustain the Weight? How is that immeasurable Arch **UPHELD**, unshaken and unimpaired; while so many Generations of busy Mortals have **SUNK** and disappeared, as Bubbles upon the Stream?—If those Stars are of such an amazing Bulk, how are they also **FASTENED** in their lofty Situation? By what Miracle in Mechanics are so many Thousands of ponderous Orbs kept from falling upon our Heads; kept from dashing, both the World to pieces, and it's Inhabitants to death? Are they hung in golden or adamantine Chains? Rest they their enormous Load on Rocks of Marble, or Columns of Brass?—No; they are **PENDULOUS** in fluid *Æther*: yet are more immoveably **FIXED**, than if the everlasting Mountains lent their Forests for an Axle-tree, or their Ridges for a Basis. The Almighty Architect *stretches out the North*, and it's whole starry Train, *over the empty Place*: He *hangs the Earth*, and all the ethereal Globes, *upon nothing*⁷⁵: yet are their Foundations laid so sure, that they can “never be moved at any Time.”

No unfit Representation, to the **SINCERE** Christian, of his **FINAL** Perseverance⁷⁶: such as points

out the Cause, which effects it ; and constitutes the Pledge, which ascertains it.—His Nature is all enfeebled : He is not able, of himself, to think a good Thought. He has no VISIBLE Safeguard, nor any Sufficiency, of his own. And yet, whole Legions of formidable Enemies are in a Confederacy to compass his Ruin. The WORLD lays unnumbered Snares for his Feet : the DEVIL is incessantly urging the Siege, by a Multitude of fiery Darts, or wily Temptations : the FLESH, like a perfidious Inmate, under Colour of Friendship, and a specious Pretence of Pleasure, is always forward to betray his Integrity.—But, amidst all these threatening Circumstances, of personal Weakness, and imminent Danger, an invisible Aid is his Defence. “*I will uphold thee, says the blessed GOD, with the Right-hand of my Righteousness*” Comfortable Truth ! The Arm, which fixes the Stars in their Orders, and guides the Planets in their Course, is stretched out to preserve the Heirs of Salvation.—“*My Sheep,*” adds the great Redeemer, *are mine ; and they shall never perish ; neither shall any pluck them out of my Hand*” What Words are these ! And did they come from HIM, who hath all Power in Heaven, and on Earth ? And were they spoke to the weakest

of the Flock; to every unfeigned Follower of the great Shepherd? Then, Omnipotence itself must be VANQUISHED, before they can be DESTROYED, either by the Seductions of Fraud, or the Assaults of Violence.

IF you ask, therefore, What Security we have, of enduring to the End, and continuing faithful unto Death?—The very SAME that establishes the Heavens, and settles the Ordinances of the Universe. Can these be thrown into Confusion⁷⁹? Then, may the true Believer draw back unto Perdition. Can the Sun be dislodged from his Sphere, and rush lawlessly through the Sky? Then, and then only, can the Faith of GOD'S Elect⁸⁰ be FINALLY overthrown.—Be of good Courage then, my Soul; rely on those Divine Succours, which are so solemnly stipulated, so faithfully promised. Though thy Grace be languid as the glimmering Spark; though the Overflowings of Corruption threaten it with total Extinction; yet, since the great JEHOVAH has undertaken to cherish the dim Principle, “many Waters cannot quench it, nor all “Floods drown it.” Nay, though it were feeble as the SMOKING FLAX⁸¹, Goodness and Faithful-

ness stand engaged to augment the Heat; to raise the Fire; and feed the Flame; till it beam forth, a Lamp of immortal Glory, in the Heavens.

As to the FAITHFULNESS of a covenanting GOD, this may be emblematically seen, in the Stability of the heavenly Bodies, and the Perpetuity of their Motions⁸².—Those that are FIXED or STATIONARY, continue unalterable in their grand Elevations. No injurious Shocks, no Violence of conflicting Elements, are able to displace those everlasting Hinges, on which dependent Worlds revolve. Through the whole Flight of Time, they recede not, so much as a Hair's Breadth, from the precise central Point of their respective Systems.—While the ERRATIC, or PLANETARY, perform their prodigious Stages, without any Intermission, or the least Embarrassment. How soon, and how easily, is the most finished Piece of human Machinery disconcerted! But all the celestial Movements are so nicely adjusted, all their Operations so critically proportioned, and their mutual Dependencies so strongly connected, that they prolong their beneficial Courses throughout all Ages.—While MIGHTY CITIES are overwhelmed with Ruin, and their very Names lost in Oblivion: while VAST EMPIRES are

swept from their Foundations, and leave not so much as a shadowy Trace of their ancient Magnificence: while ALL TERRESTRIAL Things are subject to Vicissitude, and fluctuating in Uncertainty: THESE are permanent in their Duration: THESE are invariable in their Functions. "Not one fail-
"eth."—Who doubts the constant Succession of Day and Night, or the regular Returns of Summer and Winter? And why, O! why shall we doubt the VERACITY of GOD, or distrust the ACCOMPLISHMENT of his holy Word? Can the Ordinances of Heaven depart? Then only can GOD forget to be gracious, or neglect the Performance of his Promise.—Nay, our LORD gives us yet firmer Ground of Affiance: He affords us a surer Bottom for our Faith, than the FUNDAMENTAL LAWS of the Universe. *Heaven and Earth*, He says, *shall pass away; but my Words shall not*, in a single Instance, or in one Tittle of their Import, *pass away*. No: His sacred Word, whatever may obstruct it, whoever may oppose it, shall be fulfilled to the very uttermost.

O POWERFUL Word! How astonishing is it's Efficacy! When this Word was issued forth, a thousand Worlds emerged out of nothing. Should

the mighty Orders be repeated, a thousand more would spring into Existence. By this Word, the vast System of created Things is UPHELD in constant and immutable Perfection. Should it give Command, or cease to exert it's Energy ; the universal Frame would be dissolved, and all Nature revert to her original Chaos. And this very Word is PLEDGED for the Safety, the Comfort, the Happiness of the Godly. This inviolable, this Almighty Word, SPEAKS in all the Promises of the Gospel. —How strangely infatuated are our Souls, that we should value it so little ! What Infidels are we in fact, that we should depend upon it no more ! Did it CREATE whatever has a Being ; and shall it not WORK Faith in our Breasts ? Do unnumbered Worlds owe their Support to this Word ; and shall it not be sufficient to buoy up our Souls in Troubles, or establish them in Trials ? Is it the LIFE of the Universe, and shall it be a DEAD Letter to Mankind ?

IF I wish to be heard, when I implore heavenly Blessings ; is not THIS PRIVILEGE most clearly made over to my Enjoyment, in that well-known Text, “ Ask, and it shall be given you⁸³ ? ” —If I long for the Eternal Comforter to dwell in my

Heart, and sanctify my Nature ; have I not an apparent Title to this HIGH PREROGATIVE, conferred in that sweet assertive Interrogation, “ How much “ more shall your heavenly Father give the Holy “ Spirit to those that ask him⁸⁴ ? ” — If I earnestly covet the inestimable Treasures that are comprised in the great IMMANUEL’S Mediation ; can I have a firmer Claim to the NOBLE PORTION than is granted in that most precious Scripture ; “ Him that cometh “ to Me, I will in no wise cast out⁸⁵ ? ” — What Assurance of being interested in these unspeakable Mercies would I desire ? What FORM of CONVEYANCE, what DEED of SETTLEMENT, were it left to my own Option, should I choose ? Here is the Word of a King ; the King immortal and invisible ; all whose Declarations⁸⁶ are Truth itself. — If a Monarch bestow Immunities on a Body of Men, and confirm them by an authentic Charter ; no one controverts, no one questions, their Right to the Royal Favours. And why should we suspect the VALIDITY of those glorious Grants, which are made by the everlasting Sovereign of Nature ; which He has also RATIFIED by an Oath, and SEALED with the Blood of his Son ? — Corporations may be disfranchised, and Charters revoked : even Mountains may be removed, and Stars drop from

their Spheres: But a Tenure, founded on the Divine Promise, is unalienably SECURE, is LASTING as Eternity itself.

WE have endeavoured to spell a SYLLABLE of the eternal Name in the ancient Manuscript of the Sky: we have caught a GLIMPSE of the Almighty's Glory from the Lustre of innumerable Stars: But, would we behold all his Excellencies, pourtrayed in FULL Perfection, and drawn to the very Life; let us attentively consider the REDEEMER.—I observe, there are some Parts of the Firmament, in which the Stars seem, as it were, to CLUSTER. They are sown thicker, they lie closer, than usual; and strike the Eye with redoubled Splendor. Like the Jewels on a Crown, they mingle their Beams, and reflect an Increase of Brilliancy on each other.—Is there not such an Assemblage, such a CONSTELLATION, of the Divine Honours, most amiably effulgent in the blessed JESUS?

DOES not infinite WISDOM⁸⁷ shine, with surpassing Brightness, in CHRIST? To the Making of a World, there was no Obstacle; but to the Saving of Man, there seemed to be unsurmountable Bars. If the Rebel is suffered to escape; where is the

INFLEXIBLE JUSTICE, which denounces "Death
" as the Wages of Sin?" If the Offender is thoroughly pardoned; where is the INVIOLENT VERACITY, which has solemnly declared, "The Soul
" that sinneth, shall die?" These awful Attributes are set in terrible Array; and, like an impenetrable Battalion, oppose the Salvation of apostate Mankind. Who can suggest a Method to ABSOLVE the traitorous Race, yet vindicate the Honours of Almighty Sovereignty? This is an Intricacy, which the most exalted of finite Intelligences are unable to clear. But, behold the UNSEARCHABLE SECRET revealed! revealed in the wonderful Redemption accomplished by a dying Saviour! So plainly revealed, that "He
" who runs may read;" and even BABES understand, what Minds of the deepest Penetration could not contrive.—The Son of GOD, taking our Nature, obeys the Law, and undergoes Death, in our Stead. By this means, the threatened CURSE is executed in all it's Rigour, and free GRACE is exercised in all it's Riches. Justice maintains her Rights; and, with a steady Hand, administers impartial Vengeance; while Mercy dispenses her Pardons, and welcomes the repentant Criminal into the tenderest Embraces. Hereby, the seemingly thwarting Attributes are reconciled. The Sinner is saved, not only

in FULL CONSISTENCE with the Honour of the supreme Perfections, but to the most ILLUSTRIOUS MANIFESTATION of them all.

WHERE does the Divine POWER⁸⁸ so signally exert itself, as in the Cross of CHRIST, and in the Conquests of Grace?—Our LORD, in his lowest State of Humiliation, gained a more glorious Victory; than when, through the dividing Sea, and the waste howling Wilderness, “He rode upon his “Chariots and Horses of Salvation.” When his Hands were riveted, with Irons, to the bloody Tree; He disarmed Death of it’s Sting, and plucked the Prey from the Jaws of Hell. Then, even then, while he was crucified in WEAKNESS, He vanquished the STRONG MAN, and subdued our most formidable Enemies. Even then, He spoiled Principalities; triumphed over the Powers of Darkness; and led Captivity captive.—Now he is exalted to his heavenly Throne, with what a prevailing Efficacy does his Grace go forth, “conquering, and to “conquer.”—By this, the SLAVES of Sin are rescued from their Bondage, and restored to the LIBERTY of Righteousness. By this, depraved Wretches, whose Appetites were SENSUAL, and their Dispositions DEVILISH; are not only renewed, but re-

newed after the Image of GOD, and made Partakers of a DIVINE Nature. Millions, Millions of lost Creatures are snatched, by the Interposition of Grace, like BRANDS from the Burning ; and, translated into everlasting Mansions, shine brighter than the STARS, shine bright as the SUN, in the Kingdom of their Father.

WOULD you then see an incomparably more bright Display of the Divine Excellence, than the unspotted Firmament, the Spangles of Heaven, or the golden Fountain of Day, exhibit? Contemplate JESUS of NAZARETH. He is the Brightness of his Father's Glory, and the express Image of his Person. In his immaculate Nature ; in his heavenly Tempers ; in his most holy Life ; the MORAL PERFECTIONS of the Deity are represented to the highest Advantage⁸⁹.—Hark ! how MERCY, with her charming Voice, speaks in all He utters. See ! how BENEVOLENCE pours her choicest Stores, in all He does. Did ever Compassion look so amiably soft, as in those pitying Tears, which swelled his Eyes, and trickled down his Cheeks, to bedew the Rancour of his inveterate Enemies?—Was it possible for PATIENCE to assume a Form so lovely, as that sweetly-winning Conduct, which bore the

Contradiction of Sinners? which intreated the Obstinate, to be reconciled? besought the Guilty, not to die?—In other Things, we may find some SCATTERED RAYS of JEHOVAH's Glory; but in CHRIST they are all collected and united. In CHRIST, they beam forth with the strongest Radiance, with the most delightful Effulgence. *Out of Sion, and in SION's Great Redeemer, hath GOD appeared in perfect Beauty.*

SEARCH then, my Soul, above all other Pursuits, search the Records of redeeming Love. Let these be the principal Objects of thy Study. Here employ thyself with the most unwearied Assiduity.—*In these are hid all the Treasures of Wisdom and Knowledge*⁹⁰. SUCH WISDOM, as charms and astonishes the very Angels; engages their closest Attention, and fills them with the deepest Adoration⁹¹: SUCH KNOWLEDGE, as qualifies the Possessor, if not for Offices of Dignity on Earth, yet for the most honourable Advancements in the Kingdom of Heaven. Disunited from which Knowledge, all Application is but elaborate Impertinence; and all Science, no better than pompous Ignorance.—These Records contain the faultless Model of Duty, and the noblest Motives to Obedience. Nothing

so powerful, to work a lively Faith, and a joyful Hope, as an attentive Consideration of our LORD's unutterable Merits: Nothing so sovereign, to antidote the pestilential Influence of the World, and deliver our Affections from a Slavery to ignoble Objects, as an habitual Remembrance of his extreme Agonies. The genuine, the ever-fruitful SOURCE of all MORALITY, is the unfeigned Love of CHRIST; and the Cross, the CROSS, is the appointed ⁹² ALTAR, from which we may fetch a Coal⁹³ to enkindle this sacred Fire.

Behold, therefore, the Man; the matchless and stupendous Man; whose Practice was a Pattern of the most exalted Virtue, and his Person the Mirror of every Divine Perfection. Examine the Memoirs of his heavenly Temper, and exemplary Conversation. Contemplate that CHOIR of GRACES, which were associated in his Mind, and shed the highest Lustre on all his Actions: Familiarize to thy Thoughts his instructive Discourses, and enter into the very Spirit of his refined Doctrines: That the Graces may be transfused into thy Breast, and the Doctrines transcribed in thy Life.—Follow him to CALVARY's horrid Eminence, to CALVARY's fatal Catastrophe; where Innocence, Dignity, and Merit,

were *made perfect through Sufferings* : each shining, with all possible Splendor, through the tragical Scene ; somewhat like his own radiant Bow, then glowing with the greatest Beauty, when appearing on the darkest Cloud.—Be thy most constant Attention fixed on that lovely and sorrowful Spectacle.—Behold the spotless Victim, nailed to the Tree, and stabbed to the Heart. Hear Him pouring out Prayers for his Murderers, before He poured out his Soul for Transgressors. See the Wounds, that stream with Forgiveness, and BLEED BALM for a distempered World. O ! see the Justice of the Almighty and his Goodness ; his Mercy and his Vengeance ; every TREMENDOUS and GRACIOUS Attribute manifested ; manifested with inexpressible Glory, in that most IGNOMINIOUS, yet GRANDEST, of Transactions.

SINCE GOD is so inconceivably great, as these his marvellous Works declare ;

Since the great Sov'reign sends ten thousand Worlds,
To tell us, He resides above them all,
In Glory's unapproachable Recess⁹⁴ ;

how can we forbear hastening, with MOSES, bowing ourselves to the Earth, and worshipping ?

O! WHAT an honourable, as well as advantageous Employ, is Prayer!—ADVANTAGEOUS: By Prayer, we cultivate that improving Correspondence with JEHOVAH, we carry on that gladdening Intercourse with his SPIRIT, which must begin Here, in order to be completed in Eternity.—HONOURABLE: By Prayer, we have Access to that mighty Potentate, whose Sceptre sways universal Nature, and whose rich Regalia fill the Skies with Lustre. Prayer places us in his Presence-chamber, while “the Blood of Sprinkling” procures us a gracious Audience.

SHALL I then BLUSH to be found prostrate before the Throne of Grace? Shall I be ASHAMED to have it known, that I offer up social Supplications in the Family, or am conscientious in observing my private Retirements? Rather let me glory in this unspeakable Privilege: Let me reckon it the NOBLEST Posture, to fall low on my Knees before his Footstool; and the HIGHEST Honour, to enjoy Communion with his most exalted Majesty.—Incomparably more noble, than to sit, in Person, on the triumphal Chariot; or to stand, in Effigy, amidst the Temple of Worthies.

Most inestimable, in such a View, is that Promise; which so often occurs in the prophetic Writings, and is the crowning Benefit of the new Covenant; *I will be thy God*⁹⁵.—Will this supremely excellent and Almighty Being vouchsafe to be MY Portion? To settle upon a poor Sinner, not the Heritage of a County, not the Possession of the whole Earth, but his own ever-blessed SELF? May I then, through his free condescending Grace, and the unknown Merits of his Son, look upon all these infinitely noble Attributes as my Treasure? May I regard the WISDOM, which superintends such a Multitude of Worlds, as my Guide; the POWER, which produced, and preserves them in Existence, as my Guard; the GOODNESS, which, by an endless Communication of Favours, renders them all so many Habitations of Happiness, as MY EXCEEDING GREAT REWARD?—What a Fund of Felicity is included in such a Blessing! How often does the ISRAELITISH Prince exult in the Assurance, that this unutterable and boundless Good is his own? Interested in this, he bids Defiance to every Evil, that can be dreaded; and rests in certain Expectation of every Blessing, that can be desired. The *LORD is my Light, and my Salvation; whom then shall I fear?* The *LORD*, with an Air

of Exultation, he repeats both his Affiance, and his Challenge, *is the Strength of my Life; of whom then shall I be afraid*⁹⁶? Nothing so effectual, as this appropriating Faith, to inspire a Dignity of Mind, superior to transitory Trifles; or to create a Calmness of Temper, unalarmed by vulgar Fears, unappalled by Death itself.—*The LORD is my Shepherd*, says the same truly gallant and heroic Personage; *therefore shall I lack nothing*⁹⁷. How is it possible He should suffer Want, who has the All-sufficient Fulness for his Supply? So long as unerring Wisdom is capable of contriving the Means; so long as uncontrollable Power is able to execute them; such a one cannot fail of being safe and happy; whether he continue amidst the Vicissitudes of Time, or depart into the unchangeable Eternity.

HERE let us stand a Moment, and humbly contemplate this great GOD, together with ourselves, in a relative View.—If we reflect on the Works of MATERIAL Nature, their Number incomprehensible, and their Extent unmeasurable: each of them, apart, so admirably framed; the Connexions of the Whole so exquisitely regulated; and all derived from one and the same glorious Agent—

If we recollect the far more noble Accomplishments of elegant Taste, and discerning Judgment; of refined Affections, and exalted Sentiments; which are to be found among the several Orders of INTELLIGENT Existence; and all of them flowing, in rich Emanations, from the one sole Fountain of intellectual Light—If we farther consider this Author of material Beauty, and moral Excellency, as a GUARDIAN, a GOVERNOR, and BENEFactor, to all his Creatures; supporting the whole System, and protecting each Individual, by an ever-watchful Providence; presiding over the minutest Affairs, and causing all Events to terminate in the most extensive Good; heaping, with unremitted Liberality, his Benefits upon every capable Object, and making the Circuit of the Universe a Seminary of Happiness—Is it possible for the human Heart, under such captivating Views, to be INDIFFERENT towards this most benign, most bountiful Original of Being and of Bliss? Can any be so immersed in Stupidity, as to say unto the Almighty—in the Language of an irreligious Temper, and licentious Life, to say?—“Depart from us; we implore not thy Favour; nor desire the Knowledge of thy Ways.”—Wonder, O HEAVENS! be amazed, O EARTH! and let the Inhabitants of BOTH express

their Astonishment, at this unparalleled Complication of disingenuous, ungrateful, destructive Perverseness !

IF we consider our **FALLEN** and **IMPERFECT** State ; frail in our Bodies ; enfeebled in our Minds ; in every Part of our Constitution, and in all the Occurrences of Life, “ like a tottering Wall, or a “ broken Hedge ”—If we survey our **INDIGENT** and **INFIRM** State ; without Holiness ; without spiritual Strength ; our Possession of present Conveniencies entirely dependent on **GOD**’s sovereign Pleasure ; yea, forfeited, justly forfeited, with every future Hope, by a thousand aggravated Iniquities—If we add the various **DISASTERS** of our Condition ; agitated as we are by tumultuous Passions ; oppressed with dispiriting Fears ; held in Suspense by a Variety of perplexing⁹⁸ Cares ; liable to Pains, and exposed to Troubles ; Troubles from every Quarter ; Troubles of every Kind—Can we, amidst so many Wants, under such deplorable Infirmities, and subject to such disastrous Accidents—can we be unconcerned, whether **GOD**’s omnipotent, irresistible, all-conducting Hand be **AGAINST** us, or **FOR** us ? Imagination itself shudders at the Thought !—Can we rest satisfied, without a well-grounded Persua-

sion, that we are RECONCILED to this supreme LORD, and the Objects of his unchangeable Goodness!—If there be an abandoned Wretch, whose Apprehensions are so fatally blinded; who is so utterly lost to all Sense of his Duty, and of his Interest; let me bewail his MISERY, while I abhor his Impiety: Bewail his Misery; though Popularity, with her choicest Laurels, adorn his Brow; though Affluence, with her richest Delicacies, load his Table; though half a Nation, or half a World, conspire to call him HAPPY.

MAY I, by a believing Application, solace myself in this everlasting Source of Love, Perfection, and Joy! Grant me this Request, and I ask no more—Only, that I may expect, not with a reluctant Anxiety, but with a ready Cheerfulness, the Arrival of that important Hour; when this Veil of Flesh shall drop, and the Shadows of Mortality flee away: When I shall no longer complain of OBSCURE Knowledge; LANGUID Affections; and IMPERFECT Fruition—but shall see the uncreated and immortal Majesty: SEE Him, not in this distant and unaffecting Method, of reasoning from his Works; but with the most clear and direct Intuition of the Mind:—When I shall LOVE Him, not

with a cold and contracted Spirit; but with the most lively and enlarged Emotions of Gratitude:—When I shall incessantly ENJOY the Light of his Countenance; and be united, inseparably united, to his all-glorious GODHEAD.—Take, ye Ambitious, unenvied and unopposed, take to yourselves the Toys of State. May I be enabled to REJOICE in this blessed Hope; and to TRIUMPH in that amiable, that adorable, that delightful Name, the LORD MY GOD! And I shall scarce bestow a Thought on the splendid Pageantry of the World, unless it be to DESPISE it's empty Pomp, and to PITY it's deluded Admirers.

ALL these Bodies, though immense in their Size, and almost infinite in their Multitude, are OBE-DIENT to the Divine Command. The GOD of Wisdom “telletH their Numbers,” and is intimately acquainted with their various Properties: The GOD of Power “calletH them all by their “Names,” and assigns them whatsoever Office He pleases.—He MARSHALS all the starry Legions, with infinitely greater Ease, and nicer Order, than the most expert General arranges his disciplined Troops. He appoints their POSTS; he marks their ROUTE; he fixes the Time for their RETURN. The

Posts, which he appoints, they occupy, without fail : In the Route, which he settles, they persevere, without the least Deviation : And to the Instant⁹⁹, which he fixes for their Return, they are precisely punctual. —He has given them a LAW, which, through a long Revolution of Ages, shall not be broken ; unless his sovereign Will interposes for it's REPEAL. Then, indeed, the Motion of the celestial Orbs is controlled ; their ACTION remains suspended ; or their Influence receives a new Direction.—The SUN, at his Creation, issued forth with a Command, to travel perpetually through the Heavens : since which, he has never neglected to perform the great Circuit ; rejoicing as a Giant to “ run his Race :” But, when it is requisite to accomplish the Purposes of Divine Love, the Orders are countermanded ; the flaming Courier remits his Career ; *stands still in Gibeon*¹⁰⁰ ; and, for the Conveniency of the chosen People, holds back the falling Day.—The MOON was dispatched with a Charge, never to intermit her revolving Course, till Day and Night come to an End : But, when the Children of Providence are to be favoured with an uncommon Continuance of Light, she halts in her March ; makes a solemn Pause *in the Valley of Ajalon*¹⁰¹ ; and delays to bring on her attendant Train of Shadows.—When the Enemies

of the LORD are to be discomfited, the STARS are levied into the Service; the Stars are armed, and take the Field; *the Stars, in their Courses, fought against Sisera*¹⁰².

So dutiful is material Nature! So obsequious, in ALL her FORMS, to her Creator's Pleasure!—The bellowing Thunders listen to his Voice, and the vollied Lightnings observe the Direction of his Eye: The flying Storm, and impetuous Whirlwind, wear his Yoke: The raging Waves revere his Nod: they shake the Earth; they dash the Skies; yet never offer to pass the Limits which He has prescribed.—Even the planetary Spheres, though vastly LARGER than this wide-extended Earth, are, in his Hand, as CLAY in the Hands of the Potter: Though, SWIFTER than the Northern Blast, they sweep the long Tracts of Æther; yet are they guided by his Reins, and execute whatever He enjoins.—All those enormous Globes of CENTRAL Fire, which beam through the boundless Azure; in comparison of which, an Army of Planets were like a Swarm of Summer Insects; those, even those, are conformable to his Will, as the MELTING WAX to the impressed Seal.—Since ALL, ALL is obedient, throughout the whole Ascent of Things, shall Man be the

ONLY REBEL against the Almighty Maker? Shall these unruly APPETITES reject his Government, and refuse their Allegiance? Shall these headstrong PASSIONS break loose from Divine Restraint; and run wild, in exorbitant Sallies, after their own Imaginations?

O MY Soul, be stung with Remorse, and overwhelmed with Confusion, at the Thought! Is it not a righteous Thing, that the blessed GOD should sway the Sceptre, with the most absolute Authority, over all the Creatures which his Power has formed? Especially over those Creatures, whom his distinguishing Favour has endued with the noble Principle of Reason, and made capable of a blissful Immortality? Sure, if all the Ranks of inanimate Existence conform to their Maker's Decree, by the NECESSITY of their Nature; this more excellent Race of Beings should pay their equal Homage, by the WILLING Compliance of their Affections¹⁰³. —Come, then, all ye FACULTIES of my MIND; come, all ye POWERS of my BODY; give up yourselves, without a Moment's Delay, without the least Reserve, to his Governance: Stand, like dutiful Servants, at his Footstool, in an everlasting Readiness, to do whatsoever He requires, to BE whatso-

ever He appoints: To further, with united Efforts, the Purposes of his Glory in this earthly Scene: or else to separate, without Reluctance, at his Summons; the ONE, to sleep in the silent Dust; the OTHER, to advance his Honour in some remoter Colony of his Kingdom.—Thus may I join, with all the Works of the LORD, in all Places of his Dominion, to recognize his universal Supremacy; and proclaim him Sovereign of Souls, as well as Ruler of Worlds.

AT my first coming abroad, all these Luminaries were ECLIPSED by the overpowering Lustre of the Sun. They were all placed in the very same Stations, and played the same sprightly Beams; yet not one of them was seen. As the Daylight wore away, and the sober Shades advanced; HESPERUS, who leads the starry Train, disclosed his radiant Forehead, and caught my Eye. While I stood gazing on his bright and beautiful Aspect, several of his Attendants peeped through the blue Curtains. Scarce had I turned to observe these fresh Emanations of Splendor, but others dropt the Veil; others stole into View: When, lo! faster and more numerous, Multitudes sprung from Obscurity; they poured, in shining Troops, and in

sweet Confusion, over all the empyrean Plain: till the Firmament seemed like one vast Constellation, and “a Flood of Glory burst from all the Skies.”

Is not such the RISE, and such the PROGRESS, of a true CONVERSION, in the prejudiced Infidel, or inattentive Sinner? During the Period of his vainer Years, a thousand interesting Truths lay utterly undiscovered, a thousand momentous Concerns were entirely disregarded: but, when divine Grace dissipates the delusive Glitter, which dazzled his Understanding, and beguiled his Affections; then he begins to discern, dimly to discern, the Things which belong unto his Peace: Some Admonition of Scripture darts Conviction into his Soul; as the Glimmering of a Star pierces the Gloom of Night:—Then, perhaps, another awful, or cheering Text, impresses Terror, or diffuses Comfort: A THREATENING alarms his Fears, or a PROMISE awakens his Hopes: This, possibly, is succeeded by some AFFLICTIVE Dispensation of Providence, and improved by some edifying and INSTRUCTIVE Conversation: All which is established, as to it's Continuance; and enlarged, as to it's Influence; by a diligent Study of the sacred Word.—By this means, new Truths continually pour their Evidence: Scenes

of refined and exalted, but hitherto unknown Delight, address him with their Attractives: New Desires take wing; new Pursuits are set on foot: A new Turn of Mind forms his Temper; a new Habit of Conversation regulates his Life: In a Word; *old Things are passed away, and all Things become new*: He, who was sometimes Darkness, is now Light, and Life, and Joy in the LORD.

THE more attentively I view the crystal Concave, the more fully I discern the Richness of it's Decorations: Abundance of minuter Lights, which lay concealed from a SUPERFICIAL Notice, are visible on a CLOSER Examination; especially in those Tracts of the Sky which are called the GALAXY, and are distinguishable by a Sort of milky Path. There, the Stars are crowded, rather than disseminated: the Region seems to be all on a Blaze with their blended Rays.—Besides this vast Profusion, which in my present Situation the Eye discovers; was I to make my Survey from any other Part of the Globe, lying nearer the Southern Pole, I should behold a NEW CHOIR of starry Bodies, which have never appeared within our Horizon.—Was I (which is still more wonderful), either Here or There, to view the Firmament with the Virtuoso's Glass; I should

find a prodigious Multitude of flaming Orbs, which, immersed in Depths of Æther, escape the keenest unassisted Sight¹⁰⁴:—Yet, in these various Situations, even with the Aid of the telescopic Tube, I should not be able to descry the Half, perhaps not a THOUSANDTH Part, of those majestic Luminaries, which the vast expansive Heavens contain¹⁰⁵:—So, the more diligently I pursue my Search into those Oracles of eternal Truth, the SCRIPTURES; I perceive a wider, a deeper, an ever-increasing Fund of spiritual Treasures: I perceive the brighter Strokes of Wisdom, and the richer Displays of Goodness; a more transcendent Excellency in the illustrious Messiah, and a more deplorable Vileness in fallen Man; a more immaculate Purity in God's Law, and more precious Privileges in his Gospel: Yet, after a Course of Study ever so assiduous, ever so prolonged, I should have Reason to own myself a mere BABE in heavenly Knowledge; or, at most, but a PUERILE Proficient in the School of CHRIST.

AFTER all my most accurate Inspection, those starry Orbs appear but as GLITTERING POINTS: Even the Planets, though so much nearer our earthly Mansion, seem only like burning BULLETS. If, then, we have such IMPERFECT APPREHENSIONS

of visible and material Things; how much more scanty and inadequate must be our Notions of invisible and immortal Objects!—We behold the Stars: Though every one is incomparably bigger than the Globe we inhabit; yet they dwindle, upon our Survey, into the most diminutive Forms. Thus, we see by Faith the Glories of the blessed JESUS; the atoning Efficacy of his Death; the justifying Merit of his Righteousness; and the Joys which are reserved for his Followers. But, alas! even our most EXALTED Ideas are vastly below the Truth: As much below the Truth; as the Report, which our Eyes make of those celestial Edifices, is inferior to their real Grandeur.—Should we take in all the MAGNIFYING Assistances, which Art has contrived; those luminous Bodies would elude our Skill, and appear as SMALL as ever. Should an Inhabitant of Earth travel towards the Cope of Heaven; and be carried forwards, in his aerial Journey, more than a hundred and sixty Millions of Miles¹⁰⁶; even in that advanced Situation, those OCEANS of FLAME would look no larger than RADIANT SPECKS.—In like Manner, conceive ever so magnificently of the Redeemer's Honours; and of the Bliss which he has purchased for his People; yet you will fall short. Raise your Imagination HIGHER; stretch your In-

vention WIDER; give them ALL the Scope which a soaring and excursive Fancy can take; still your Conceptions will be extremely DISPROPORTIONATE to their genuine Perfections.—Vast are the Bodies, which roll in the Expanse of Heaven: vaster far are those Fields of Æther, through which they run their endless Round: but the Excellency of JESUS, and the Happiness laid up for his Servants, are greater than EITHER; than BOTH; than ALL. An inspired Writer calls the former, “The unsearchable Riches of CHRIST;” and styles the latter, “An exceeding great and eternal Weight of Glory.”

IF those Stars are so many inexhaustible Magazines of Fire, and immense RESERVOIRS of Light; there is no Reason to doubt, but they have some very GRAND USES, suitable to the Magnificence of their Nature. To specify, or explain, the particular Purposes they answer, is altogether impossible, in our present State of Distance and Ignorance. This, however, we may clearly discern; they are disposed in that very Manner, which is most PLEASING and most SERVICEABLE to Mankind.—They are not placed at an INFINITE REMOVE, so as to lie beyond our Sight; neither are they brought so NEAR

our Abode, as to annoy us with their Beams. We see them shine on every Side: The deep Azure, which serves them as a Ground, heightens their Splendor: At the same Time, their Influence is gentle, and their Rays are destitute of Heat: So that we are surrounded with a Multitude of fiery Globes, which beautify and illuminate the Firmament, without any Risk, either to the COOLNESS of our Night, or the QUIET of our Repose.—Who can sufficiently admire that wondrous Benignity; which, on our Account, strews the EARTH with Blessings of every Kind, and vouchsafes to make the VERY HEAVENS subservient to our Delight?

It is not solely to adorn the Roof of our Palace with costly Gildings, that GOD commands the celestial Luminaries to glitter through the Gloom: we also reap considerable Benefits from their Ministry.—They DIVIDE our TIME, and fix it's solemn Periods: they settle the ORDER of our WORKS; and are, according to the Destination mentioned in sacred Writ, “for Signs, and for Seasons; for Days, “and for Years.” The Returns of Heat and Cold alone would have been too precarious a Rule: But these radiant Bodies; by the VARIATION, and also by the REGULARITY, of their MOTIONS; afford

a Method of calculating, absolutely certain, and sufficiently obvious. By this, the FARMER is instructed when to commit his Grain to the Furrows, and how to conduct the Operations of Husbandry: by this, the SAILOR knows when to proceed on his Voyage, with least Peril; and how to carry on the Business of Navigation, with most Success.

WHY should not the Christian, the Probationer for Eternity, learn, from the same Monitors, to NUMBER—for nobler Purposes, to number—his DAYS; and duly to transact the grand, grand Affairs of his everlasting Salvation? Since GOD has appointed so many bright Measurers of our Time, to determine it's larger Periods, and to minute down it's ordinary Stages; sure, this most strongly inculcates it's VALUE, and should powerfully prompt us to IMPROVE it.—Behold! the supreme Lord marks the Progress of our Life, in that most conspicuous Kalendar above. Does not such an Ordination tell us, and in the most emphatical Language, That our Life is given for USE, not for WASTE? That no Portion of it is delivered, but under a strict Account; that all of it is entered, as it passes, in the Divine Register; and, therefore, that the Stewards of such a Talent are to expect a future Reckoning?

—Behold! the very Heavens are bidden to be the ACCOMPTANTS, of our Years, and Months, and Days. O! may this induce us to manage them with a vigilant Frugality; to part with them, as Misers with their HOARDED TREASURE, warily and circumspectly; and, if possible, as Merchants with their RICH COMMODITIES, not without an Equivalent, either in personal Improvement, or social Usefulness!

How BRIGHT the starry Diamonds shine! The Ambition of Eastern Monarchs could imagine no Distinction more noble and sublime, than that of being likened to those beaming Orbs¹⁹⁷.—They form Night's RICHEST DRESS; and sparkle upon her sable Robe, like Jewels of the finest Lustre. Like Jewels! I wrong their Character. The lucid Stone has no Brilliancy; quenched is the Flame even of the golden Topaz; compared with those glowing Decorations of Heaven.—How widely are their radiant Honours DIFFUSED! No Nation so remote, but sees their Beauty, and rejoices in their Usefulness: They have been admired by all preceding Generations; and every rising Age will gaze on their Charms with renewed Delight.—How ANIMATING, then, is that Promise, made to the faithful

Ministers of the Gospel! "They that turn many
" to Righteousness shall shine as the Stars for ever
" and ever¹⁰⁸." Is not this a most winning Encouragement, "to spend and be spent," in the Service of Souls? Methinks, the Stars beckon, as they twinkle: Methinks, they shew me their Splendors, on purpose to inspire me with ALACRITY, in the Race set before me; on purpose to enliven my ACTIVITY, in the Work that is given me to do.—Yes, ye majestic Monitors, I understand your Meaning. If Honour has any Charms; if true Glory, the Glory which cometh from GOD, is any Attractive; you display the most powerful Incitements, to exercise all Assiduity in my holy Vocation. I will, henceforth, observe your Intimation; and, when Zeal becomes LANGUID, have recourse to your heavenly Lamps: if so be I may REKINDLE it's Ardor at those inextinguishable Fires.

OF the POLAR Star, it is observable; that, while other Luminaries ALTER their Situation, this seems invariably FIXED¹⁰⁹: While other Luminaries now mount the Battlements of Heaven, and appear upon Duty; now retire beneath the Horizon, and resign to a fresh Set the Watches of the Night; this never departs from it's Station: this, in every Season,

maintains an uniform Position ; and is always to be found in the same Tract of the Northern Sky.— How often has this beamed bright Intelligence on the SAILOR, and conducted the Keel to it's desired Haven ! In early Ages, those, who went down to the Sea in Ships, and occupied their Business in great Waters, had scarce any other sure Guide for their wandering Vessel : This therefore they viewed with the most solicitous Attention ; by this, they formed their Observations, and regulated their Voyage : When this was obscured by Clouds, or enveloped in Mists, the trembling Mariner was BEWILDERED on the watery Waste : his Thoughts fluctuated as much as the floating Surge ; and he knew not WHERE he was advanced, or WHITHER he should steer : But, when this auspicious Star broke through the Gloom ; it dissipated the Anxiety of his Mind, and cleared up his dubious Passage : he reassumed, with Alacrity, the Management of the Helm ; and was able to shape his Course with some tolerable Degree of Satisfaction and Certainty.

SUCH, only much clearer in it's Light, and much surer in it's Direction, is the HOLY WORD of GOD to those Myriads of intellectual Beings who are bound for the eternal Shores ; who, embarked in a

Vessel of feeble Flesh, are to pass the Waves of this tempestuous and perilous World. In all DIFFICULTIES, those sacred Pages shed an encouraging Ray; in all UNCERTAINTIES, they suggest the right Determination, and point out the proper Procedure. What is still a more inestimable Advantage; they, like the Star which conducted the Eastern Sages, make plain the Way of Access to a REDEEMER. They display his unspeakable Merits; they discover the Method of being interested in his great Atonement; and lead the weary Soul, TOSSED by Troubles, and SHATTERED by Temptations, to that only Harbour of peaceful Repose.— Let us, therefore, attend to this UNERRING Directory, with the same Constancy of Regard, as the seafaring Man observes his Compass: Let us become as thoroughly acquainted with this sacred Chart, as the Pilot is with every trusty Mark that gives notice of a lurking Rock, and with every open Road that yields a safe Passage into the Port. Above all, let us commit ourselves to this infallible Guidance, with the same implicit Resignation; let us conform our Conduct to it's exalted Precepts, with the same sedulous Care; as the Children of ISRAEL, when sojourning in the trackless Desert, followed the Pillar of Fire, and the Motions of the

miraculous Cloud.—So will it introduce us, not into an earthly CANAAN, flowing with Milk and Honey; but into an IMMORTAL Paradise, where is the Fulness of Joy, and where are Pleasures for evermore. It will introduce us into those happy, happy Regions, where *our Sun shall no more go down, nor our Moon withdraw itself; for the LORD shall be our everlasting Light, and the Days of our Mourning, together with the Fatigues of our Pilgrimage, shall be ended*¹¹⁰.

I PERCEIVE a great VARIETY in the Size and Splendor of those Gems of Heaven: Some are of the first Magnitude; others of an inferior Order: Some GLOW with intense Flames; others GLIMMER with fainter Beams: Yet ALL are beautiful; all have their peculiar Lustre, and distinct Use; all tend, in their different Degrees, to enamel the Cope of Heaven, and embroider the Robe of Night.—This Circumstance is remarked by an Author, whose Sentiments are a Source of Wisdom, and the very Standard of Truth: “One Star,” says the Apostle of the GENTILES, “DIFFERETH from another Star in “Glory: So also is the Resurrection of the Dead.”

IN the World above, are various DEGREES of Happiness, various Seats of Honour: Some will rise

to more illustrious Distinctions, and richer Joys¹¹¹: Some, like Vessels of ample Capacity, will admit more copious Accessions of Light and Excellence: Yet there will be no Want, no Deficiency, in any; but a Fulness both of Divine Satisfaction, and personal Perfections: EACH will enjoy ALL the Good, and be adorned with ALL the Glory, that his Heart can wish, or his Condition receive.—None will know what it is to envy. Not the least Malevolence, nor the least Selfishness, but everlasting Friendship prevails, and a mutual Complacency in each other's Delight. Love, cordial Love, will give every particular Saint a Participation of all the Fruitions¹¹², which are diffused through the whole Assembly of the Blessed.—No one ECLIPSES, but each REFLECTS LIGHT upon his Brother. A sweet Interchange of Rays subsists; all enlightened by the great Fountain, and all enlightening one another. By which reciprocal Communication of Pleasure and Amity, each will be continually RECEIVING FROM, each incessantly ADDING TO, the general Felicity.

HAPPY, supremely happy, they, who are admitted into the celestial Mansions. Better to be a Door-keeper in those “ivory Palaces¹¹³,” than

to fill the most gorgeous Throne on Earth. The very lowest Place at God's Right-hand is distinguished Honour, and consummate Bliss.—O! that we may, in some Measure, anticipate that beatific State, while we remain in our Banishment below! May we, BY REJOICING in the superior Prosperity of another, make it OUR OWN! And, provided the general Result is Harmony, be content, be pleased, with whatsoever Part is assigned to our Share in the universal Choir of Affairs.

WHILE I am considering the heavenly Bodies, I must not entirely forget those fundamental Laws of our modern Astronomy, PROJECTION and ATTRACTION: One of which is the all-combining Cement, the other is the ever-operative Spring, of the mighty Frame.—In the Beginning, the all-creating FIAT impressed a proper Degree of Motion on each of those whirling Orbs: which, if not controlled, would have carried them on, in strait Lines, and to endless Lengths, till they were even lost in the Abyss of Space: But, the GRAVITATING Property, being added to the PROJECTILE Force, determined their Courses to a CIRCULAR¹¹⁴ Form, and obliged the reluctant Rovers to perform their destined Rounds.—Were either of those Causes to suspend

their Action, all the harmoniously moving Spheres would be disconcerted: would degenerate into sluggish inactive Masses; and, falling into the central Fire, be BURN'T to Ashes: Or else, would exorbitate into wild Confusion; and each, by the Rapidity of it's Whirl, be DISSIPATED into Atoms. But, the impulsive and attractive Energy, being most nicely attempered to each other; and, under the immediate Operation of the Almighty, exerting themselves in perpetual Concert; the various Globes run their radiant Races, without the least Interruption, or the least Deviation: So as to create the alternate Changes of DAY and NIGHT, and distribute the useful Vicissitudes of SUCCEEDING Seasons; so as to answer all the great Ends of a gracious Providence, and procure every comfortable Convenience for universal Nature.

Does not this Constitution of the material, very naturally lead the Thoughts to those grand Principles of the moral and devotional World, FAITH and LOVE?—These are often celebrated by the inspired Apostle, as a comprehensive Summary of the Gospel¹¹⁵: These inspirit the Breast, and regulate the Progress, of each private Christian: These unite the whole Congregation of the Faithful to GOD,

and one another: To God, the great Centre, in the Bonds of Gratitude and Devotion; to one another, by a reciprocal Intercourse of brotherly Affections, and friendly Offices.—If you ask; Why is it impossible for the true Believer, to live at all Adventures? to STAGNATE in Sloth, or habitually to DEVIATE from Duty?—We answer; It is owing to “his Faith working by Love¹¹⁶.” He assuredly trusts, that CHRIST has sustained the Infamy, and endured the Torment, due to his Sins: He firmly relies on that Divine Propitiation, for the Pardon of all his Guilt; and humbly expects everlasting Salvation, as the Purchase of his Saviour’s Merits. This produces such a Spirit of Gratitude, as refines his Inclinations, and animates his whole Behaviour. He cannot, he cannot run to Excess of Riot; because Love to his adorable Redeemer, like a strong, but silken CURB, sweetly restrains him: He cannot, he cannot lie lulled in a lethargic Indolence; because Love to the same infinite Benefactor, like a pungent, but endearing SPUR, pleasingly excites him.—In a Word; Faith supplies the powerful Impulse, while Love gives the determining Bias; and leads the willing Feet through the whole Circle of God’s Commandments. By the united Efficacy of these HEAVENLY GRACES, the Christian Conduct is pre-

served in the Uniformity and Beauty of Holiness; as, by the blended Power of those NEWTONIAN PRINCIPLES, the Solar System revolves in a steady and magnificent Regularity.

How admirable, how extensive, how diversified, is the Force of this single Principle, ATTRACTION¹¹⁷! —This penetrates the very Essence of all Bodies, and diffuses itself to the remotest Limits of the mundane System.—By this, the Worlds impressed with Motion hang SELF-BALANCED on their Centres¹¹⁸; and, though Orbs of immense Magnitude, require nothing, but this amazing Property, for their Support.—To this we ascribe a Phænomenon, of a very different Kind, the PRESSURE of the Atmosphere: which, though a yielding and expansive Fluid, yet constipated by an attractive Energy, surrounds the whole Globe, and incloses every Creature, as it were with a tight Bandage: An Expedient, this, absolutely necessary to preserve the Texture of our Bodies; and, indeed, to maintain every Species of animal Existence.—Attraction! Urged by this wonderful Impetus, the RIVERS circulate, copious and unintermitted, among all the Nations of the Earth; sweeping with Rapidity down the Steeps, or softly ebbing through the Plains. Impelled by the same

mysterious Force, the NUTRITIOUS JUICES are detached from the Soil; and, ascending the Trees, find their Way through Millions of the finest Meanders, in order to transfuse vegetative Life into all the Branches.—This confines the OCEAN within proper Bounds: Though the Waves thereof roar; though they toss themselves, with all the Madness of indignant Rage; yet, checked by this potent, this inevitable Curb, they are unable to pass even the slight Barrier of Sand. To this the MOUNTAINS owe that unshaken Firmness, which laughs at the Shock of careering Winds; and bids the Tempest, with all it's mingled Horrors, impotently rave.—By virtue of this invisible Mechanism; without the Aid of Crane or Pulley, or any Instrument of human Device; many thousand Tons of Water are RAISED, every Moment, into the Regions of the Firmament. By this, they continue SUSPENDED in thin Air, without any capacious Cistern to contain their Substance, or any massy Pillars to sustain their Weight. By this same variously acting Power, they return to the Place of their native Residence; DISTILLED in gentle Falls of Dew, or PRECIPITATED in impetuous Showers of Rain: they SLIDE into the Fields in fleecy Flights of Snow, or are DARTED upon the Houses in clattering Storms of

Hail.—This occasions the strong **COHESION** of solid Bodies: without which, our large Machines could exert themselves with no Vigour; and the nicer Utensils of Life would elude our Expectations of Service. This affords a Foundation for all those delicate or noble mechanic Arts, which furnish Mankind with numberless Conveniencies, both of Ornament and Delight.—In short; this is the prodigious **BALLAST**, which composes the Equilibrium, and constitutes the Stability of Things: this, the great **CHAIN**, which forms the Connexions of universal Nature; and the mighty **ENGINE**, which prompts, facilitates, and, in good Measure, accomplishes all her Operations.—What **COMPLICATED** Effects, from a **SINGLE** Cause¹¹⁹! What Profusion, amidst Frugality! An unknown Profusion of Benefits, with the utmost Frugality of Expence!

AND what is this Attraction? Is it a Quality, in it's Existence, inseparable from Matter; and, in it's Acting, independent on the **DEITY**?—Quite the reverse. It is the very **FINGER** of **GOD**: the constant Impression of Divine Power: a Principle, neither innate in Matter, nor intelligible by Mortals.—Does it not, however, bear a considerable Analogy to the **AGENCY** of the **HOLY GHOST**,

in the Christian Œconomy? Are not the gracious Operations of the Blessed Spirit thus EXTENSIVE, thus ADMIRABLE, thus VARIOUS?—That Almighty Being transmits his Gifts through every Age, and communicates his Graces to every Adherent on the Redeemer: All, either of illustrious Memory, or of beneficial Tendency; in a Word, “all the Good that “is done upon Earth, He doth it himself.” Strong in HIS Aid, and in the Power of HIS Might, the Saints of all Times have trod Vice under their Feet; have triumphed over this abject World; and conversed in Heaven, while they dwelt on Earth. *Not I, but the Grace of GOD which was with me*¹²⁰, is the unanimous Acknowledgment of them All.—By the same kindly Succours, the whole Church is still enlightened, quickened, and governed. Through his benign Influences, the Scales of IGNORANCE fall from the Understanding; the Leprosy of EVIL Concupiscence is purged from the Will; and the Fetters, the more than adamantine Fetters, of HABITUAL Iniquity, drop off from the Conversation. He breathes even upon dry Bones¹²¹, and they live: they are animated with Faith; they pant with ardent and heavenly Desire; they exercise themselves in all the Duties of Godliness.—His real, though secret, Inspiration, dissolves the Flint in the impe-

nitent Breast; and binds up the Sorrows of the broken Heart: Raises the Thoughts high, in the Elevations of holy Hope; yet lays them low, in the Humiliations of inward Abasement: STEELS the Soul with impenetrable Resolutions, and persevering Fortitude; at the same Time, SOFTENS it into a dove-like Meekness, and MELTS it in penitential Sorrow.

WHEN I contemplate those ample and magnificent Structures, erected over all the ætherial Plains:—When I look upon them as so many splendid Repositories of Light, or fruitful Abodes of Life:—When I remember, that there may be other Orbs, vastly more remote than those which appear to our unaided Sight; Orbs, whose Effulgence, though travelling ever since the Creation, is not yet arrived upon our Coasts¹²²:—When I stretch my Thoughts to the innumerable Orders of Being, which inhabit all those spacious Systems; from the LOFTIEST SERAPH, to the lowest Reptile; from the Armies of Angels, which surround the Throne of JEHOVAH; to the PUNY NATIONS, which tinge with blue the Surface of the Plum¹²³, or mantle the standing Pool with Green:—How various appear the Links, in this immense Chain! How vast the Gradations,

in this universal Scale of Existence! Yet all these, though ever so vast and various, are the **WORK** of **GOD's** Hand, and are full of his **PRESENCE**.

HE rounded in his Palm those dreadfully large Globes, which are pendulous in the Vault of Heaven: He kindled those astonishingly bright Fires, which fill the Firmament with a Flood of Glory. By Him they are suspended in **FLUID** Æther, and cannot be shaken: By Him they dispense a **PERPETUAL** Tide of Beams, and are never exhausted.—He formed, with inexpressible Nicety, that delicately fine Collection of Tubes; that unknown Multiplicity of subtle Springs; which organize, and actuate, the Frame of the minutest Insect. He bids the crimson Current roll; the vital Movements play; and associates a World of Wonders, even in an **ANIMATED POINT**¹²⁴.—In all these, is a signal Exhibition of creating Power; to all these, are extended the special Regards of preserving Goodness. From hence, let me learn to rely on the Providence, and to revere the Presence, of the Supreme Majesty.

TO RELY on his **PROVIDENCE**.—For, amidst that inconceivable Number and Variety of Beings, which

swarm through the Regions of Creation, not one is overlooked, not one is neglected, by the great omnipotent Cause of all: However inconsiderable in it's Character, or diminutive in it's Size, it is still the Production of the universal Maker, and belongs to the Family of the Almighty Father.—What? though enthroned Archangels enjoy the SMILES of his COUNTENANCE! yet the low Inhabitants of Earth, the most despicable Worms of the Ground, are not excluded from his PROVIDENTIAL CARE: Though the Manifestation of his Perfections is vouchsafed to holy and intellectual Essences; his Ear is open to the Cries of the young Raven: his Eye is attentive to the Wants, and to the Welfare, of the very meanest Births of Nature.—How much less, then, are his own People disregarded? Those, for whom He has delivered his beloved Son to Death, and for whom He has prepared Habitations of eternal Joy? THEY disregarded! No. THEY are kept “as the Apple of an Eye.” The very Hairs of their Head are all numbered. The fondest Mother may FORGET the Infant, that is “dandled “upon her Knees,” and sucks at her Breast¹²⁵; much sooner than the Father of everlasting Compassions can DISCONTINUE, or REMIT, his watchful Tenderness to his People—his Children—his Heirs.

LET this teach me also a more lively Sense of the DIVINE PRESENCE.—All the rolling Worlds above ; all the living Atoms below ; together with all the Beings that intervene, betwixt these wide Extremes ; are Vouchers for an ever-present Deity. “ GOD has not left Himself without Witness.” The Marks of his Footsteps are evident in every Place, and the Touches of his Finger distinguishable in every Creature. “ *Thy Name is so nigh,* “ O Thou all-supporting, all-informing LORD ; and “ *that do thy wondrous Works declare*”¹²⁶. Thy Goodness warms in the Morning Sun, and refreshes “ in the Evening Breeze : Thy Glory shines in the “ Lamps of Midnight, and smiles in the Blossoms “ of Spring : We see a TRACE of thy incomprehensible Grandeur, in the BOUNDLESS Extent of “ Things ; and a SKETCH of thy exquisite Skill, in “ those almost EVANESCENT Sparks of Life, the “ Insect Race.”—How stupid is this Heart of mine, that, amidst such a Multitude of Remembrancers, thronging on every Side, I should forget Thee a single Moment ! Grant me, Thou great I AM ; Thou Source, and Support, of universal Existence—O ! grant me an enlightened Eye, to DISCERN Thee in every Object ; and a devout Heart, to ADORE Thee on every Occasion. Instead of living without GOD

in the World; may I be ever with Him, and see all Things full of Him!

———The glitt'ring Stars,
By the deep Ear of Meditation heard,
Still in their Midnight Watches sing of HIM.
He nods a Calm. The Tempest blows his Wrath.
The Thunder is his Voice; and the red Flash
His speedy Sword of Justice. At his Touch
The Mountains flame. He shakes the solid Earth,
And rocks the Nations. Nor in these alone,
In EV'RY COMMON INSTANCE, GOD is seen.

THOMSON'S Spring.

IF the beautiful Spangles, which a clear Night pours on the Beholder's Eye: if those other Fires, which beam in remoter Skies; and are discoverable only by, that Revelation to the Sight, the Telescope: if all those BRIGHT MILLIONS are so many Fountains of Day; enriched with native and independent Lustre; illuminating Planets, and enlivening Systems of their own¹²⁷: What Pomp, how majestic and splendid, is disclosed in the midnight Scene! What RICHES are disseminated through all those numberless Provinces of the great JEHOVAH'S Empire! Grandeur beyond Expression!—Yet, there is not

the meanest Slave, but carries GREATER Wealth in his own Bosom, possesses SUPERIOR Dignity in his own Person. The SOUL, that informs his Clay ;—the Soul, that teaches him to think, and enables him to choose ; that qualifies him to relish rational Pleasure, and to breathe sublime Desire¹²⁸ ;—the Soul, that is endowed with such noble Faculties ; and, above all, is distinguished with the DREADFUL, the GLORIOUS Capacity, of being pained, or blessed, for ever—this Soul surpasses, in Worth, whatever the Eye can see ; whatever, of material, the Fancy can imagine. Before one such intellectual Being, all the Treasure, and all the Magnificence, of unintelligent Creation, becomes poor and contemptible¹²⁹. For this Soul, Omnipotence itself has waked, and worked, through every Age. To CONVINCE this Soul, the fundamental Laws of Nature have been controlled ; and the most amazing Miracles have alarmed all the Ends of the Earth. To INSTRUCT this Soul, the Wisdom of Heaven has been transfused into the sacred Page ; and Missionaries have been sent from the Great King, who resides in Light unapproachable. To SANCTIFY this Soul, the Almighty Comforter takes the Wings of a Dove ; and, with a sweet transforming Influence, broods on the human Heart. And, O ! to

REDEEM this Soul from Guilt; to rescue it from Hell; the Heaven of Heavens was bowed, and God himself came down to dwell in Dust.

LET me pause, a while, upon this important Subject.—What are the Schemes, which engage the Attention of eminent Statesmen, and mighty Monarchs, compared with the grand Interests of an immortal Soul? The Support of Commerce, and the Success of Armies, though extremely weighty Affairs; yet, if laid in the Balance against the Salvation of a Soul, are lighter than the downy Feather poised against Talents of Gold. To save a Navy from SHIPWRECK, or a Kingdom from SLAVERY, are Deliverances of the most momentous Nature, which the Transactions of Mortality can admit. But, O! how they shrink into an inconsiderable Trifle, if (their Aspect upon Immortality forgot) they are set in competition with the Delivery of a single Soul from the Anguish and Horrors of a DISTRESSED ETERNITY¹³⁰!

Is such the Importance of the Soul! What Vigilance then can be TOO MUCH; or rather what holy Solicitude can be SUFFICIENT; for the Overseers of the Saviour's Flock, and the Guardians of this

great, this venerable, this invaluable Charge?— Since such is the Importance of the Soul; wilt thou not, O Man, be watchful for the Preservation of thy own? Shall every casual Incident awaken thy Concern, every transitory Toy command thy Regard? And shall the Welfare of thy Soul, a Work of continual Occurrence; a Work of endless Consequence; sue, in vain, for thy serious Care?—Thy Soul, thy Soul, is thy All. If this be **SECURED**, thou art greatly rich, and wilt be unspeakably happy: If this be **LOST**, a whole World acquired, will leave thee in Poverty; and all it's Delights enjoyed, will abandon thee to Misery.

I HAVE often been charmed, and awed, at the Sight of the nocturnal Heavens; even before I knew how to consider them, in their proper Circumstances of Majesty and Beauty. SOMETHING, like MAGIC, has struck my Mind, on a transient and unthinking Survey of the æthereal Vault; tinged throughout with the purest Azure, and decorated with innumerable starry Lamps. I have felt I know not what powerful and aggrandizing Impulse; which seemed to snatch me from the low Entanglements of Vanity, and prompted an ardent Sigh for **SUBLIMER OBJECTS**. Methought, I heard,

even from the silent Spheres, a commanding Call, to spurn the abject Earth, and pant after unseen Delights.—Henceforward, I hope to imbibe more copiously, this MORAL EMANATION of the Skies; when, in some such Manner as the preceding, they are rationally seen, and the Sight is duly improved. The Stars, I trust, will TEACH as well as SHINE; and help to dispel, both Nature's Gloom, and my intellectual Darkness. To some People, they discharge no better a Service, than that of holding a Flambeau to their Feet, and softening the Horrors of their Night. To me and my Friends, may they act as Ministers of a superior Order; as Counsellors of Wisdom, and Guides to Happiness! Nor will they fail to execute this nobler Office, if they gently light our Way into the Knowledge of their adored Maker; if they point out, with their silver Rays, our Path to his beatific Presence.

I GAZE, I ponder: I ponder, I gaze; and think ineffable Things.—I roll an Eye of Awe and Admiration. Again and again I repeat my ravished Views; and can never satiate either my Curiosity, or my Inquiry. I spring my Thoughts into this immense Field, till even Fancy tires upon her Wing. I find Wonders, EVER NEW; Wonders, more and

MORE AMAZING.—Yet, after all my present Inquiries, what a mere NOTHING do I know; by all my future Searches, how LITTLE shall I be able to learn; of those vastly distant Suns, and their circling Retinue of Worlds! Could I pry with NEWTON'S piercing Sagacity, or launch into his extensive Surveys; even then, my Apprehensions would be little better, than those dim and scanty Images, which the MOLE, just emerged from her Cavern, receives on her feeble Optic.—This, sure, should repress all impatient or immoderate Ardor to pry into the Secrets of the starry Structures; and make me more particularly careful to cultivate my Heart. To fathom the Depths of the Divine Essence; or to scan universal Nature, with a critical Exactness; is an Attempt, which sets the ACUTEST PHILOSOPHER very nearly on a Level with THE IDIOT: since it is almost, if not altogether, as impracticable by the former, as by the latter.

BE it, then, my chief Study, not to pursue, what is absolutely unattainable; but rather to seek, what is obvious to find; easy to be acquired; and of inestimable Advantage, when possessed. O! let me seek THAT CHARITY, which edifieth¹³¹; THAT FAITH, which purifieth. Love, humble Love, not

conceited Science, keeps the Door of Heaven. Faith, a child-like Faith in JESUS; not the haughty self-sufficient Spirit, which scorns to be ignorant of any thing; presents a Key¹³² to those Abodes of Bliss.—This present State is the Scene destined to the EXERCISE of DEVOTION; the invisible World is the Place appointed for the ENJOYMENT of KNOWLEDGE. There, the Dawn of our infantile Minds will be advanced to the Maturity of perfect Day; or, rather, there our midnight Shades will be brightened into all the Lustre of Noon: There, the Souls which come from the School of Faith, and bring with them the Principles of Love, will dwell in Light itself; will be obscured with no Darkness at all; will know, even as they are known¹³³.—Such an Acquaintance, therefore, do I desire to form, and to carry on such a Correspondence, with the heavenly Bodies; as may shed a benign Influence on the Seeds of Grace implanted in my Breast. Let the exalted Tracts of the Firmament sink my Soul into DEEP HUMILIATION: Let those eternal Fires kindle in my Heart an ADORING GRATITUDE to their Almighty Sovereign: Let yonder ponderous and enormous Globes, which rest on his supporting Arm, teach me an UNSHAKEN AFFIANCE in their incarnate Maker. Then shall I

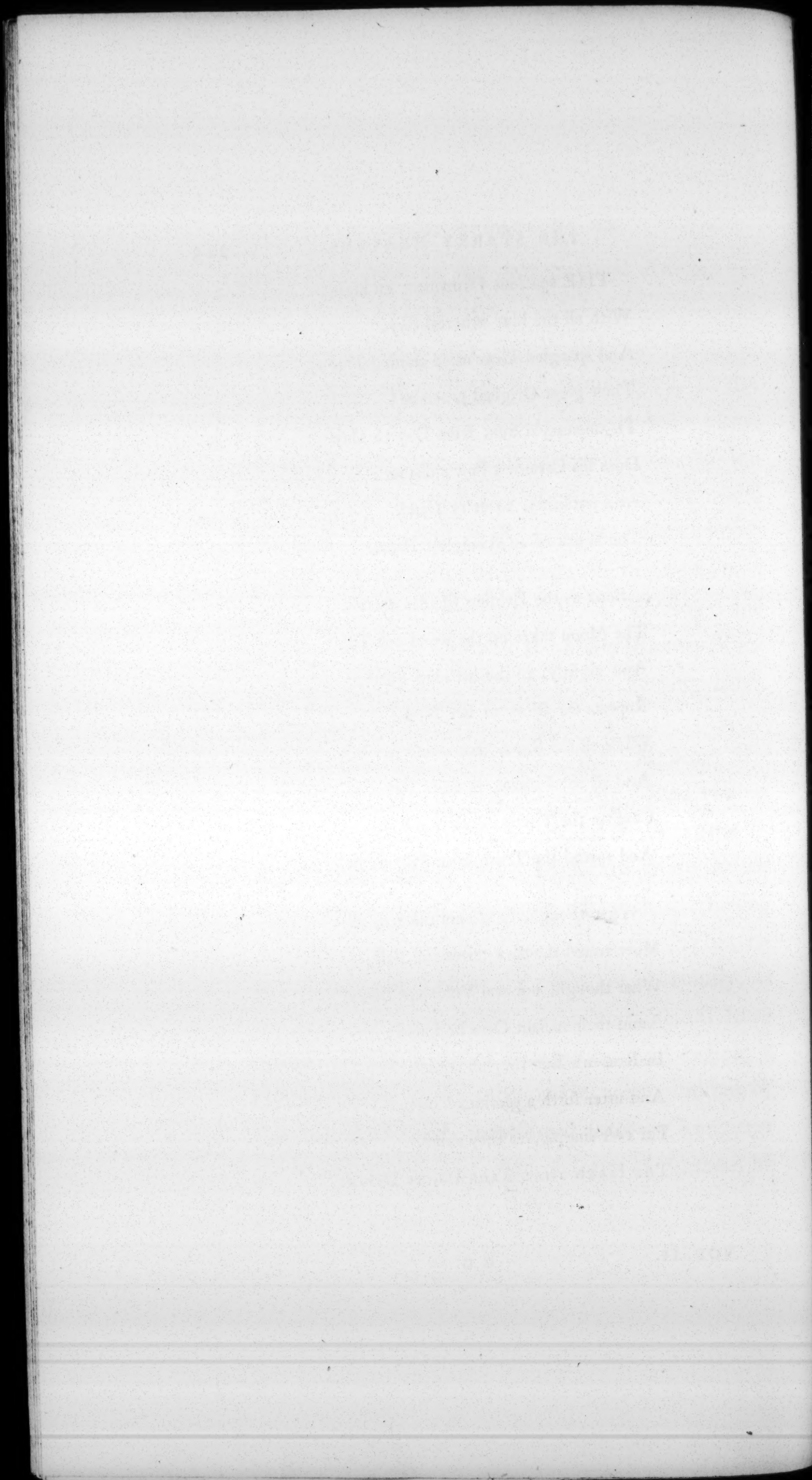
be—if not wise as the astronomical Adept, yet
WISE UNTO SALVATION.

HAVING now walked, and worshipped, in this
UNIVERSAL TEMPLE, that is arched with Skies,
emblazed with Stars, and extended even to Im-
mensity—Having cast an Eye, like the enraptured
Patriarch¹³⁴; an Eye of REASON and DEVOTION,
through the magnificent Scene: With the former,
having discovered an Infinitude of Worlds; and
with the latter, having met the Deity in every View
—Having beheld, as MOSES in the flaming Bush,
a GLIMPSE of JEHOVAH's Excellencies! reflected
from the several Planets, and streaming from My-
riads of celestial Luminaries—Having read various
Lessons in that stupendous BOOK of WISDOM¹³⁵,
where unmeasurable Sheets of Azure compose the
Page; and Orbs of Radiance write, in everlasting
Characters, a COMMENT on our Creed—What re-
mains, but that I close the midnight Solemnity, as
our LORD concluded his grand Sacramental Insti-
tution, with a SONG of PRAISE?—And behold a
Hymn, suited to the sublime Occasion, indited by
Inspiration¹³⁶ itself, transferred into our Language
by¹³⁷ one of the happiest Efforts of human In-
genuity.

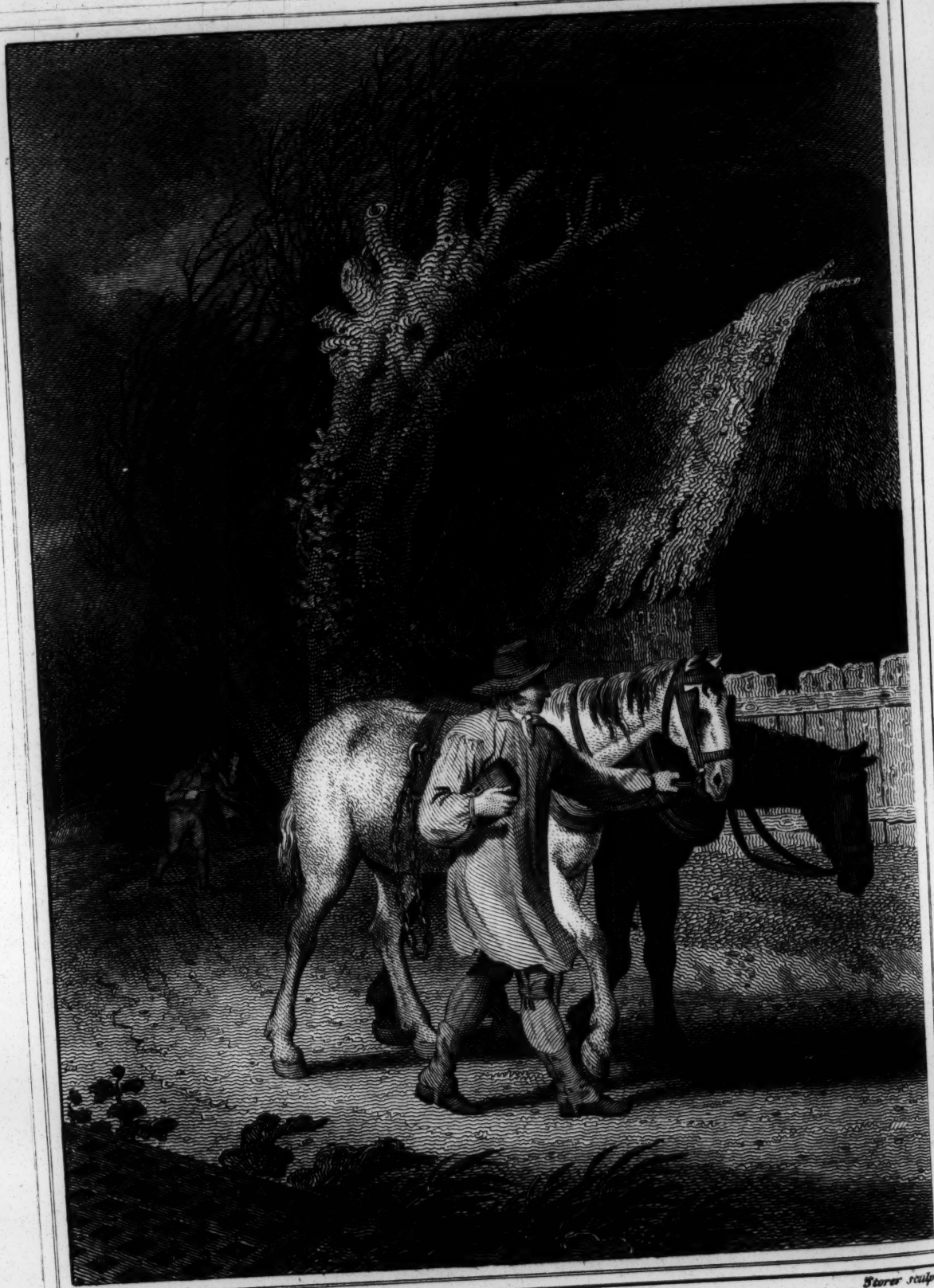
THE spacious Firmament on high,
With all the blue æthereal Sky,
And spangled Heav'ns, a shining Frame,
Their great Original proclaim :
Th' unweary'd Sun, from Day to Day,
Does his Creator's Pow'r display ;
And publishes, to ev'ry Land,
The Work of an Almighty Hand.

Soon as the Ev'ning Shades prevail,
The Moon takes up the wondrous Tale ;
And nightly, to the list'ning Earth,
Repeats the Story of her Birth :
While all the Stars, that round her burn,
And all the Planets, in their Turn,
Confirm the Tidings as they roll,
And spread the Truth from Pole to Pole.

What though, in solemn Silence, all
Move round the dark terrestrial Ball ;
What though, nor real Voice nor Sound
Amid their radiant Orbs be found ;
In Reason's Ear they all rejoice,
And utter forth a glorious Voice,
For ever singing, as they shine,
THE HAND THAT MADE US, IS DIVINE.







Corbould del.

Storer sculp.

WINTER.

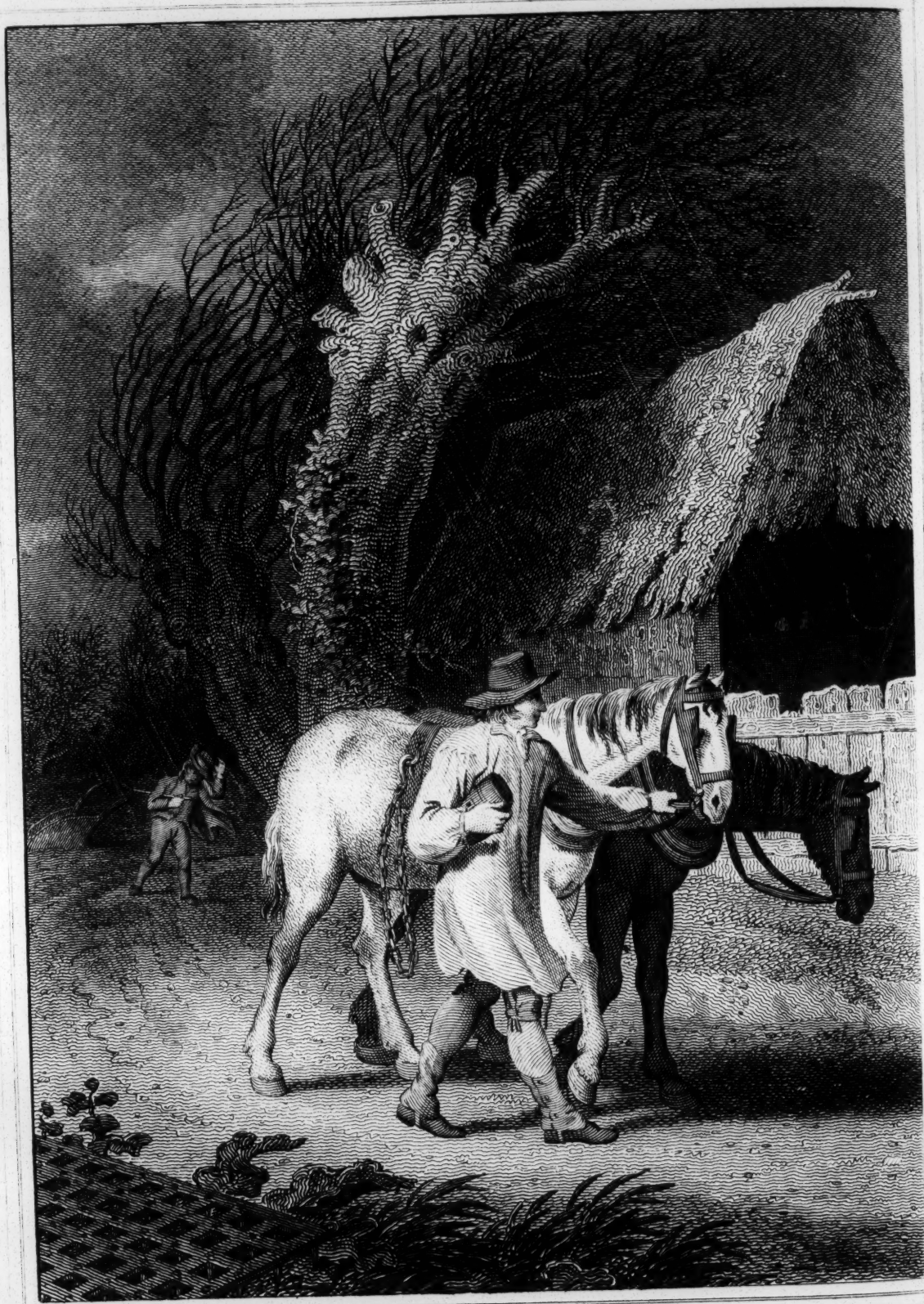
*The Ploughman, soaked to the Skin,
leaves his half-tilled Acre.*

London Published Feb^y 25th 1796. by T. Heptinstall, N^o 131 Fleet Street.

A

WINTER-PIECE.

'TIS true, in the delightful Seasons, HIS Tender-
ness and HIS Love are most eminently displayed.—
In the VERNAL Months, all is Beauty to the Eye,
and Music to the Ear. The Clouds drop Fatness;
the Air softens into Balm; and Flowers, in rich
Abundance, spring wherever we tread, bloom where-
ever we look.—Amidst the burning Heats of SUM-
MER, HE expands the Leaves, and thickens the
Shades. He spreads the cooling Arbour, to receive
us; and awakes the gentle Breeze, to fan us. The
Moss swells into a Couch, for the Repose of our
Bodies; while the Rivulet softly rolls, and sweetly
murmurs, to sooth our Imagination,—In AUTUMN,
HIS Bounty covers the Fields with a Profusion of
nutrimental Treasure, and bends the Boughs with
Loads of delicious Fruit. He furnishes his hospi-



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WINTER-PIECE.

'TIS true, in the delightful Seasons, HIS Tenderness and HIS Love are most eminently displayed.—In the VERNAL Months, all is Beauty to the Eye, and Music to the Ear. The Clouds drop Fatness; the Air softens into Balm; and Flowers, in rich Abundance, spring wherever we tread, bloom wherever we look.—Amidst the burning Heats of SUMMER, HE expands the Leaves, and thickens the Shades. He spreads the cooling Arbour, to receive us; and awakes the gentle Breeze, to fan us. The Moss swells into a Couch, for the Repose of our Bodies; while the Rivulet softly rolls, and sweetly murmurs, to sooth our Imagination.—In AUTUMN, HIS Bounty covers the Fields with a Profusion of nutrimental Treasure, and bends the Boughs with Loads of delicious Fruit. He furnishes his hospi-

table Board with present Plenty, and prepares a copious Magazine for future Wants.—But, is it ONLY in these smiling Periods of the Year, that GOD, the all-gracious GOD, is seen? Has WINTER, stern Winter, no Tokens of his Presence? Yes: All Things are eloquent of his Praise. “His Way is “in the Whirlwind.” Storms and Tempests fulfil his Word, and extol his Power. Even piercing Frosts bear witness to his Goodness; while they bid the shivering Nations tremble at his Wrath.—Be Winter, then, for a while, our Theme^r. Perhaps, those BARREN Scenes may be FRUITFUL of intellectual Improvement: Perhaps, that rigorous Cold, which binds the Earth in icy Chains, may serve to enlarge our Hearts, and warm them with holy Love,

SEE! how the DAY is SHORTENED!—The Sun, detained in fairer Climes, or engaged in more agreeable Services, rises, like an unwilling Visitant, with tardy and reluctant Steps. He walks, with a shy Indifference, along the Edges of the Southern Sky; casting an oblique Glance, he just looks upon our dejected World, and scarcely scatters Light through the thick Air. Dim is his Appearance, languid are his Gleams, while he continues. Or, if he

chance to wear a brighter Aspect, and a cloudless Brow; yet, like the young and gay in the House of Mourning, he seems uneasy till he is gone; is in Haste to depart.—And let him depart. Why should we wish for his longer Stay; since he can shew us nothing, but the Creation in Distress? The flowery Families lie dead, and the tuneful Tribes are struck dumb. The Trees, stript of their Verdure, and lashed by Storms, spread their naked Arms to the enraged and relentless Heavens. Fragrance no longer floats in the Air; but chilling Damps hover, or cutting Gales blow. Nature, divested of all her beautiful Robes, sits, like a forlorn disconsolate Widow, in her Weeds: while Winds, in doleful Accents, howl; and Rains, in repeated Showers, weep.

WE regret not, therefore, the speedy Departure of the Day. When the Room is hung with FUNERAL BLACK, and dismal Objects are all around; who would desire to have the GLIMMERING TAPER kept alive? which can only discover Spectacles of Sorrow; can only make the Horror visible.—And since this mortal Life is little better than a continual Conflict with Sin, or an unremitted Struggle with Misery; is it not a GRACIOUS Ordination,

which has reduced our Age to a SPAN? Fourscore Years of Trial, for the Virtuous, are sufficiently long; and more than such a Term, allowed to the Wicked, would render them beyond all Measure vile. Our Way to the Kingdom of Heaven lies through Tribulations. Shall we then ACCUSE, shall we not rather BLESS, the Providence, which has made the Passage short? Soon, soon we cross the Vale of Tears; and then arrive on the happy Hills, where Light for ever shines, where Joy for ever smiles.

SOMETIMES, the Day is rendered shorter still; is almost blotted out from the Year². The Vapours gather; they thicken into an impenetrable Gloom, and obscure the Face of the Sky. At length, the RAINS descend: The Sluices of the Firmament are opened; and the low-hung Clouds pour their congregated Stores. Copious and unintermitted, still they pour; and still are unexhausted. The Waters drop incessantly from the Eaves, and rush in rapid Streams from the Spouts. They roar along the channelled Pavements, and stand in foul Shallows amidst the Village-Streets. Now, if the inattentive Eye, or negligent Hand, has left the Roof but scantily covered; the insinuating Element finds it's

Way into every Flaw, and, oozing through the Ceiling, at once upbraids and chastises the careless Inhabitant. The Ploughman, soaked to the Skin, leaves his half-tilled Acre. The poor Poultry, dripping with Wet, crowd into Shelter. The Tenants of the Bough fold up their Wings, afraid to launch into the streaming Air. The Beasts, joyless and dispirited, ruminate under their Sheds. The Roads swim, and the Brooks swell.—The RIVER, amidst all this watry Ferment, long contained itself within it's appointed Bounds: but, swollen by innumerable Currents; and roused, at last, into uncontrollable Rage; bursts over it's Banks; shoots into the Plain; bears down all Opposition; spreads itself far and wide; and buries the Meadow under a brown, sluggish, soaking DELUGE.

How happy for Man, that this Inundation comes, when there are no flowery Crops in the Valley, to be overwhelmed; no Fields standing thick with Corn, to be laid waste! At such a Juncture, it would have been RUIN to the Husbandman and his Family: but, THUS timed, it yields MANURE for his Ground, and promises him RICHES in Reversion.—How often, and how long, has the Divine Majesty bore with the most injurious Affronts front

Sinners! His Goodness triumphed over their Perverseness, and graciously refused to be exasperated. But, O presumptuous Creatures, multiply no longer your Provocations: Urge not, by repeated Iniquities, the Almighty Arm to strike; lest his Long-suffering cease, and his fierce Anger break forth; break forth, like a *Flood of Waters*³, and sweep you away into irrecoverable and everlasting Perdition.

How mighty! how majestic! and, O! how mysterious! are thy Works, Thou GOD of Heaven, and LORD of Nature! When the Air is calm, where sleep the STORMY WINDS? In what Chambers are they reposed, or in what Dungeons confined! till Thou art pleased to awaken their Rage, and throw open their Prison-doors? Then, with irresistible Impetuosity, they fly forth, scattering Dread, and menacing Destruction.

THE Atmosphere is hurled into the most tumultuous Confusion. The aerial Torrent bursts its Way over Mountains, Seas, and Continents. All Things feel the dreadful Shock: All Things tremble before the furious Blast. The FOREST, vexed and tore, groans under the Scourge: Her sturdy Sons

are strained to the very Root, and almost sweep the Soil they were wont to shade. The stubborn Oak, that disdains to bend, is dashed headlong to the Ground; and, with shattered Arms, with prostrate Trunk, blocks the Road.—While the flexile Reed, that springs up in the Marsh, yielding to the Gust, (as the MEEK and pliant Temper, to Injuries; or the RESIGNED and patient Spirit, to Misfortunes;) eludes the Force of the Storm, and survives amidst the wide-spread Havock.

FOR a Moment, the turbulent and outrageous Sky seems to be assuaged: but it intermits it's Wrath, only to increase it's Strength. Soon, the sounding Squadrons of the Air return to the Attack, and renew their Ravages with redoubled Fury. The stately Dome rocks amidst the wheeling Clouds. The impregnable Tower totters on it's Basis, and threatens to overwhelm whom it was intended to protect. The ragged Rock is rent in Pieces⁴; and even the Hills, the perpetual Hills, on their deep Foundations, are scarcely secure.—Where, now, is the Place of Safety? When the CITY reels, and Houses become Heaps! Sleep affrighted flies. Diversion is turned into Horror. All is Uproar in the Element; all is Consternation among Mortals; and

nothing, but one wide Scene of rueful Devastation, through the Land.—Yet, this is only an INFERIOR Minister of divine Displeasure: the Executioner of Milder Indignation. How, then,—O! *how will the lofty Looks of Man be humbled, and the Haughtiness of Men be bowed down*⁵; when the LORD GOD Omnipotent shall MEDITATE Terror—when He shall set ALL his Terrors in Array—when He arises, to judge the Nations, and to SHAKE TERRIBLY the Earth!

THE OCEAN swells with tremendous Commotions. The ponderous Waves are heaved from their capacious Bed, and almost lay bare the unfathomable Deep. Flung into the most rapid Agitation, they sweep over the Rocks; they lash the lofty Cliffs; and toss themselves into the Clouds. Navies are rent from their Anchors; and, with all their enormous Load, are whirled, swift as the Arrow, wild as the Winds, along the vast Abyss.—Now, they climb the rolling Mountain; they plough the frightful Ridge; and seem to skim the Skies. Anon, they plunge into the opening Gulf; they lose the Sight of Day; and are lost themselves to every Eye. How vain is the Pilot's Art! How impotent the Mariner's Strength! They reel to and fro, and

stagger in the jarring Hold; or cling to the Cordage, while bursting Seas foam over the Deck. DESPAIR is in every Face, and DEATH sits threatening on every Surge.—But why, O ye astonished Mariners, why should you abandon yourselves to Despair? Is the LORD's Hand SHORTENED, because the Waves of the Sea rage horribly? Is his Ear DEAFENED by the roaring Thunders and the bellowing Tempest? Cry, cry unto HIM, who “holdeth the “Winds in his Fist, and the Waters in the Hollow “of his Hand.” HE is all-gracious, to hear; and almighty, to save. If HE command, the Storm shall be hushed to Silence: the Billows shall subside into a Calm: the Lightnings shall lay their fiery Bolts aside: and, instead of sinking in a watry Grave, you shall find yourselves brought to the desired Haven.

SOMETIMES, after a joyless Day, a more dismal Night succeeds.—The lazy, louring Vapours had wove so thick a Veil, as the meridian Sun could scarcely penetrate. What Gloom then must overwhelm the nocturnal Hours! The Moon withdraws her Shining. Not a single Star is able to struggle through the deep Arrangement of Shades. All is PITCHY DARKNESS, without one enlivening Ray.

How solemn! How awful! 'Tis like the Shroud of Nature, or the Return of Chaos. I don't wonder, that it is the Parent of Terrors, and so apt to engender Melancholy.—Lately, the Tempest marked it's rapid Way with MISCHIEF; now, the Night dresses her silent Pavilion with HORROR.

I HAVE SOMETIMES left the beaming Tapers, withdrawn from the ruddy Fire, and plunged into the thickest of these sooty Shades; without regretting the Change; rather exulting in it as a welcome Deliverance. The very Gloom was pleasing, was exhilarating, compared with the Conversation I quitted. The Speech of my Companions (how does it grieve me, that I should EVEN ONCE have Occasion to call them by THAT Name!) was the Language of Darkness: was Horror to the Soul, and Torture to the Ear.—*Their Teeth were Spears and Arrows, and their Tongue a sharp Sword*, to stab and assassinate their Neighbour's Character. *Their Throat was an open Sepulchre*, gaping to devour the Reputation of the Innocent, or tainting the Air with their virulent and polluted Breath.—Sometimes, their licentious and ungovernable Discourse shot Arrows of PROFANENESS against Heaven itself; and, in proud Defiance, challenged the Re-

sentment of Omnipotence.—Sometimes, as if it was the Glory of human Nature, to cherish the GROSSEST Appetites of the Brute; or the Mark of a Gentleman, to have served an Apprenticeship in a Brothel; the filthiest Jests of the Stews (if low OBSCENITY can be a Jest) were nauseously obtruded on the Company. All the MODEST Part were offended and grieved; while the other besotted Creatures laughed aloud, though the Leprosy of Uncleanness appeared on their Lips.—Are not these Persons PRISONERS of DARKNESS, though blazing Sconces pour artificial Day through their Rooms? Are not their Souls immured in the most baleful Shades, though the noon-tide Sun is brightened by flaming on their gilded Chariots?—They discern not that great and adorable Being, who fills the Universe with his infinite and glorious Presence: who is ALL EYE, to observe their Actions; ALL EAR, to examine their Words. They know not the all-sufficient Redeemer, nor the unspeakable Blessedness of his heavenly Kingdom. They are groping for the Prize of Happiness; but will certainly grasp the Thorn of Anxiety. They are wantonly sporting on the Brink of a Precipice; and are every Moment in Danger of falling headlong into IRRETRIEVABLE Ruin, and ENDLESS Despair.

THEY have forced me out, and are, perhaps, deriding me in my Absence: are charging my Reverence for the ever-present GOD, and my Concern for the Dignity of our RATIONAL Nature, to the Account of Humour and Singularity; to Narrowness of Thought, or Sourness of Temper.—Be it so.—I will indulge no Indignation against them. If any thing like it SHOULD arise, I will convert it into Prayer.—“ Pity them, O Thou Father of Mercies!—Shew them the Madness of their Profaneness!—Shew them the Baseness of their vile Ribaldry!—Let their dissolute Rant be turned into silent Sorrow and Confusion: Till they open their Lips, to adore thine INSULTED Majesty, and to implore thy gracious Pardon: till they devote to thy Service, those social Hours, and those superior Faculties, which they are now abusing—to the Dishonour of thy Name—to the Contamination of their own Souls—and (unless timely Repentance intervene) to their everlasting Infamy and Perdition.”

I RIDE home amidst the gloomy Void. All darkling and solitary, I can scarce discern my Horse's Head; and only guess out my blind Road. No COMPANION, but Danger; or, perhaps, “ Destruc-

“tion ready at my Side⁶.”—But, why do I fancy myself SOLITARY? Is not the Father of Lights, the GOD of my Life; the great and everlasting Friend; always at my Right-hand? Because the Day is excluded, is his Omnipresence vacated? Though I have no earthly Acquaintance near, to assist in case of a Misfortune; or to beguile the Time, and divert uneasy Suspicions, by entertaining Conferences; may I not lay my Help upon the Almighty, and converse with GOD by humble Supplication? For this Exercise, no Place is improper; no Hour unseasonable; and no Posture incommodious. This is SOCIETY, the best of Society, even in Solitude. This is a Fund of Delights, easily portable, and quite inexhaustible. A TREASURE, this, of unknown Value; liable to no Hazard, from Wrong or Robbery; but perfectly secure, to the lonely Wanderer, in the most darksome Paths.

AND why should I distress myself with Apprehensions of PERIL? This Access to GOD is not only an indefeasible Privilege, but a Kind of AMBULATORY GARRISON. Those, who make known their Requests unto GOD, and rely upon his protecting Care; He gives HIS ANGELS Charge over their Welfare. His Angels are commissioned, to

escort them in their Travelling; and to hold up their Goings, that they dash not their Foot against a Stone⁷. Nay, HE HIMSELF condescends to be their Guardian, and “ keeps all their Bones, so “ that not one of them is broken.”—Between these Persons, and the most mischievous Objects, a Treaty of Peace is concluded. The Articles of this grand Alliance are recorded in the Book of Revelation; and will, when it is for the real Benefit of Believers, assuredly be made good in the Administrations of Providence. *In that Day, saith the LORD, will I make a Covenant for them with the Beasts of the Field, and with the Fowls of Heaven, and with the creeping Things of the Ground; and they shall be in League with the Stones of the Field*⁸. Though they fall headlong on the Flints; even the Flints, fitted to fracture the Skull, shall receive them as into the Arms of Friendship; and not offer to hurt, whom the LORD is pleased to preserve.

MAY I then enjoy the Presence of this gracious GOD, and Darkness and Light shall be both alike. Let HIM whisper Peace to my Conscience; and this dread Silence shall be more charming, than the Voice of Eloquence, or the Strains of Music. Let HIM reveal his ravishing Perfections in my Soul;

and I shall not want the saffron Beauties of the Morn, the golden Glories of Noon, or the impurpled Evening Sky. I shall sigh only for those most desirable and distinguished Realms, where the Light of HIS Countenance PERPETUALLY shines, and consequently—"there is ' no Night " there."

How surprising are the Alterations of Nature! I left her, the preceding Evening, plain and unadorned. But, now, a THICK RIME has shed it's hoary Honours over all. It has shagged the Fleeces of the Sheep, and crisped the Traveller's Locks. The Hedges are richly fringed, and all the Ground is profusely powdered. The downward Branches are tasseled with Silver, and the upright are feathered with the plummy Wave.

THE FINE are not always the VALUABLE. The Air, amidst all these gaudy Decorations, is charged with chilling and UNWHOLESOME Damps. The raw hazy Influence spreads wide; sits deep; hangs heavy and oppressive on the Springs of Life. A listless Languor clogs the animal Functions; and the purple Stream glides but faintly through it's Channels. In vain, the Ruler of the Day exerts his

beaming Power: in vain, he attempts to disperse this Insurrection of Vapours. The sullen, malignant Cloud refuses to depart: it envelopes the World, and INTERCEPTS the PROSPECT. I look abroad for the neighbouring Village; I send my Eye in quest of the rising Turret; but am scarce able to discern the very next House. Where are the blue Arches of Heaven? Where is the radiant Countenance of the Sun? Where the boundless Scenes of Creation? Lost, lost are their Beauties; quenched their Glories. The thronged Theatre of the Universe seems an empty Void; and all its elegant Pictures, an undistinguished Blank.—Thus would it have been with our intellectual Views, if the GOSPEL had not come in to our Relief: We should have known, neither our true Good, nor real Evil: We had been a Riddle to ourselves; the present State all Confusion, and the future impenetrable Darkness. But, the Sun of Righteousness, arising with potent and triumphant Beams, has dissipated the interposing Cloud: has opened a Prospect more beautiful than the Blossoms of Spring; more cheering than the Treasures of Autumn; and far more enlarged than the Extent of the visible System: Which, having led the Eye of the Mind through Fields of Grace, over Rivers of Righteous-

ness, and Hills crowned with Knowledge; terminates, at length, in the Heavens; sweetly losing itself in Regions of infinite Bliss, and endless Glory.

As I walk along the Fog, it seems, at some little Distance, to be almost solid Gloom; such as would shut out every Glimpse of Light, and totally imprison me in Obscurity. But, when I approach, and enter it; I find myself agreeably mistaken, and the Mist much THINNER than it APPEARED. —Such is the Case, with regard to the Sufferings of the present Life; they are not, when experienced, so dreadful, as a timorous Imagination surmised. Such also is the Case, with reference to the GRATIFICATIONS of SENSE; they prove not, when enjoyed, so substantial, as a sanguine Expectation represented. In both Instances, we are graciously disappointed. The keen Edge of the Calamity is blunted, that it may not wound us with incurable Anguish: the exquisite Relish of the Prosperity is palled, that it may not captivate our Affections, and enslave them to inferior Delights.

SOMETIMES, the Face of Things wears a more pleasing Form; the very Reverse of the foregoing. The sober Evening advances, to close the short-

lived Day. The Firmament, clear and unsullied, puts on it's brightest Blue. The Stars, in thronging Multitudes, and with a peculiar Brilliancy, glitter through the fair Expanse: while the Frost pours it's subtle and penetrating Influence all around. Sharp and intensely severe, all the long Night, the rigid Æther continues it's Operations. When, late and slow, the Morning opens her pale Eye; in what a curious and amusing Disguise is Nature dressed! The Icicles, jagged and uneven, are pendent on the Houses. A whitish Film incrusts the Windows; where mimic Landscapes rise, and fancied Figures swell. The fruitful Fields are hardened to Iron; the moistened Meadows are congealed to Marble; and both resound (an Effect unknown before) with the Peasant's hasty Tread. The Stream is arrested in it's Career, and it's ever-flowing Surface chained to the Banks. The fluid Paths become a solid Road; where the finny Shoals were wont to rove, the sportive Youth slide, or the rattling Chariots roll¹⁰. And (what would seem, to an Inhabitant of the Southern World, as unaccountable as the deepest Mysteries of our Religion) that very same Breath of Heaven, which CEMENTS the Lakes into a crystal Pavement; CLEAVES the Oaks, as it were with invisible Wedges; " BREAKS in Pieces the

“Northern Iron, and the Steel;” even while it
BUILDS a Bridge of icy Rock over the Seas^{tt}.

THE Air is all Serenity. Refined by the nitrous Particles, it affords the most distinct Views, and extensive Prospects. The Seeds of INFECTION are killed; and the PESTILENCE destroyed, even in Embryo. So, the Cold of AFFLICTION tends to mortify our Corruptions, and subdue our vicious Habits.—The crowding Atmosphere constringes our Bodies, and braces our Nerves. The Spirits are buoyant, and sally briskly on the Execution of their Office. In the Summer Months, such an unclouded Sky, and so bright a Sun, would have melted us with Heat, and softened us into Supineness: We should have been ready to throw our Limbs under the spreading Beech, and to lie at ease by the murmuring Brook. But, now, none loiters in his Path; none is seen with folded Arms: All is in Motion; all is Activity. Choice, prompted by the Weather, supplies the Spur of Necessity. Thus, the RUGGED School of Misfortune often trains up the Mind to a vigorous Exertion of it's Faculties: The BLEAK Climate of ADVERSITY often inspirits us with a manly Resolution: When a soft and downy Affluence, perhaps, would have relaxed all the generous

Springs of the Soul; and have left it enervated with Pleasure, or dissolved in Indolence.

“COLD cometh out of the North.” The Winds, having swept those Deserts of Snow, arm themselves with Millions of frozen Particles, and make a fierce Descent upon our Isle. Under black and scowling Clouds, they drive, dreadfully whizzing, through the darkened Air. They growl around our Houses; assault our Doors; and, eager for Entrance, fasten on our Windows. Walls can scarce restrain them; Bars are unable to exclude them: through every Cranny they force their Way. Ice is on their Wings; they scatter Agues through the Land; and Winter, all Winter, rages as they go. Their Breath is as a Searing-iron¹² to the little Verdure left in the Plains: vastly more pernicious to the tender Plants, than the sharpest Knife; they kill their Branches, and wound the very Root. Let not the Corn venture to peep too freely from the Entrenchment of the Furrow; let not the fruit-bearing Blossoms dare to come abroad, from their Lodgment in the Bark; lest these murderous Blasts intercept and seize the unwary Strangers, and destroy the Hopes of the advancing Year.

O, 'TIS severely cold! Who is so hardy, as not to shrink at this EXCESSIVELY PINCHING Weather? See! every Face is pale: Even the blooming Cheeks contract a gelid Hue; and the Teeth hardly forbear chattering.—Ye that sit easy and joyous, amidst your commodious Apartments, solacing yourselves in the diffusive Warmth of your Fire; be mindful of your Brethren, in the cheerless Tenement of Poverty. THEIR shattered Panes are open to the piercing Winds; a tattered Garment scarcely covers their shivering Flesh; while a few faint and dying Embers, on the squalid Hearth, rather mock their Wishes, than warm their Limbs.—While the generous Juices of OPORTO sparkle in your Glasses; or the Streams, beautifully tinged and deliciously flavoured with the CHINESE Leaf, smoke in the elegant Porcelain: O remember, that many of your Fellow-creatures, amidst all the Rigour of these inclement Skies, are emaciated with Sickness; benumbed with Age; and pining with Hunger. Let “their Loins bless you,” for comfortable Clothing. Restore them with Medicine; regale them with Food; and baffle the raging Year. So, may you never know any of their Distresses, but only by the Hearing of the Ear; the Seeing of the Eye; or the Feeling of a tender Commiseration!—Methinks,

the bitter blustering Winds plead for the poor Indigents. May they breathe Pity into YOUR Breasts; while they blow Hardships into THEIR Huts!—Observe those blue Flames, and ruddy Coals, in your Chimney: quickened by the Cold, they look more lively, and glow more strongly. Silent, but seasonable Admonition to the gay Circle, that chat and smile around them! THUS, may your Hearts, at such a Juncture of Need, kindle into a peculiar Benevolence! Detain not your superfluous Piles of Wood: Let them hasten to the Relief of the starving Family: Bid them expire in many a willing Blaze, to mitigate the Severity of the Season, and cheer the bleak Abodes of Want. So shall they ascend, mingled with Thanksgivings to GOD, and ardent Prayers for your Welfare—ascend, more grateful to Heaven, than Columns of the most costly Incense.

Now the Winds cease. Having brought their Load, they are dismissed from Service. They have wafted an immense Cargo of Clouds, which empty themselves in SNOW. At first, a few scattered Shreds come wandering down the saddened Sky. This slight Skirmish is succeeded by a general Onset. The Flakes, large, and numerous, and thick

wavering, descend: They dim the Air, and hasten the Approach of Night. Through all the Night, in softest Silence, and with a continual Flow, this fleecy Shower falls. In the Morning, when we awake, what a surprising Change appears!—Is this the same World? Here is no Diversity of Colour! I can hardly distinguish the Trees from the Hills on which they grow. Which are the Meadows, and which the Plains? Where are the green Pastures, and where the fallow Lands? All Things lie blended in bright Confusion: So bright, that it heightens the Splendor of Day, and even dazzles the Organs of Sight.—The Lawn is not so fair, as this snowy Mantle, which invests the Fields; and even the Lily, was the Lily to appear, would look tarnished in it's Presence. I can think of but ONE Thing, which EXCELS or equals the glittering Robe of Winter. Is any Person desirous to know my Meaning? He may find it explained in that admirable Hymn¹³, composed by the Royal Penitent. Is any desirous to possess this matchless Ornament? He will find it offered to his Acceptance in every Page of the Gospel.

SEE! (for the Eye cannot satisfy itself, without viewing again and again the curious, the delicate

Scene)—see! how the Hedges are habited, like spotless Vestals! The Houses are roofed with Uniformity and Lustre: The Meadows are covered with a Carpet of the finest Ermine¹⁴: The Groves bow beneath the lovely Burden: and all, all below, is one wide, immense, shining Waste of White.—By deep Snows, and heavy Rains, GOD *sealeth up the Hand of every Man*: And for this Purpose, adds our sacred Philosopher, *that all Men may know his Work*¹⁵. He confines them within their Doors, and puts a Stop to their secular Business; that they may consider the Things which belong to their spiritual Welfare: That, having a Vacation from their ordinary Employ, they may observe the Works of his Power, and become acquainted with the Mysteries of his Grace.

AND worthy, worthy of all Observation, are the Works of the great Creator. They are prodigiously various, and perfectly amazing. How pliant and ductile is Nature, under his forming Hand! At his Command, the self-same Substance assumes the most different Shapes; and is transformed into an endless Multiplicity of Figures. If HE ordains, the Water is MOULDED into Hail, and discharged upon the Earth like a Volley of Shot; or, it is

CONSOLIDATED into Ice, and defends the Rivers, "as it were with a Breast-plate." At the bare Intimation of his Will, the very same Element is scattered in hoar Frost, like a Sprinkling of the most ATTENUATED Ashes; or is spread over the Surface of the Ground in these Couches of swelling and FLAKY Down.

THE SNOW, however it may carry the Appearance of Cold, affords a WARM Garment for the Corn; screens it from nipping Frosts, and cherisheth it's infant Growth. It will abide for a while, to exert a protecting Care, and exercise a fostering Influence: Then, touched by the Sun, or thawed by a softening Gale, the furry Vesture melts into genial Moisture; sinks deep into the Soil, and saturates it's Pores with the dissolving Nitre: replenishing the Glebe with those Principles of vegetative Life, which will open into the Bloom of Spring, and ripen into the Fruits of Autumn.—Beautiful Emblem, this, and comfortable Representation, of the Divine WORD; both in the successful and advantageous Issue of it's Operation! *As the Rain cometh down, and the Snow, from Heaven, and returneth not thither, but watereth the Earth, and maketh it bring forth and bud, that it may give Seed to the Sower, and*

*Bread to the Eater : So shall my Word be, that goeth forth out of my Mouth : it shall not return unto me void, but shall accomplish that which I please, and it shall prosper in the Thing whereunto I sent it*¹⁶.

NATURE, at length, puts off her lucid Veil : She drops it, in a trickling THAW. The loosened Snow rolls in Sheets from the Houses. Various Openings spot the Hills ; which, even while we look, become larger, and more numerous. The Trees rid themselves, by Degrees, of the hoary Incumbrance. Shook from the springing Boughs, Part falls heavy to the Ground, Part flies abroad in shining Atoms. Our Fields and Gardens, lately buried beneath the drifted Heaps, rise plain and distinct to View.—Since we see Nature once again, has she no verdant Traces, no beautiful Features, left ? They are, like real Friends, very rare ; and therefore the more particularly to be regarded, the more highly to be valued.—Here and there, the HOLLY hangs out her glowing Berries ; the LAURUSTINUS spreads her graceful Tufts ; and both under a Covert of unfading Foliage.—The plain but hardy IVY clothes the decrepid, crazy Wall ; nor shrinks from the friendly Office, though the Skies frown, and the Storm roars.—The LAUREL, firm, erect, and bold, expands it's

Leaf of vivid green. In spite of the united, the repeated Attacks of Wind, and Rain, and Frost, it preserves an undismayed, lively Look; and maintains it's Post, while withering Millions fall around: Worthy, by vanquishing the rugged Force of Winter, worthy to adorn the triumphant Conqueror's Brow.—Nor must I forget the BAY-TREE; which scorns to be a mean Pensioner on a few transient, sunny Gleams; or, with a servile Obsequiousness, to vary it's Appearance, in conformity to the changing Seasons: By such Indications of sterling Worth, and staunch Resolution, reading a Lecture to the Poet's Genius, while it weaves the Chaplet for his Temples.—These, and a few other Plants, clad with native Verdure, retain their comely Aspect, in the bleakest Climes, and in the coldest Months.

SUCH, and so durable, are the Accomplishments of a REFINED Understanding, and an AMIABLE Temper. The tawdry Ornaments of Dress, which catch the unthinking Vulgar, soon become insipid and despicable: The rubied Lip, and the rosy Cheek, fade: Even the sparkling Wit¹⁷, as well as the sparkling Eye, please but for a Moment. But the virtuous Mind has Charms, which survive the Decay of every inferior Embellishment: Charms, which

add to the Fragrancy of the Flower, the PERMANENCY of the EVERGREEN.

SUCH, likewise, is the Happiness of the sincerely Religious; like a Tree, says the inspired Moralist, "whose Leaf shall not fall." He borrows not his Peace from external Circumstances; but has a Fund within, and is "satisfied from himself"¹⁸. Even though impoverished by calamitous Accidents; he is rich in the POSSESSION of GRACE, and richer in the HOPE of GLORY: His Joys are infinitely superior to, as well as nobly independent on, the transitory Glow of sensual Delight, or the capricious Favours of (what the World calls) Fortune.

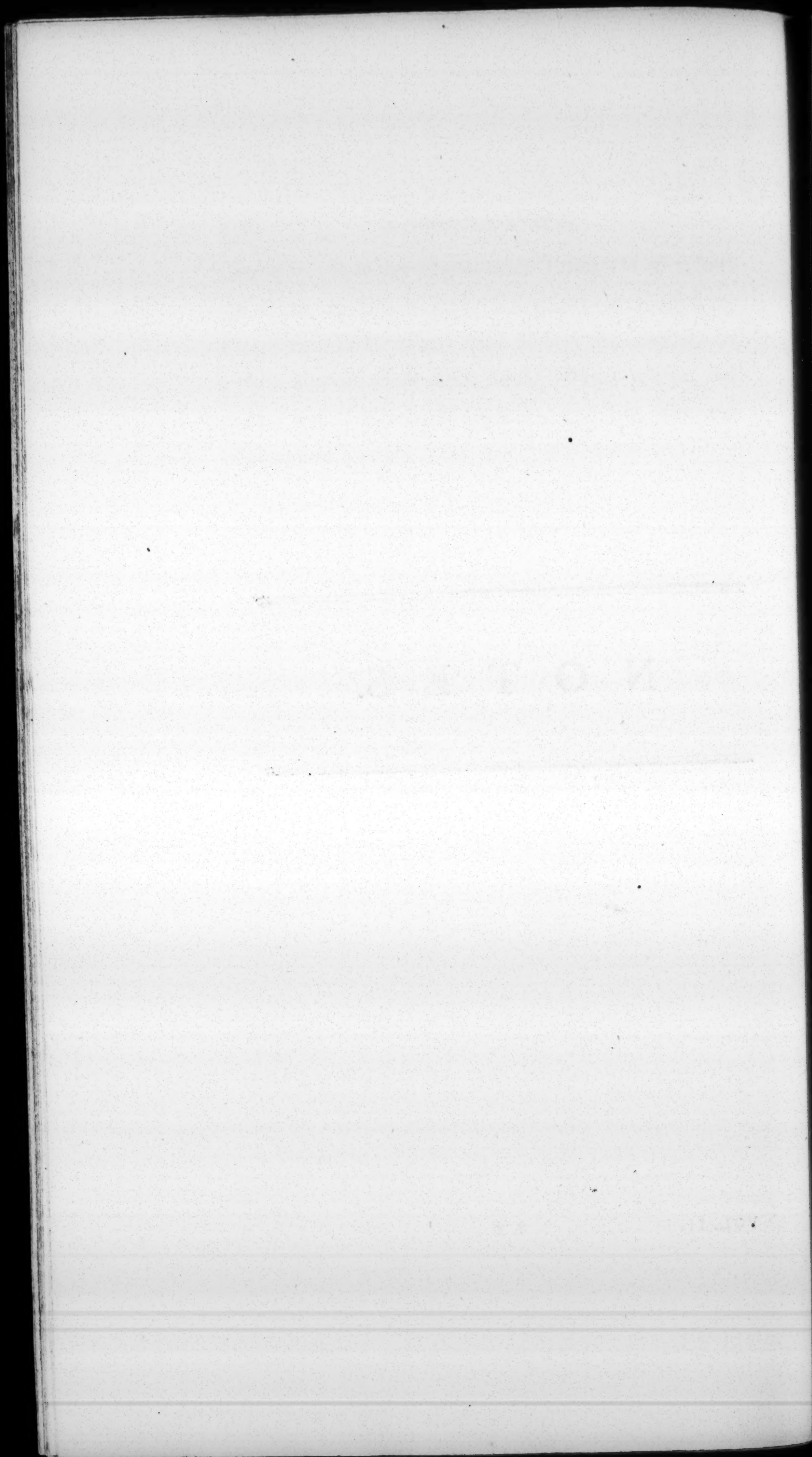
IF the SNOW composes the light-armed Troops of the Sky; methinks, the HAIL constitutes it's heavy Artillery¹⁹. When driven by a vehement Wind, with what dreadful Impetuosity does that stony Shower fall! How it rebounds from the frozen Ground, and rattles on the resounding Dome! It attenuates the Rivers into Smoke, or scourges them into Foam. It crushes the infant Flowers; cuts in Pieces the Gardener's early Plants; and batters the feeble Fortification of his Glasses into Shivers. It darts into the Traveller's Face: He turns, with

Haste, from the Stroke; or feels, on his Cheek, for the gushing Blood. If he would retreat into the House, it follows him even thither; and, like a determined Enemy, that pushes the Pursuit, dashes through the crackling Panes.—But, the fierce Attack is quickly over: The Clouds have soon spent their Shafts; soon unstrung their Bow. Happy for the Inhabitants of the Earth, that a Sally so dreadfully FURIOUS, should be so remarkably SHORT! What else could endure the Shock, or escape Destruction?

BUT, behold a Bow, of no hostile Intention! A Bow, painted in variegated Colours on the disburdened Cloud. How vast is the Extent, how delicate the Texture, of that SHOWERY ARCH! It compasseth the Heavens with a glorious Circle, and teaches us to forget the Horrors of the Storm. Elegant it's Form, and rich it's Tincture; but more delightful it's sacred Significancy. While the Violet and the Rose blush in it's beautiful Aspect, the Olive-branch smiles in it's gracious Import. It writes, in radiant Dyes, what the Angels sung in harmonious Strains; "Peace on Earth, and Good-will towards Men." It is the Stamp of INSURANCE, for the Continuance of Seed-time, and Harvest; for the Preservation and Security of the visible

World²⁰. It is the comfortable **TOKEN**²¹ of a better State, and a happier Kingdom—a Kingdom, where Sin shall cease, and Misery be abolished; where Storms shall beat, and Winter pierce, no more; but Holiness, Happiness, and Joy, like one unbounded **SPRING**, for ever, ever bloom.

N O T E S.



NOTES

ON THE

CONTEMPLATIONS ON THE NIGHT.

¹ **MATT.** vi. 26, 28, 29, 30.

² Celebrated Writers, as DEMOSTHENES and CICERO, THUCYDIDES and LIVY, are observed to have a Style peculiar to themselves.—Now, whoever considers the Discourses of CHRIST, will find Him distinguishing Himself by a Style, which may properly be called HIS OWN: Majestic, yet familiar; happily uniting Dignity with Condescension; it consists in teaching his Followers the SUBLIMEST Truths, by spiritualizing on the most COMMON Occurrences: which, besides it's being level to the lowest Apprehensions; and admirably adapted to steal into the most inattentive Heart; is accompanied with this very singular Advantage, That it turns even the SPHERE OF BUSINESS into a SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION; and renders the most ordinary Subjects a Set of Monitors, ever soliciting our Regard, because ever present to our Senses.—So that, I believe, it may be said of this AMIABLE METHOD, in which our LORD conveyed, as well as of that POWERFUL ENERGY which attended his Doctrines, That NEVER MAN SPAKE LIKE THIS MAN.—The HARVEST approaching, He reminds his Disciples of a far more important Harvest, John, iv. 35. Matt. xiii. 39. when immortal Beings shall be REAPED from the Grave, and GATHERED IN from all the Quarters of the Earth: when every human Creature shall sustain the Character of valuable WHEAT, or despi-

cable TARES; and accordingly be lodged in Mansions of everlasting Security, or consigned over to the Rage of unquenchable Fire.—In his Charge to FISHERMEN, when they are commencing Preachers, Matt. iv. 19. He exhorts them, conformably to the Nature of their late Occupation, to use the same ASSIDUITY and ADDRESS in winning Souls, as they were wont to exercise in catching the finny Prey.—For the farther Illustration of this no less useful than curious Subject, I would refer my Reader to a valuable Note in Sir ISAAC NEWTON's Observations on the Prophecies; p. 148. Quarto Edition.

³ THOMS. Autumn, l. 973. last Edit.

⁴ Gen. xli. 43.

⁵ Referring to the Rebellion, set on foot in the Year 1745; which, for several Months, made a very alarming Progress in the North; but was happily extinguished by the glorious and decisive Victory at CULLODEN.

⁶ See a Pamphlet, intitled *POPERY ALWAYS THE SAME*; which contains a Narrative of the PERSECUTIONS, and severe Hardships, lately suffered by the PROTESTANTS in the Southern Parts of FRANCE; and closes with a most seasonable, alarming, and spirited Address to the Inhabitants of GREAT-BRITAIN. Printed 1746. Price 8d.

⁷ *Majoresque cadunt altis de Montibus Umbra.* VIRG.

⁸ See this remarkable Appearance delicately described, and wrought into a Comparison, which, in my Opinion, is one of the most just, beautiful, and noble Pieces of Imagery, to be found in modern Poetry; NIGHT-THOUGHTS, No. II. p. 42. 4to Edit.

⁹ MILT. Par. Lost, B. IV. l. 598.

¹⁰ *Nunquam a Turba Mores, quos extuli, refero. Aliquid, ex eo quod composui, turbatur: aliquid, ex his quæ fugavi, redit. Inimica est multorum Conversatio.* SENECA.

¹¹ Rev. xv. 2.

¹² MILT. Par. Lost, B. IV. l. 677.

¹³ Psal. cxxxix. 7, 8, 9. There is, I think, an additional Strength and Beauty in the Thought; if, with the learned Mr. MUDGE, we suppose an ANTITHESIS between the two Clauses of the last Verse, as there evidently is between those of the preceding; and that they

express, in a poetical Style, the Extremities of the EAST and the WEST.

¹⁴ *Sed fugit interea, fugit irreparabile Tempus.* VIRG.

¹⁵ Job, ix. 25, 26. By these three very expressive Images, the inspired Poet represents the UNINTERMITTED and RAPID Flight of Time. The Passage is illustrated with great Judgment, and equal Delicacy, in Dr. GREY's most ingenious Abridgment of SCHULTENS. — *Quæ tribus in Elementis velocissima, hic admirabili cum Emphasi congeruntur. In Terris, nil pernicious Cursore, & quidem leti quid ferente. Rapidius tamen adhuc Undas, non secant, sed supervolant, Navigiola Papyro contexta. Omnium rapidissime Aërem grandibus Alis permetitur Aquila, præcipiti Lapsu ruens in Prædam.*

¹⁶ Gen. xlvii. 8. HEB. BIB.

¹⁷ *My Days are swifter than a Weaver's Shuttle.* Job, vii. 6.

¹⁸ This alludes to the Beginning of REVELATIONS the xth; which, abstracted from it's spiritual Meaning, and considered only as a stately PIECE of MACHINERY, well deserves our Attention; and, I will venture to say, has not it's Superior, perhaps not it's Equal, in any of the most celebrated Masters of GREECE and ROME. — All that is gloomy or beautiful in the Atmosphere, all that is striking or magnificent in every Element, is taken to heighten the Idea: yet nothing is disproportionate; but an uniform Air of ineffable Majesty greatens, exalts, ennobles the Whole. — Be pleased to observe the ASPECT of this august Personage. All the Brightness of the Sun shines in his Countenance; and all the Rage of the Fire burns in his Feet. — See his APPAREL. The Clouds compose his Robe; and the Drapery of the Sky floats upon his Shoulders. The Rainbow forms his Diadem; and that which “compasseth the Heaven with a glorious Circle” is the Ornament of his Head. — Behold his ATTITUDE. One Foot stands on the Ocean; the other rests on the Land. The wide-extended Earth, and the World of Waters, serve as Pedestals for those mighty Columns. — Consider the ACTION. His Hand is lifted up to the Height of the Stars. He speaks; and the Regions of the Firmament echo with the mighty Accents, as the midnight Desert resounds with the Lion's Roar. The Artillery of the Skies is discharged at the Signal; a Peal of seven-fold Thunder spreads the Alarm, and prepares the

Universe to receive his Orders.—To finish all; and give the highest Grandeur, as well as the utmost Solemnity, to the Representation; hear the DECREE that issues from his Mouth. He *swears by HIM that liveth for ever and ever*. In whatever Manner so majestic a Person had expressed Himself, He could not fail of commanding universal Attention: But, when He confirms his Speech by a most sacred and inviolable Oath; we are not only wrapt in silent Suspense, but overwhelmed with the profoundest Awe.—He swears, *That Time shall be no longer*. Was ever Voice so full of Terror; so big with Wonder? It proclaims, not the Fall of Empires, but the final Period of Things. It strikes off the Wheels of Nature; bids Ages and Generations cease to roll; and, with one potent Word, consigns a whole World over to Dissolution.—This is one among a Multitude of very sublime and MASTERLY STROKES, to be found in that too much neglected Book—the BIBLE.

¹⁹ I remember to have seen, upon a Sun-dial in a Physician's Garden at NORTHAMPTON, the following INSCRIPTION; which, I think, is the most PROPER MOTTO for the Instrument that measures our Time, and the most STRIKING ADMONITION that can possibly be presented to every Eye;

AB HOC MOMENTO PENDET ÆTERNITAS:

The weighty Sense of which I know not how to express in ENGLISH, more happily than in those Words of Dr. WATTS;

Good God! on what a SLENDER THREAD

[Or, on what a MOMENT of Time]

Hang everlasting Things!

²⁰ Isa. xxvi. 19.

²¹ *Behold! Now is the accepted Time. Behold! Now is the Day of Salvation.* 2 Cor. vi. 2.

Haste, haste, he lies in wait, he's at the Door,
Insidious Death! Should his strong Hand arrest,
No Composition sets the Pris'ner free.

²² They who are gone down to the Grave, are represented (Isa. xxxviii. 11.) by the Phrase, *קדל יושבי*—rendered by VITRINGA, *Those that inhabit the Land of Intermission or Cessation*:—Which prevents all Appearance of TAUTOLOGY in the Sentence;

and is, I think, a valuable IMPROVEMENT of the Translation: as it conveys an Idea, not only distinct from the preceding, but of a very poetical and very afflicting Nature; such as was perfectly natural for the Royal Singer, and Royal Sufferer, to dwell upon, in his desponding Moments.—Thus interpreted, the Sense will run; “*I shall see Man no more*; I shall be cut off from the cheerful Ways of Men, and all the Sweets of human Society. And, what is a farther Aggravation of the threatened Stroke, *I shall*, by it’s taking place, *be numbered with those that inherit the Land of Cessation* and Inactivity: Where there will be no more Possibility of contributing to the Happiness of my Kingdom; no more Opportunity of advancing my Creator’s Glory; or of making my own final Salvation sure.”—A Sentiment like THIS, is grand, important, and full of Benevolence; removes all Suspicion of unbecoming PUSILLANIMITY, and does the highest HONOUR to the Monarch’s Character.

²³ The Case, represented by the Prophet (1 Kings, xx. 40.), seems perfectly applicable on this Occasion. *As thy Servant was busy here and there, he was gone.* So, while we are either REMISS in our Function, or laying ourselves out upon INFERIOR Cares, the People of our Charge may be gone:—gone beyond the Influence of our Counsels; beyond the Reach of our Prayers:—gone into the UNCHANGEABLE and eternal State.

²⁴ Considering the immense Quantity of Coals, and other combustible Materials, which are daily consumed, and evaporate into the Air: considering the numberless Steams, and Clouds of Smoke, which almost continually overwhelm populous Cities; the noisome Exhalations, which arise from thronged Infirmaries, and loathsome Jails; from stagnating Lakes, and putrid Fens;—the Variety of offensive and unwholesome Effluvia, which proceed from other Causes;—it is a very remarkable Instance of a Providence, at once tenderly kind, and infinitely powerful, that Mankind is not SUFFOCATED with Stench; that the Air is not CHOAKED with Filth.—The Air is the COMMON SEWER, into which ten thousand Times ten thousand Nuisances are incessantly discharged; yet it is preserved so THOROUGHLY CLEAR, as to afford the most transparent Medium for Vision; so DELICATELY UNDULATORY, as to trans-

mit, with all imaginable Distinctness, every Diversity of Sound; SO PERFECTLY PURE, as to be the constant Refiner of the Fluids, in every Animal that breathes.

²⁵ ———When Night

Darkens the Streets, then wander forth the Sons
Of BELIAL, flown with Insolence and Wine. MILT.

²⁶ ———*Sed Luna videt, sed Sidera Testes
Intendunt Oculos.*

²⁷ This is finely, and very forcibly, expressed by the Psalmist:
*If I say, Peradventure the Darkness shall cover me; then shall my
Night be turned to Day.* Or, as it may be rendered somewhat more
emphatically, *Even the Night shall be broad Daylight all around me.*
Psal. cxxxix. 10.

²⁸ Psal. xcvi. 2.

²⁹ The original Words are much stronger than the Translation.
ורית and הסכנתה signify, Thou SIFTEST my Path, and art INTI-
MATELY ACQUAINTED WITH all my Ways. The former, I apprehend, denoting the EXACT Cognizance which the Almighty taketh, the latter implying the CONSTANT Inspection which he exerciseth, over all the Circumstances of our Conduct. Psal. cxxxix. 2.

³⁰ I beg leave to inform the YOUNG GENTLEMAN, whose Name dignifies my Dedication, That THIS was a Remark of his honoured FATHER, when we rode together, and conversed in a dusky Evening. I mention this Circumstance, partly to secure the Paragraph from Contempt; partly to give him, and the World, an Idea of that eminently serious Taste, which distinguished my deceased Friend.—The LESS OBVIOUS the Reflection, the more clearly it discovers a Turn of Mind remarkably spiritual; which would suffer nothing to escape, without yielding some religious Improvement. The MEANER the Incident, the more admirable was the Fertility of Imagination, which could deduce the sublimest Truths from the most trivial Occurrences.

³¹ 2 Cor. iv. 17. The great STEPHENS, that Oracle of GRECIAN Learning, translates καθ' υπερβολην, *Quo nihil majus dici aut fingi potest.* But how does the Sense rise! How is the Idea enlarged, under two such forcible Expressions! καθ' υπερβολην εις υπερβολην.—The whole Verse is a Master-piece of the beautiful ANTITHESIS, the

lively DESCRIPTION, and the nervous DICTION. It is one of those exquisite Passages in the inspired Writings, which, like some rich AROMATIC PLANTS, cannot be transferred from their own generous and native Soil, without being impaired in their Vivacity, and losing much of their Delicacy. Perhaps the following Version may be somewhat less injurious to the sacred Original, than the common Translation;—*Our very light Affliction, which is but just for the present Moment, worketh out a far more exceeding, and incomparably great, and eternal Weight of Glory.*

³² Thus applied, that fine Piece of FLATTERY, addressed to the HEATHEN Emperor, is strictly and literally TRUE.

———*Vultus ubi tuus*

Affulsit Populo, gratior it Dies,

Et Soles melius nitent. HORAT.

Which I would cast into a CHRISTIAN Mould, and thus translate:

When Faith presents the Saviour's Death,
And whispers, "This is thine;"
Sweetly my rising Hours advance,
And peacefully decline.

While such my Views, the radiant Sun
Sheds a more sprightly Ray;
Each Object smiles; all Nature charms:
I sing my Cares away.

³³ Job, vii. 3.

³⁴ Psal. cxxvii. 2.

³⁵ I think, it is referable only to a superintending, and watchful PROVIDENCE, that we are not hurried into the most PERNICIOUS Actions, when our Imagination is heated, and our Reason stupefied, by Dreams.—We have sometimes heard of unfortunate Persons, who, walking in their Sleep, have thrown themselves headlong from a Window, and been dashed to death on the Pebbles. And whence is it, that such disastrous Accidents are only RELATED as Pieces of News, not EXPERIENCED by ourselves, or our Families? Were OUR Minds more sober in their Operations, or more circumspect in their Regards? No, verily: Nothing could be more wild than their Excursions; and none could be more inattentive to their own Welfare.

Therefore, if *we have laid us down, and slept* in Peace; it was, because the LORD vouchsafed us the sweet Refreshment: if *we rose again* in Safety; it was, *because the LORD sustained us* with his unremitted Protection.

Will the candid Reader excuse me, if I add a short Story; or rather a MATTER OF FACT, suitable to the preceding Remark? Two Persons, who had been hunting together in the Day, slept together the following Night. One of them was renewing the Pursuit in his Dream; and, having run the whole Circle of the Chase, came, at last, to the Fall of the Stag. Upon this, he cries out with a determined Ardor, *I'll kill him; I'll kill him*: and immediately feels for the Knife, which he carried in his Pocket. His Companion happening to awake, and observing what passed, leaped from the Bed. Being secure from Danger, and the Moon shining into the Room, he stood to view the Event: When, to his inexpressible Surprise, the infatuated Sportsman gave several deadly Stabs, in the very Place where, a Moment before, the Throat and the Life of his Friend lay.—This I mention, as a Proof, that nothing hinders us, even from being Assassins of OTHERS, or Murderers of OURSELVES, amidst the mad Sallies of Sleep, only the PREVENTING CARE of our Heavenly Father.

³⁶ What a complete Master that malignant Spirit is, in exhibiting VISIONARY REPRESENTATIONS, appears from his Conduct towards CHRIST, on the high Mountain: and that he is too ready, if not restrained by an over-ruling Power, to employ his Dexterity in AFFLICTING MANKIND, is evident from his Treatment of JOB. See Luke, iv. 5. Job, vii. 14.

³⁷ Cant. iii. 7, 8.

³⁸ These give a sacred and home-felt Delight,
A SOBER CERTAINTY OF WAKING Bliss. MILT. COMUS.

³⁹ Isa. xxix. 8.

⁴⁰ *Vox quoque per Lucos vulgo exaudita silentes
Ingens, & Simulacra Modis pallentia miris
Visa sub obscurum Noctis.*— VIRG.

⁴¹ The Story of BRUTUS, and his EVIL GENIUS, is well known: Nor must it be denied, that the precise Words of the Spectre to the Hero were, *I'll meet thee at PHILIPPI*. But, as this would not

answer my Purpose, I was obliged to make an Alteration in the Circumstance of PLACE.

⁴² Amos, iv. 12.

⁴³ Job, iv. 12, 14, &c.

⁴⁴ IS A PROOF OF THE REAL EXISTENCE OF APPARITIONS.—If the Sense, in which I have always understood this Passage, be true—ELIPHAZ, I apprehend, was neither in a Trance, nor in a Dream, but perfectly awake.—Though he speaks of Sleep; he speaks of it, as fallen not upon HIMSELF, but upon OTHER Men. He does not mention DREAMS, though חלומות SOMNIA, would have suited the Verse (if the Book be in Metre) altogether as well as חזיונות VISIONES.—It could not, surely, be a WIND, as some translate the Word רוח: Because, the Circumstance of STANDING STILL is not so compatible with the Nature of a Wind; and a Wind would have passed ABOVE him, all AROUND him, as well as BEFORE him. Not to add, how low a Remark it is, and how unworthy of a Place in so august a Description, that he COULD NOT DISCERN THE FORM of a Wind.—It seems, therefore, to have been a real Spirit; either ANGELICAL, as were those which presented themselves to ABRAHAM resting at the Door of his Tent, and to LOT sitting in the Gate of SODOM; or else, the Spirit of some DEPARTED SAINT, as in the Case of SAMUEL's Apparition, or the famous Appearance of MOSES and ELIJAH on the Mount of Transfiguration.—A Spirit, assuming some VEHICLE, in order to become visible to the human Eye: Which, accordingly, ELIPHAZ saw, exhibiting itself as an Object of Sight: But saw so obscurely and indistinctly, that he was not able, either to describe it's ASPECT, or to discern WHOM it resembled.

⁴⁵ I have given this solemn Picture a MODERN Dress, rather for the Sake of Variety and Illustration, than from any Apprehension of improving the admirable Original. Such an Attempt, I am sensible, would be more absurdly vain, than to lacquer Gold, or paint the Diamond. The Description, in ELIPHAZ's own Language, is awful and affecting to the last Degree: A NIGHT-PIECE, dressed in all the Circumstances of the deepest Horror. I question, whether SHAKESPEARE himself, though so peculiarly happy for his great Command of terrifying Images, has any thing superior or

comparable to this. The Judges of fine Composition SEE the masterly Strokes; and, I believe, the most ordinary Reader FEELS them, chilling his Blood, and awakening Emotions of Dread in his Mind.

⁴⁶ There seems to be a significant and beautiful GRADATION in the HEBREW Words אָנוּשׁ and נִפְרָא, which I have endeavoured to preserve, by a Sort of PARAPHRASTIC VERSION.—The Reader will observe a NEW Turn given to the Sentiment; preferable, I think, to that which our ENGLISH Translation exhibits. Not, *shall Man be more just than GOD?* But, *shall Man be just before, or in the Sight of GOD?* The Passage, thus rendered, speaks a Truth incomparably more weighty, and needful to be inculcated: A Truth, exactly parallel to that humbling Confession of the Prophet, *We are all as an unclean Thing*; and to that solemn Declaration of the Psalmist, *In thy Sight shall no Man living be justified*.

⁴⁷ It is well worthy of our Observation, says an excellent Commentator, “That no one Sentence uttered by our LORD is so frequently repeated as this; *Whosoever shall exalt himself, shall be abased; and he that shall humble himself, shall be exalted:*” Which OFTEN occurs in the Evangelists; but is NEVER duly accomplished in us, till we disclaim all Pretension to Merit and Righteousness of our own, and seek them only in the Atonement and Obedience of JESUS CHRIST.

⁴⁸ *Solaque Culminibus ferali Carmine Bubo*

Sape queri, longasque in Fletum ducere Voces.

Thus sung that charming Genius, that Prince of the ancient Poets, that most consummate Master of Elegance and Accuracy; all whose SENTIMENTS are Nature, whose every DESCRIPTION is a Picture, whose whole LANGUAGE is Music—VIRGIL.

⁴⁹ I would beg of the Reader to observe, with what EMPHASIS and PROPRIETY our LORD touches this important Point, in his memorable Reply to NICODEMUS. *Verily, verily, I say unto thee, Except a Man be born again, he CANNOT enter into the Kingdom of Heaven*; q. d. “I wave the AUTHORITY of the Supreme Judge, “and speak with the CONDESCENSION of a Teacher in ISRAEL, “Though I might, without being liable to the least Control, pass “it into a sovereign Decree; That unrenewed Mortals, who are

“ Slaves to corrupt Appetite, SHALL NOT enter the Habitations of
 “ the Just ; I rather choose to represent it, as a Case UTTERLY
 “ IMPOSSIBLE ; and charge the Calamity, not upon Divine Severity,
 “ but upon human Folly. Such Persons, from the very Nature of
 “ Things, preclude themselves ; they incapacitate their own Minds ;
 “ and Contrarieties must be reconciled, before THEY, in their un-
 “ regenerate Condition, CAN be Partakers of those spiritual and
 “ sublime Delights.” John, iii. 3.

⁵⁰ *Et Consanguineus Lethi Sopor.* VIRG.

⁵¹ MILT. Par. Lost, B. III. l. 38.

⁵² Alluding to a very painful Punishment inflicted on Delinquents among the Soldiery.

⁵³ This brings to my Mind one of the deepest MOURNING-PIECES extant in the Productions of the Pen. The sacred Historian paints it in all the Simplicity of Style, yet with all the Strength of Colouring,—When *JESUS came nigh to the Gate of the City, behold ! there was a dead Man carried out, the only Son of his Mother, and she was a Widow.*—What a Gradation is here ! How pathetically beautiful ! Every fresh Circumstance widens the Wound ; aggravates the Calamity ; till the Description is worked up into the most finished Picture of exquisite and inconsolable Distress.—He was a YOUNG MAN ; cut off in the Flower of Life, amidst a thousand gay Expectations and smiling Hopes : A Son ; an ONLY Son ; the afflicted Mother’s All : So that none remained to preserve the Name, or perpetuate the Family. What rendered the Case still more deplorable, *She was a Widow* : left entirely desolate ; abandoned to her Woes ; without any to share her Sorrows, or to comfort her under the irreparable Loss.—Is not this a fine Sketch of the IMPASSIONED and PICTURESQUE ? Who can consider the Narrative with any Attention, and not feel his Heart penetrated with a tender Commiseration ? Luke, vii. 12.

⁵⁴ “ Yes ; in the Flow’rs that wreath the sparkling Bowl,

“ Fell Adders hiss, and pois’nous Serpents roll.”

⁵⁵ *Quam suave est Suavitatibus istis carere !* was St. AUGUSTINE’S pious Exclamation : The Substance of which Mr. POPE has expressed with more Simplicity, and with no less Dignity :

Count all th’ Advantage prosp’rous Vice attains,

’Tis but what Virtue flies from, and disdains,

⁵⁶ Hos. viii. 7.

⁵⁷ I hope it will be observed, that I am far from decrying that noble Faculty of Reason, when exerted in her proper Sphere; when acting in a DEFERENTIAL SUBORDINATION to the revealed Will of Heaven. While she exercises her Powers, within these appointed Limits, she is unspeakably serviceable, and cannot be too industriously cultivated.—But, when she sets up herself in PROUD CONTRADISTINCTION to the sacred Oracles; when, all arrogant and self-sufficient, she says to the Word of Scripture, I HAVE NO NEED OF THEE: she is then, I must be bold to maintain, not only a Glow-worm, but an IGNIS FATUUS; not only a Bubble, but a Snare.

May not this Remark, with the strictest Propriety, and without the least Limitation, be applied to the GENERALITY of our modern Romances, Novels, and theatrical Entertainments? These are commonly calculated to inflame a wanton Fancy: or, if conducted with so much Modesty, as not to debauch the Affections; they pervert the Judgment, and bewilder the Taste. By their incredible Adventures; their extravagant Parade of Gallantry; and their Characters, widely different from Truth and Nature; they inspire foolish Conceits; beget idle Expectations; introduce a Disgust of genuine History; and indispose their Admirers to acquiesce in the DECENT Civilities, or to relish the SOBER Satisfaction, of common Life.

⁵⁸ —*Liquida si quando Nocte Cometa*

Sanguinei lugubre rubent.— VIRG.

⁵⁹ —*Crinemque timendi*

Sideris, & Terris mutantem Regna Cometem. LUCAN.

⁶⁰ “The Comet in the Year 1680, according to Sir ISAAC NEWTON’s Computation, was, in it’s nearest Approach, above 166 Times nearer the Sun than the Earth is; consequently, it’s Heat was then 28,000 Times greater than that of Summer: So that a Ball of Iron as big as the Earth, heated by it, would hardly become cool in 50,000 Years.” DERH. Astr. Theol. p. 237.

⁶¹ Isa. xiv. 23. The Eternal Sovereign, speaking of BABYLON, denounces this Threatening; *I will sweep it with the Besom of Destruction.*—What a noble but dreadful Image is here! How strongly and awfully portrayed! How pregnant also in it’s Signification!

Intimating the VILE NATURE, and expressing the TOTAL EXTIRPATION, of this wicked People; at the same Time, suggesting the PERFECT EASE with which the righteous GOD would execute his intended Vengeance.

⁶² If these Papers should be so happy as to outlive their Author; perhaps, it may be needful to inform Posterity, that the above-mentioned Hints allude to a most terrible, contagious, and mortal DISTEMPER, raging among the HORNED CATTLE, in various Parts of the Kingdom.

⁶³ *Hinc latæ Vituli vulgo moriuntur in Herbis,
Et dulces Animas plena ad Præsepia reddunt.
Balat hinc Pecorum, & crebris Mugitibus Amnes,
Arentesque sonant Ripæ, Collesque supini. VIRG.*

⁶⁴ Josh. vi. 18.

⁶⁵ 2 Pet. iii. 10. I have often thought this Verse an eminent Instance of that Kind of beautiful Writing, in which the very SOUND bears a Sort of SIGNIFICANCY; at least, carries an exact Correspondence with the Sense. The original Expression—*βοῆ ἤδον*—is one of the hoarsest and deepest Words in Language: Nothing could be more exquisitely adapted to affect the EAR, as well as impress the IMAGINATION, with the Wreck of Nature, and the Crash of a falling World—I scarce ever read this Clause, but it brings to my Mind that admired Description in MILTON:

—On a sudden open fly,
With impetuous Recoil, and JARRING SOUND,
Th' infernal Doors, and on their Hinges GRATE
HARSH THUNDER.— Book II. l. 879.

It is a pleasing Employ, and a very laudable Office of true Criticism, to point out these inferior Recommendations of the SACRED CLASSICS: Though, I believe, the inspired Writers themselves, amidst all the Elevation and Magnificence of their Divine Ideas, disdained a scrupulous Attention to such LITTLE NICETIES of Style.

⁶⁶ Eccclus. xliii. 9.

—*Lucidum Cali Decus. HOR.*

⁶⁷ —Now reigns

Full orb'd the Moon, and with more pleasing Light
Shadowy sets off the Face of Things.— MILT.

⁶⁸ As when the Moon, refulgent Lamp of Night,
 O'er Heav'n's clear Azure spreads her sacred Light;
 When not a Breath disturbs the deep Serene,
 And not a Cloud o'ercasts the solemn Scene:
 Around her Throne the vivid Planets roll,
 And Stars unnumber'd gild the glowing Pole;
 O'er the dark Trees a yellower Verdure shed,
 And tip with Silver ev'ry Mountain's Head;
 Then shine the Vales; the Rocks in Prospect rise;
 A Flood of Glory bursts from all the Skies;
 The conscious Swains, rejoicing in the Sight,
 Eye the blue Vault, and bless the useful Light. *Iliad VIII.*

I transcribe these Lines, because Mr. POPE says, they exhibit, in the Original, the finest NIGHT-PIECE in Poetry. And, if they are so beautiful in HOMER's Language, who can suspect their suffering any Disadvantage from the Pen of his admirable TRANSLATOR?

⁶⁹ Ecclus. xliii. 9.

⁷⁰ Psal. cxxxvi. 9.

⁷¹ I might, to justify this Expression, observe, that the Planet VENUS, commonly called the Morning-Star, is found, by our Telescopes, frequently to appear HORNED; or to have a CRESCENT of Light, somewhat like the Moon, a little before or after her Conjunction. But this would be a Remark, too deep and refined for my Scheme; which proceeds only upon a SUPERFICIAL Knowledge, and the most OBVIOUS Appearances, of Nature.

⁷² Judg. vi. 23.

⁷³ Jer. xxiii. 6.

⁷⁴ 1 Cor. i. 30.

⁷⁵ Alluding to those truly poetical Lines in MILTON:

Hither, as to their Fountain, other Stars
 Repairing, in their golden Urns draw Light.

PAR. LOST, B. VII. l. 364.

⁷⁶ I believe, I may venture to apply, what the TEMANITE says of the Affairs of the Wicked, to all sublunary Things; as a true Description of their very GREAT INSTABILITY. Job, xxii. 16. נהר יוצק יסודם rendered by SCHULTENS, *Flumen fusum Fundamentum eorum*: *Their Foundation* (or what they reckon their most

solid and stable Possession) *is a Flood poured out*:—Which is one of the boldest Images, and most poetical Beauties, I ever met with in any Language, sacred or profane. In order to have a tolerable Conception of the Image, and a Taste of it's Beauty; you must suppose a **TORRENT** of Waters, rushing in broken Cataracts, and with impetuous Rapidity, from a steep and craggy Mountain. Then, imagine to yourself an **EDIFICE**, built upon the Surge of this rolling Precipice, which has no other Basis than one of those headlong **WHIRLING WAVES**. Was there ever such a Representation of transitory Prosperity, tending, with inconceivable Swiftmess, unto Ruin? Yet such is every Form of human Felicity, that is not grounded on **JESUS**, and a Participation of his Merits, who is the **ROCK OF AGES**; on **JESUS**, and his Image formed in our Hearts, which is the **HOPE OF GLORY**.

* 77 I would not be understood, as measuring, in this respect, **OTHERS** by **MYSELF**; but as taking my Estimate from the unerring Standard of Scripture. And indeed, proceeding on this Evidence, supported by this Authority, I might have ventured farther than a bare **SUSPICION**. For, “there is not a **JUST** Man upon “Earth, that doeth Good, and **SINNETH NOT**,” says the Spirit of Inspiration by **SOLOMON** (*Eccles. vii. 20.*)—Nay, such is the Purity, and so extensive are the Demands, of the Divine Law, that an Apostle makes a still more humbling Acknowledgment; “In **MANY** Things we offend **ALL**.” (*Jam. iii. 2.*)—And the unerring Teacher, who most thoroughly knew our Frame, directs the most advanced, most established, and most watchful Christians, to pray daily for the Forgiveness of their **DAILY TRESPASSES**.—To which Testimonies, I beg leave to add an elegant Passage from the **CANTICLES**; because, it not only expresses the Sentiment of this Paragraph, but illustrates it by the very same Similitude. *She* (the Church) *is fair as the Moon; clear as the Sun*. Fair as the Moon, the lesser and changeable Light, in her **SANCTIFICATION**; clear as the Sun, the greater and invariable Luminary, in her **JUSTIFICATION**: The inherent Holiness of Believers being imperfect, and subject to many Inequalities; while their imputed Righteousness is every Way complete, and constantly like itself. *Cant. vi. 10.*

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⁷⁸ Rom. v. 17.—x. 3.

⁷⁹ Dan. ix. 24.

⁸⁰ *Ye are the Light of the World. A City that is set on an Hill, cannot be hid.* Matt. v. 14.

⁸¹ Job, xxxi. 26.

⁸² *Splendet tremulo sub Lumine Pontus,* VIRG.

NOTES

ON THE

CONTEMPLATIONS ON THE STARRY HEAVENS.

¹ REFERRING to the several Subjects of the Three preceding Essays.

² Night opes the NOBLEST SCENES, and sheds an Awe,
Which gives those venerable Scenes full Weight,
And deep Reception in the entender'd Heart.

NIGHT THOUGHTS, N^o IX.

³ Psal. xix. 3.

⁴ Isa. viii. 19.

⁵ "It is most becoming (says a great Author) such imperfect
"Creatures as we are, to contemplate the Works of GOD, with
"THIS Design, that we may discern the Manifestations of Wisdom
"in them; and thereby excite in ourselves those devout Affections,
"and that superlative Respect, which is the very Essence of Praise,
"as it is a reasonable and moral Service." ABERNETHY on the
Attributes.—And, indeed, if we are sincerely disposed to employ
ourselves in this excellent, this delightful Duty of praising the in-
finite Creator, the MEANS, and the MOTIVES, are both at hand.
His Works, in a wonderful and instructive Variety, present them-
selves, with pregnant Manifestations of the most transcendent Ex-
cellencies of their Maker. They pour their Evidence from all
Quarters, and into all the Avenues of the Mind. They invite us,

especially in the magnificent System of the Universe, to contemplate—COUNSEL, consummately wise; and EXECUTION, inimitably perfect:—POWER, to which nothing is impossible; and GOODNESS, which extendeth to All, which endureth for ever.—To give, not a full Display, but only some SLIGHT STRICTURES, of these glorious Truths, is the principal Scope of the following Remarks.

⁶ A learned Writer, I think, Dr. DERHAM, has somewhere an Observation to this Purpose—That the loftiest SUMMITS of Hills, and the most enormous RIDGES of Mountains, are no real Objection to the GLOBULAR or round Form of the Earth: Because, however they may render it, to our limited Sight, vastly uneven and protuberant; yet, they bear no more Proportion to the ENTIRE Surface of the terraqueous Ball, than a PARTICLE of Dust, casually dropt on the Mathematician's Globe, bears to it's whole Circumference: Consequently, the rotund Figure is no more destroyed in the former Case, than in the latter.—On the same Principle, I have not thought it necessary, to take any Notice of the comparatively small Difference between the POLAR and EQUATORIAL Diameter of the Earth.

⁷ With what amazing SPEED, this Vessel (if I may carry on the Allusion), filled with a Multitude of Nations, and freighted with all their Possessions, makes her Way through the ethereal Space; see Note ³⁷, Page 281.

⁸ I say, IN THIS RESPECT; that I may not seem to forget, or exclude, the Revolution of the Sun round it's own Axis.

⁹ A hundred thousand Times, according to the LOWEST Reckoning. Sir ISAAC NEWTON computes the Sun to be 900,000 Times bigger than the Earth. RELIGIOUS PHILOSOPHER, p. 749.

¹⁰ Dr. DERHAM, after having calculated the Dimensions of the Planets, adds, "Amazing as these Masses are, they are all far outdone
" by that stupendous Globe of Light, the Sun; which as it is the
" Fountain of Light and Heat to all the Planets about it, so doth
" it far surpass them all in it's Bulk: it's apparent Diameter being
" computed at 822,148 ENGLISH Miles, it's Ambit at 2,582,873
" Miles, and it's solid Contents at 290,971,000,000,000,000."
ASTRO. THEOL. Book I. Chap. II.

¹¹ See RELIGIOUS PHILOSOPHER, p. 819.

¹² See ASTRO-THEOLOGY, Book II. Chap. II.—Where the Author, having assigned various Reasons to support this Theory of our MODERN ASTRONOMERS, adds,—“ Besides the fore-mentioned strong Probabilities, we have this farther Recommendation of such an Account of the Universe, that it is far MORE magnificent, and worthy of the infinite CREATOR, than any other of the narrower Schemes.”

¹³ JOB, after a most beautiful Dissertation on the mighty Works of GOD; as they are distributed through universal Nature, from the Heights of Heaven, to the very Depths of Hell; closes the magnificent Account with this Acknowledgment; *Lo! these are Parts of his Ways*: Or, as the original Word more literally signifies; and may, I think, be more elegantly rendered; These are only THE SKIRTS, the very outermost Borders of his Works: No more than a small Preface to the immense Volume of the Creation. From the HEBREW קצות EXTREMITATES, I cannot forbear thinking on the extreme and very attenuated FIBRES of the Root, when compared with the whole Substance of the TRUNK; or on the exquisitely small Size of the CAPILLARY Vessels, when compared with the whole Structure of the Body. Job, xxvi. 14.

¹⁴ Dan. iv. 3.

¹⁵ This puts me in mind of a very fine Remark on a scriptural Beauty; and a solid Correction of the common Translation; made by that learned, sagacious, and devout Expositor VITRINGA.—Isa. xl. 15. We find it written of the Supreme Being, That *he taketh up the Isles as a very little Thing*: Which, our Critic observes, is neither answerable to the Import of the Original, nor consonant to the Structure of the Discourse. The Prophet had no Intention to inform Mankind, what the Almighty could do, with regard to the Islands, if He pleased to exert uncontrollable Power: his Design was to shew, how insignificant, or rather what mere Nothings THEY ARE, in his Esteem, and before his Majesty.—The Islands, says he, though so SPACIOUS, as to afford Room for the Erection of Kingdoms, and the Abode of Nations; though so STRONG, as to withstand, for many Thousands of Years, the raging and reiterated Assaults of the whole watry World; are yet, before the adored JEHOVAH, SMALL as the minutest Grain, which the Eye can

scarce discern ; LIGHT as the feathered Mote, which the least Breath hurries away like a Tempest.—אֵיִם כְּדָק יָטוּל *Insule sunt ut leve quid, quod avolat : The deep-rooted Islands are as the volatile Atom, which, by the gentlest Undulations of the Air, is wafted to and fro in perpetual Agitation.*

¹⁶ SPECT. Vol. VIII. N° 565.

¹⁷ *Juvat inter Sidera vagantem Divitum Pavimenta ridere, & totam cum Auro suo Terram.* SEN.

¹⁸ *Terrellæ grandia Inania.* WATTS'S HOR. Lyr.

¹⁹ The Soul of Man was made to walk the Skies,
Delightful Outlet of her Prison here !
There, disencumber'd from her Chains, the Ties
Of Toys terrestrial, she can rove at large ;
There freely can respire, dilate, extend,
In full Proportion let loose all her Pow'rs.

NIGHT THOUGHTS, N° IX.

²⁰ Psal. viii. 3, 4.

²¹ This reminds me of a very noble Piece of SACRED ORATORY, where, in a fine Series of the most beautiful Gradations, the Apostle displays the admirably condescending Kindness of our Saviour.—*He thought it no Robbery, it was His indisputable Right, to be equal with the infinite, self-existent, immortal GOD : Yet, in Mercy to Sinners, He emptied Himself of the incommunicable Honours, and laid aside the Robes of incomprehensible Glory.*—When He entered upon His mediatorial State, instead of acting in the grand Capacity of universal Sovereign, *He took upon him the Form of a Servant :* And not the Form of those ministering Spirits, whose Duty is Dignity itself ; who are throned, though adoring.—He took not on him the Nature of Angels, but stooped incomparably lower : Assumed a Body of animated Dust, *and was made in the Likeness of Men ;* those inferior and depraved Creatures.—Astonishing Condescension ! but not sufficient for the overflowing Richness of the Redeemer's Love : For, *being found in Fashion as a Man, He humbled Himself* farther still : occupied the lowest Place, where all was low and ignoble : He not only submitted to the Yoke of the Law, but also bore the Infirmities, and ministered to the Necessities, of Mortals : He even washed the Feet of others, and had

not where to lay his own Head.—Yea, He carried His meritorious Humiliation to the very deepest Degrees of possible Abasement: He *became obedient unto Death*—And not to a common or natural Death, but a Death more infamous than the Gibbet; more torturous than the Rack; *even the accursed Death of the Cross*. Phil. ii. 6, 7, 8.

²² Eph. iii. 18, 19.

²³ *Quo quisque altius ascendit in Agnitione CHRISTI, eo profundius Peccati Atrocitatem cognoscet.*

²⁴ Job, vii. 20. Not *Preserver*, as it stands in our Version, but *Observer of Men*. Which Phrase, as it denotes the exact and incessant INSPECTION of the divine Eye; as it intimates the absolute Impossibility, that any Transgression should ESCAPE the divine Notice; is evidently most proper, both to assign the REASON, and heighten the EMPHASIS, of the Context.

²⁵ MILTON sets this Thought in a very poetical and striking Light.—All the Sanctities of Heaven stand round the Throne of the Supreme Majesty: GOD foresees and foretels the Fall of Man; the RUIN which will unavoidably ensue on his Transgression; and the utter IMPOSSIBILITY of his being able to extricate himself from the Abyss of Misery.

He, with his whole Posterity, must die;
Die he, or Justice must; unless for Him
Some other able, and as willing, pay
The rigid Satisfaction, Death for Death.

After which affecting Representation, intended to raise the most tender Emotions of Pity; the following Inquiry is addressed to all the surrounding Angels:

Say, heav'nly Pow'rs, where shall we find such Love?
Which of you will be mortal, to redeem
Man's mortal Crime? and die, the Dead to save?
He ask'd; but all the heav'nly Choir stood mute,
And Silence was in Heav'n.—

There is, to me at least, an inimitable Spirit and Beauty in the last Circumstance.—That such an innumerable Multitude of generous and compassionate Beings should be struck DUMB with Surprise and

Terror, at the very Mention of THE DEADLY FORFEITURE AND RANSOM SET! NO LANGUAGE is so eloquent as this SILENCE: Words could not possibly have expressed, in so emphatical a Manner, the DREADFUL NATURE of the Task; the ABSOLUTE INABILITY of any or all Creatures to execute it; the supereminent and MATCHLESS LOVE of the Eternal Son, in undertaking the tremendous Work; not only without Reluctance, but unsought and unimplored; with Readiness, Alacrity, and Delight. PARADISE LOST, Book III. Line 209. Edit. BENTL.

²⁶ Ezek. xvi. 63.

²⁷ Ezek. xxxvi. 31.

²⁸ Heb. vii. 26.

²⁹ I am sorry to find, that some of my Readers were a little disgusted at this Expression, "*My Fears are quite gone*:" As thinking, it discovered a Tincture of Arrogance in the Writer, and tended to discourage the weak Christian. But, I hope, a more mature Consideration will acquit me from BOTH these Charges.—For, what has the Author said? Only, that at some PECULIARLY HAPPY Moments, when the Holy Ghost bears witness of CHRIST in his Heart, and he is favoured with a Glimpse of the Redeemer's matchless Excellency—that, in these BRIGHTER INTERVALS of Life, his trembling Fears, with regard to the decisive Sentence of the great Tribunal, are turned into pleasing Expectations. And what is there in such a Declaration, offensive to the STRICTEST Modesty, or dispiriting to the WEAKEST Believer? Instead of creating Discouragement, it points out the Way to obtain a settled Tranquillity. It's natural Tendency, is to engage the serious Mind in a more constant and attentive Meditation on the unknown Merits of the Divine MEDIATOR: And were we more THOROUGHLY acquainted, more DEEPLY affected, with his unutterable Dignity; I am persuaded, our uneasy Apprehensions would PROPORTIONABLY vanish; our Faith be established, our Hopes brightened, and our Joys enlarged.

³⁰ This Doctrine, though rich with CONSOLATION to the ruined Sinner; yet, is it not likely to open a Door for LICENTIOUSNESS, and embolden Transgressors to prosecute their VICES?—No: It is the most powerful Motive to that genuine Repentance, which

flows from an unfeigned Love of God, and OPERATES in a hearty Detestation of all Sin. One, who knew the unmeasurable Goodness of the LORD, and was no Stranger to the sinful Perverseness of our Nature, says, *There is Mercy with Thee: THEREFORE shalt thou be feared.* Psal. cxxx. 4.—Words, full to my Purpose; which at once add the HIGHEST Authority of this Sentiment, and direct our Minds to it's proper Influence, and due Improvement.

³¹ Acts, xx. 28.

³² Psal. li. 7. *Thou shalt purge.* I prefer this Translation before the new one: because this speaks the Language of a more stedfast Belief, and gives the highest Honour to the Divine Goodness. Were the Words intended to bear no more than the common PETITIONARY Sense; and not to be expressive of a noble PLEOPHORY of Faith; they would rather have been *חטאני* and *כבסני* IMPERATIVES, not FUTURES.

³³ Zech. xiii. 1.

³⁴ Psal. lxii. 11.

³⁵ Psal. cl. 1.

³⁶ If this Thought is admitted a second Time, and suffered to ennoble the next Paragraph; it is, partly, because of it's unequalled SUBLIMITY; partly, because it awakens the most GRAND Idea of creating Power; and, partly, because the Practice of the PSALMIST, an Authority too great to be controverted, is my Precedent.—The beautiful Stanza quoted from Psal. xxxiii. 6. is a Proof, how thoroughly the Royal Poet entered into the Majesty of the MOSAIC Narration: The Repetition of the Sentiment, ver. 9. intimates, how peculiarly he was charmed with that NOBLE MANNER of describing the Divine Operations: While the Turn of his own Composition shews, how perfectly he possessed the same ELEVATED WAY of thinking: And this long before LONGINUS wrote the celebrated Treatise, which has taught the Heathen, as well as the Christian World, to admire the DIGNITY of the JEWISH Legislator's Style. Vide LONGIN. de Sublim. Sect. IX.

³⁷ To give ONE Instance of this Remark.—The Earth, in the diurnal Revolution, which it performs on it's own Axis, WHIRLS ABOUT at the Rate of above a thousand Miles an Hour: And as

the great Orbit, which it describes annually round the Sun, is reckoned at 540 Millions of Miles, it must TRAVEL near a Million and Half each Day. What a FORCE must be requisite, to protrude so vast a Globe; and wheel it on, loaded as it is with huge Mountains, and ponderous Rocks, at such a prodigious Degree of Rapidity! It surpasses human Conception!—How natural, how pertinent, how almost necessary, after such an Observation, is the Acknowledgment made by holy JOB! *I know that THOU canst do every Thing, and that no Thought, no imaginable Scheme, can be withholden from thee, can lie beyond thy Power to execute.* Chap. xlii. 2.

³⁸ Psal. xxxiii. 9.

³⁹ It is a most charming Description, as well as a most comfortable Promise, which we find in Isa. xl. 29, 30, 31.—*HE giveth Power to the Feeble; and to them that have no Might at all, He not only imparteth, but increaseth Strength; making it to abound, where it did not so much as exist.*—Without this Aid of JEHOVAH, *even the Youths, amidst the very Prime of their Vigour and Activity, shall become languid in their Work, and weary in their Course. And the young Men, to whose Resolution and Abilities nothing seemed impracticable, shall not only not succeed, but utterly fall, and miscarry in their various Enterprises.*—*Whereas, they that wait upon the LORD, and confide in his Grace, shall press on, with a generous Ardour, from one Degree of religious Improvement to another. Instead of exhausting, they shall renew their Strength; Difficulties shall animate, and Toil invigorate them. They shall mount up, as with soaring Wings, above all Opposition; they shall be carried through every Discouragement, as Eagles cleave the yielding Air. They shall run, with Speed and Alacrity, the Way of God's Commandments, and not be weary: They shall hold on (ילביז progredientur, carpent iter), with Constancy and Perseverance, in those peaceful Paths, and not faint; but arrive at the End of their Progress, and receive the Prize of their high Calling.*

To this most cheering Doctrine, permit me to add it's no less beautiful and delightful CONTRAST. ELIPHAZ, speaking of the Enemies of the Righteous, says—לא נכחד קימנו—which is rendered by a great Critic in sacred Learning, *Nihil excisum Factio nobis adversaria.*—We should reckon our Language acquitted itself to

lerably well, if, when depreciating the Abilities of an Adversary, it should represent them weak as the *scorched Thread*, feeble as the *dissolving Smoke*: But these are cold Forms of Speech, compared with the Eloquence of the East. According to the Genius of our Bible, *All the Power that opposes the Godly, is a mere Nothing*; or, to speak with a more emphatical Air of Contempt, *a destroyed, an extirpated Nothing*.—Admire this Expression, ye that are charmed with daring Images, and (what TULLY calls *Verbum ardens*) a spirited and glowing Diction.—Remember this Declaration, ye that fight the good Fight of Faith. The united Force of all your Enemies, be it ever so formidable to the Eye of Flesh, is, before your Almighty Guardian, *Nihil nihilissimum*, not only Nothing, but *less than Nothing*, and Vanity. Job, xxii. 20.

⁴⁰ I should, in this Place, avoid swelling the Notes any farther, was it not to take notice of the inimitable Passage quoted above, and to be found Eph. iii. 20.—Which, if I do not greatly mistake, is the most complete Representation of Divine Power, that it is possible for Words to frame.—To do all that our Tongue can *ask*, is a Miracle of Might: But we often think more than we can express, and are actuated with “*Groanings unutterable*.” Yet, to answer these vast Desires, is not beyond the Accomplishment of our heavenly Father.—Nay, to make his Gifts and his Blessings commensurate to the LARGEST STRETCH of human Expectations, is a small Thing with the God of Glory. He is able to do *above all*, that the most enlarged Apprehension can imagine; yea, to do *abundantly* more, *exceeding abundantly* more, than the Mind itself, in the utmost Exertion of all it's Faculties, is capable of *wishing*, or knows how to *conceive*.

⁴¹ One of the Planets (SATURN) is supposed to be more than 90 Times as big as the Globe on which we live. According to the same Calculation, the largest of the Planets (JUPITER) is above 200 Times vaster than this vast Collection of spacious Forests, towering Mountains, extensive Continents, and boundless Oceans.—Such enormous Magnitude! winged with such prodigious Speed!—It raises Astonishment beyond Expression.—*With GOD is terrible Majesty!* Job, xxxvii. 22.—*Who shall not fear THEE, O LORD, and glorify thy Name?* Rev. xv. 4.

⁴² Isa. xl. 12. *The Dust of the Earth*, in this sublime Scripture, signifies the dry Land, or SOLID Part of our Globe: which is placed in Contradistinction to the whole Collection of FLUID Matter, mentioned in the preceding Clause.—Perhaps, this remarkable Expression may be intended to intimate, not only the extreme Niceness, which stated the Dimensions of the World IN GENERAL, or in the gross; but also that PARTICULAR EXACTNESS, with which the very smallest Materials, that constitute it's Frame (not excepting each individual Atom), were calculated and disposed.—*q, d.* 'Tis a small Thing to say, No such enormous Redundancies, as unnecessary Ridges of Mountains, were suffered to subsist: There was not so much as the least Grain of Sand SUPERFLUOUS, or a single Particle of Dust DEFICIENT.—As the grand Aim of the Description is, to celebrate the CONSUMMATE WISDOM, exemplified in the Creation; and to display that PERFECT PROPORTION, with which every Part tallies, coincides, and harmonises, with the Whole; I have taken leave to alter the Word of our ENGLISH Translation COMPREHEND, and introduce in it's Stead a Term, equally faithful to the HEBREW, and more significative of the Prophet's precise Idea.

⁴³ The Interception of Light, by means of an Eclipse, happens very RARELY; and then is of so SHORT a Continuance, as not to be at all inconvenient: Nay, it is attended with such CIRCUMSTANCES, as render it rather useful, than prejudicial.

⁴⁴ The Sun in particular (and let this serve as a Specimen of that most curious Exactness with which the other celestial Bodies are constituted, and all their Circumstances regulated), the Sun is formed of such a determinate Magnitude, and placed at such a convenient Distance,—“as not to annoy, but only refresh us, and
“nourish the Ground with it's kindly Warmth. If it was LARGER,
“it would set the Earth on fire; if SMALLER, it would leave it
“frozen: If it was NEARER us, we should be scorched to Death;
“if FARTHER from us, we should not be able to live for want of
“Heat.” STACKHOUSE's History of the Bible,

⁴⁵ See Gen. xii. 7, 8.

⁴⁶ ———Mazes intricate,

Eccentric, intervolve'd; yet regular

Then most, when most irregular they seem, MILT.

47 ——— The MORAL WORLD,

Which, though to Us it seems embroil'd, moves on

In higher Order; fitted, and impell'd,

By WISDOM's finest Hand, and issuing all

In gen'ral Good. THOMAS. WINT. l. 586. last Edit.

48 Psal. xcvi. 2.

49 Gen. i. 31.

50 This καλοκαγαθία of the Universe, and all it's Parts, has been very highly, and very justly extolled, by the ancient Inquirers into Nature: and was, indeed, an illustrious Scene, spread before the Sages of the Heathen World; wherein to contemplate the Goodness, and the Glories, of the Supreme Being.—It was nobly said, by a Pagan Philosopher, on this Occasion; Εἰς εὐωχὰ μετέβληθη τὸν Θεὸν μελλοῦσα δημιουργεῖν. *That GOD, when he undertook the Work of Creation, transformed Himself into Love.*—But he need not TRANSFORM Himself into this amiable Principle; for “*GOD is Love:*” As was much more nobly said by one, whom that PHILOSOPHER would have termed a BARBARIAN. 1 John, iv. 8.

51 A very celebrated Poet, in a beautiful Paragraph on this Subject, informs his Readers; That all Nature swarms with Life. In subterranean CELLS, the Earth heaves with vital Motion: Even the hard STONE, in the very inmost Recesses of it's impenetrable Citadel, holds Multitudes of animated Inhabitants. The PULP of mellow Fruit, and all the Productions of the Orchard, feed the invisible Nations. Each LIQUID, whether of acid Taste, or milder Relish, abounds with various Forms of sensitive Existence. Nor is the pure STREAM, or transparent AIR, without their Colonies of unseen People.—In which Constitution of Things, we have a wonderful Instance, not only of the Divine Goodness to those minute Beings, in giving them a CAPACITY for animal Gratifications; but of his tender Care for Mankind, in making them IMPERCEPTIBLE to our Senses.

————— These, conceal'd

By the kind Art of forming Heav'n, escape

The grosser Eye of Man: For, if the Worlds

In Worlds inclos'd should on his Senses burst;

From Cates ambrosial, and the nectar'd Bowl,

He'd turn abhorrent ; and, in dead of Night,
When Silence sleeps o'er all, be stunn'd with Noise.

THOMSON'S Summer.

⁵² A sacred Writer, considering this delightful Subject ; and confining his Observation within the NARROW LIMITS of his own Country ; cries out, with a Mixture of Amazement and Gratitude ; *How great is his Goodness, and how great is his Beauty !*—Who then can forbear being lost in Wonder, and transported with Delight ; when he extends his Survey to those infinitely more COPIOUS COMMUNICATIONS of Divine Bounty ; which, like salutary and refreshing Streams, run through all Worlds, and make, not only the *little Valleys* of a single Kingdom, but the Immensity of Creation, *laugh and sing ?* Zech. ix. 17.

⁵³ In this Sense, *There is none good, but One, that is GOD* : None universally and essentially good : None, whose Goodness extends itself, in an infinite VARIETY of Blessings, to EVERY capable Object ; or, who always dispenses his Favours, from the SOLE Principle of FREE and disinterested Benevolence.

⁵⁴ In this, and in other Parts of the CONTEMPLATIONS, the Reader will observe ; That the Attributes of the DEITY are represented, as shining with more distinguished Lustre, in the Wonders of REDEMPTION, than in the Works of CREATION. If SUCH Remarks should seem to be unprecedented, or to stand in need of a Vindication ; permit me to subjoin the Sentiments of a great Critic, equally versed in BOTH those sublime Theories.—“ In a perfect Orator, he says, TULLY requires some Skill in the Nature of heavenly Bodies ; because, his Mind will become more extensive and unconfined ; and, when he descends to treat of human Affairs, he will both think and write in a more exalted and magnificent Manner. For the same Reason, that excellent Master would have recommended the Study of those great and glorious Mysteries, which Revelation has discovered to us ; *to which the noblest Parts of this System of the World are as much inferior, as the Creature is less excellent than the Creator.*” SPECT. Vol. VIII. N^o 633.

⁵⁵ Rom. v. 8.

⁵⁶ PHILANTHROPY, that is, Loving-kindness to Man.

³⁶ Zech. xiii. 7.

³⁷ Isa. xlix. 13.—I have not adhered to our common Translation, but endeavoured to preserve, somewhat more faithfully, the noble PATHOS, and inimitable ENERGY, of the sacred Original.—The Love of GOD, manifested in a Divine and dying Saviour, is a Blessing of such inconceivable Richness, as must render all Acknowledgments FLAT, and all Encomiums LANGUID. Yet, I think, the most poetical and most emphatical Celebration of that unspeakable Instance of Goodness, is contained in this rapturous Exclamation of the Prophet: which intimates, with a wonderful Majesty of Sentiment, that even the whole Compass of the INANIMATE CREATION, could it be sensible of the Benefit, and capable of Delight, would express it's GRATITUDE in all these Demonstrations of the most lively and exuberant Joy.

⁵⁹ *O Thou most Highest!*—This Expression occurs more than once, in the Psalms used by the established Church. It is, I think, one of those BEAUTIES; which, because often exhibited, generally escape our Notice. It is a SUPERLATIVE, formed on a Superlative; and, though not strictly conformable to grammatical Rules, is nobly superior to them all.—The Language seems to be sensible of it's own Deficiency; when the incomprehensible JEHOVAH is addressed, or celebrated. Oppressed, as it were, with the Glories of the Subject, it labours after a MORE EMPHATICAL Manner of Diction, than the ordinary Forms of Speech afford.—It is, if I rightly judge, one of those daring and happy Peculiarities of a masterly Genius, which Mr. POPE so finely describes; and, while he describes, exemplifies:

Great Wits sometimes may GLORIOUSLY OFFEND,
And RISE to FAULTS true Critics dare not mend;
From vulgar Bounds with brave Disorder part,
And snatch a Grace beyond the Reach of Art.

ESSAY ON CRITICISM.

St. PAUL's—*ελαχιστοτερος παντων των αγιων*—is a beautiful Passage of the like Nature; which our Translators have very properly rendered, *Less than the least of all Saints*.—His *πολλω μαλλον κρεισσον* is another Instance of the same Kind: But here the ENGLISH Version fails: *Far better* is extremely FLACCID, compared with the NERVOUS

Original: And I greatly question, whether it is possible to translate the Sentence with equal Conciseness, and with equal Spirit. See Eph. iii. 8. Phil. i. 23.

⁶⁰ Job, xxv. 5, 6. I submit it to the Judgment of the Learned, whether this is not the true Meaning of the Text.—It may not, perhaps, recommend itself to the SQUEAMISHLY NICE Critic; or to those Persons who dream of (I know not what) DIGNITY in our fallen Nature: But it seems, in preference to every other Interpretation, SUITABLE to the sacred Context; and is far, far from being INJURIOUS to the Character of that apostate Race, which is “altogether become abominable,” and “is as an unclean Thing.”—On this Supposition, there is not only an apparent, but a very striking Contrast, between the Purity of GOD, and the Pollution of Man: The PURITY of the most high GOD, which outshines the Moon, and eclipses the Stars; the POLLUTION of degenerate Man; which, exclusive of a Saviour, would render him as loathsome to the all-seeing Eye, as the vilest Vermin are in our’s.—Without assigning this Sense to the Passage, I cannot discern the Force of the ANTITHESIS, nor indeed the PROPRIETY of the Sentiment. Worms, in the general, give us an Idea of MEANNESS and INFIRMITY; not of, DEFILEMENT and IMPURITY: unless they are Insects, hatched amidst Putrefaction, and considered in such noisome Circumstances.—The two Words of the Original, רמח and חילעה, are evidently used in this Signification, by MOSES and ISAIAH: By the former, to denote the Vermin which devoured the PUTREFIED Manna; by the latter, to express the Reptiles which swarm in the Body that sees CORRUPTION. Exod. xvi. 20. Isa. xiv. 11.

⁶¹ Job, xlii. 6.

⁶² Isa. vi. 5.

⁶³ *In that Day there shall be a Fountain, opened to the House of David, and to the Inhabitants of Jerusalem, for Sin and Uncleanness.* Zech. xiii. 1.

⁶⁴ The inspired Penman, from these two Occasions of distinguished Joy, sets forth the incomparably GREATER DELIGHT, which arises from the Gift of a Saviour, and the Blessing of Redemption. Isa. ix. ver. 3. compared with ver. 6.

⁶⁵ This refers, not only to the Planets which pass and repass about our Sun, but also to the other Planetary Worlds, which are supposed to attend the several fixed Stars.

⁶⁶ The Diameter of JUPITER is calculated at 130,650 Miles, while his Orbit is reckoned to consist of 895,134,000: Which Computation, according to the Maxims of Astronomy, and the Laws of Proportion, may, as is taken for granted in the Contemplations, be applied to OTHER PLANETS revolving round OTHER SUNS.

⁶⁷ By BOUNTY, I mean, not the actual Exercise, or the sensible Effects, of this Excellency in the Deity. These ARE, and always MUST BE, through the immense Perfection of the Attribute, and the necessary Scantiness of the Recipient, bounded. But I would be understood, as speaking of the Divine POWER, and the Divine WILL, to exert Divine Beneficence. These can have no real, no imaginable Limits. These, after a Profusion of Blessings, distributed to unnumbered Worlds, continued through unnumbered Ages, must STILL have more to bestow; for EVER have more to bestow; INFINITELY more to bestow, than it is possible for Creation itself to receive.

⁶⁸ 2 Cor. ix. 8. *GOD is able to make all Grace abound towards you; that ye, having all Sufficiency in all Things, may abound to every good Work.*—How beautiful, and emphatical, is this Description! Inferior to nothing, but that Extent of Ability, and those Riches of Liberality, which it so eloquently celebrates. Does it not EXHAUST all the Powers of Language, while it attempts to give us a SPECIMEN of the Munificence of the LORD?

⁶⁹ ONCE MORE refers to Page 102 of REFLECTIONS ON A FLOWER-GARDEN.—The following Pages, to the 167th, exhibit a DIGRESSIVE View of the Divine Mercy. I thought it proper to apprise my Reader of this Excursion; though, I hope, it will be needless to offer an Apology for enlarging upon a Theme incomparably joyous. Who can complain of TEDIOUSNESS, while I speak Consolation to distressed, and Recovery to ruined Creatures? The Divine Mercy is the sole Fountain of all our present and future Blessings. In conformity to this benign Attribute, human Hopes arise, and human Felicity flows. Who, therefore, can be weary of

VIEWING and REVIEWING; when the Lengths and Breadths of forgiving Grace are the ravishing Prospect?

⁷⁰ See 2 Chron. xxxiii.

⁷¹ Acts, ix. 1. Σαυλ^{ος} ἐν ἐμπνεύσιν απειλῆς καὶ φονῆς, *Saul yet breathing out Threatening and Slaughter*.—What a Representation is here of a Mind, MAD with RAGE, and abandoned to the fiercest Extremes of Barbarity! I scarce know, whether I am more SHOCKED at the Persecutor's savage Disposition, or CHARMED with the Evangelist's lively Description.—The Adverb ἐν seems referable to Chap. viii. Ver. 2. and has, in this Connexion, a peculiar Force. The Havock he had committed, the inoffensive Families he had ALREADY ruined, were not sufficient to assuage his vengeful Spirit: They were only a TASTE; which, instead of glutting the Blood-hound, made him more closely pursue the Track, and more eagerly pant for Destruction. He is STILL athirst for Violence and Murder. So eager and insatiable is his Thirst, that he even BREATHES OUT Threatening and Slaughter. His Words are Spears and Arrows; and his Tongue a sharp Sword. 'Tis as natural for him to MENACE the Christians, as to breathe the Air.—Nay, they BLEED every Hour, every Moment, in the Purposes of his rancorous Heart. It is only owing to Want of Power, that every Syllable he utters, every Breath he draws, does not deal about Deaths, and cause some of the innocent Disciples to fall.

⁷² 1 Cor. vi. 9, 10, 11.

⁷³ Exod. xxxiv. 6, 7.

⁷⁴ Mic. vii. 18.

⁷⁵ Job, xxvi. 7.

⁷⁶ With regard to the FINAL PERSEVERANCE of the true Believer, I am sensible this Point is not a little controverted.—The Sentiments, which follow, are MY stedfast Belief. It is by no means proper, in a Work of this Nature, to enter upon a Discussion of this Subject. Neither have I Room, so much as to hint, what might be urged for it's Support.—Let my Reader observe, that I am far from delivering it, as essential to Christianity, or necessary to Salvation. Millions, of the very contrary Conviction, are, I doubt not, high in the Favour of GOD; and in a growing Meetness for his heavenly Kingdom. As I blame none for REJECT-

ING, none, I hope, will be offended with me for ESPOUSING, this particular Doctrine.—To be of different Opinions, at least in some inferior Instances, seems an unavoidable Consequence of our present State: where IGNORANCE, in part, cleaves to the wisest Minds; and PREJUDICE easily besets the most impartial Judgments. This may turn to our common Advantage; and afford Room for the Display and Exercise of those HEALING Virtues,—Moderation, Meekness, and Forbearance.—Let me only be permitted to ask, Whether this Tenet does not evidently tend to establish the COMFORT of the Christian, and to magnify the FIDELITY of GOD our Saviour? Whether, far from countenancing Sloth, or encouraging Remissness, to KNOW that our Labour shall not be in vain, is not the most prevailing Inducement to ABOUND in the Work of the LORD? 1 Cor. xv. 58.

Is any one inclined to examine the Reasons, which make the Author a Proselyte to this Persuasion? He may find them displayed in the Memorial, delivered by several select and eminent Divines of the Church of ENGLAND, at the renowned Synod of DORDT.—(See ACTA SYNOD. DORDRECH. Par. II. Page 246, of the LATIN Edition, published in a single Quarto Volume.)—Those, who have no Opportunity of consulting the Memoirs of that venerable Assembly, I would refer to the Works of the indefatigable and very learned TURRETIN, or to those of the candid and elegant WITSIUS.—TURRET. Tom. II. Q. xvi. WITS. ŒCON. Lib. III. Chap. xiii.

The latest and fullest View of the Point, which I ever remember to have met with, in any of our ENGLISH Writers, is in the LIME-STREET LECTURES: which are a Defence of several most important Doctrines of the Gospel, and contained in two Octavo Volumes; the united Labours of NINE modern Divines; most of whom are WELL known to the World by their OTHER evangelical and useful Writings. In those Lectures, the final Perseverance of the Saints is very particularly stated; and, to MY Apprehension at least, most satisfactorily proved: The Arguments usually urged against it, are impartially considered, and I cannot but think (with all due Deference to the Judgment of others) unanswerably confuted.

And here (not to swell this Note any farther) I shall only just hint, that the judicious HOOKER (an Authority, perhaps, as weighty and unexceptionable as any that can well be produced) gives a SOLEMN ATTESTATION to this Tenet, in a short Discourse on the Perpetuity of Faith, subjoined to his ECCLESIASTICAL POLITY, Fol. Edit.

⁷⁷ Isa. xli. 10.

⁷⁸ John, x. 28.

⁷⁹ Jer. xxxi. 35, 36.

⁸⁰ Tit. i. 2.

⁸¹ The TENDERNESS and FAITHFULNESS of GOD to his People are finely pictured by the Prophet ISAIAH, Chap. xlii. Ver. 3. Which Passage, because of it's rich Consolation, and uncommon Beauty, is deservedly adopted by St. MATTHEW, and ingrafted into the System of evangelical Truths.—*He will not himself break, nor suffer to be broken by any other, the bruised Reed, nor quench the smoking Flax.* Was it possible to have chosen two more delicate and expressive Representations?—Could any Image be more significant of a very infirm and enfeebled FAITH, than the flexile REED, that bends before every Wind? Which, besides it's natural Weakness, is made abundantly weaker by being BRUISED; and so is ready to fall in Pieces of itself.—Or could any thing, with a more pathetic Exactness, describe the extreme Imbecility of that other Principle of the Divine Life, LOVE? The State of the FLAX, just beginning to burn, is liable to be put out by the least Blast: more liable still, is the Wick of the Lamp, when it is not so much as kindled into a glimmering Flame, but only BREATHING SMOKE, and uncertain whether it shall take fire or no.—Yet true Faith, and heavenly Love, though subsisting amidst such pitiable Infirmities, will not be abandoned by their great Author; shall not be extinguished by any Temptations; but be maintained, invigorated, and made finally triumphant. Matt. xii. 20.

⁸² Psal. cxix. 89, 90.

⁸³ Matt. vii. 7.

⁸⁴ Luke, xi. 13.

⁸⁵ John, vi 37.

⁸⁶ ————If THESE fail,

The pillar'd Firmament is Rottenness,
And Earth's Base built on Stubble. MILT. COMUS.

⁸⁷ See the next Note.

⁸⁸ CHRIST, the Wisdom of GOD, and the Power of GOD.

1 COR. I. 24.—*To the Intent that now, unto the Principalities and Powers in heavenly Places, might be known by the Church (by the amazing Contrivance and Accomplishment of it's Redemption) the deep, extensive, and (πολυποικίλος) greatly diversified Wisdom of GOD.*

⁸⁹ In this Sense, that Saying of our LORD is eminently true, *He that hath seen ME, hath seen the FATHER.* John, xiv. 9.

⁹⁰ Coloss. ii. 3.—Not a mean Degree, but a TREASURE; not one Treasure, but MANY; not many only, but ALL Treasures, of true Wisdom, and saving Knowledge; are in CHRIST, and his glorious Gospel.—The transcendent EXCELLENCY of those Treasures seems to be finely intimated, in that other Expression ἀποκρυφῶν, HID; (which may be interpreted by the HEBREW מְסֻמִּיִּם, Job, iii. 21.) LAID UP, with the utmost Care, and the greatest Safety. Not left, at all Adventures, to be stumbled upon, by every giddy Wanderer; or to fall into the Arms of the yawning Sluggard; but, like Jewels of the brightest Lustre, or Riches of the highest Value, KEPT IN STORE to adorn and reward the diligent Searcher.

⁹¹ This, I believe, is the IMPORT of the Apostle's Language, though it is not a LITERAL Translation of εἰς α ἐπιθυμουσιν ἀγγελοι παρακνῦσαι. 1 Pet. i. 12.—I never had such a lively Apprehension of the beautiful Significancy of the last Word, as when I have attended a Dissection of some Part of the animal Body. In order to discern the MINUTIÆ of the admirable Frame; the latent Wonders of Art and Mechanism; the Eye is so sharpened, and it's Application SO INTENSELY BENDED, as gives a very just EXPERIMENTAL Comment on that expressive Phrase, παρακνῦσαι.—With such earnest Attention is the everlasting Gospel contemplated by the ANGELIC Orders! How much more, if it were possible, does it deserve the devout and incessant Consideration of HUMAN Minds? Since, by THEM, it is not only to be speculated, as a bright and ravishing Display of the Divine Attributes; but to be applied to their fallen

Nature, as a most benign Scheme of RECOVERING Grace; as the sure and only Method of obtaining Life and Immortality.

⁹² *And I*, says our LORD, *if I be lifted up from the Earth*, and extended on the Cross, *will draw all Men unto me*: will give such a rich and transcendent Display of MY Love, as shall constitute the most powerful and prevailing Attractive of THEIRS. John, xii. 32.

⁹³ Alluding to Isaiah, vi. 6.

⁹⁴ For this QUOTATION, and several valuable HINTS, I acknowledge myself indebted to those beautiful and sublime Poems, intitled NIGHT-THOUGHTS.—Of which I shall only say, That I receive fresh Pleasure, and richer Improvement, from every renewed Perusal. And I think, I shall have Reason to bless the indulgent Bestower of all Wisdom, for those instructive and animating Compositions, even in my last Moments. Than which, nothing can more emphatically speak their SUPERIOR EXCELLENCE, nor give a more solid Satisfaction to their worthy Author.—Happy should I think myself, if these little Sketches of contemplative Devotion, might be honoured with the MOST INFERIOR Degree of the same Success; might receive a Testimony, not from the Voice of Fame, but from the dying Lips of some edified Christian.

⁹⁵ Heb. viii. 10.

⁹⁶ Psal. xxvii. 1.

⁹⁷ Psal. xxiii. 1.

⁹⁸ PERPLEXING—Those who read the original Language of the New Testament, are sufficiently apprised, that such is the SIGNIFICANCY of that benevolent Dissuasive, urged by our LORD, *μη μεριμνατε*, Matt. vi. 25.—I beg leave, for the Sake of the UNLEARNED Reader, to observe; That our Translation, though for the most Part faithful and excellent, has here misrepresented our Divine Master's Meaning. *Take no Thought* for your Food, for your Raiment, for your bodily Welfare, is not only not the true Sense, but the very Reverse of the Scriptural Doctrine. We are required to take a PRUDENT and MODERATE Thought for the Necessaries of Life. The Sluggard, who neglects this decent Precaution, is severely reprimanded; is sent to one of the meanest Animals, to blush for his Folly, and learn Discretion from her Conduct, Prov. vi. 6. Our Saviour's Precept, and the exact Sense of his Expres-

sion, is, Take no ANXIOUS Thought; indulge no PERPLEXING Care: No such Care, as may argue an unreasonable DISTRUST of Providence; or may REND and TEAR your Minds with distressing, with pernicious Solicitude.

⁹⁹ "The Planets, and all the innumerable Host of heavenly Bodies, perform their Courses and Revolutions with so much Certainty and Exactness, as never once to fail; but, for almost 6000 Years, come constantly about to the same Period, in the hundredth Part of a Minute." STACKHOUSE's Hist. Bible.

¹⁰⁰ This is spoken in conformity to the Scripture Language, and according to the common Notion. With respect to the Power which effected the Alteration; it is much the same Thing, and alike miraculous, whether the Sun, or the Earth, be supposed to move.

¹⁰¹ Josh. x. 12, 13.—The Prophet HABAKKUK, according to his lofty Manner, celebrates this Event; and points out, in very poetical Diction, the Design of so surprising a Miracle.—*The Sun and Moon stood still in their Habitation: In the Light, the long-continued and miraculous Light, thy Arrows, edged with Destruction, walked on their awful Errand; in the clear Shining of the Day, protracted for this very Purpose, thy glittering Spear, launched by thy People, but guided by thy Hand, sprung to it's Prey.* Hab. iii. 11.

¹⁰² Judg. v. 20.—The scriptural Phrase, *fought against*, will, I hope, be a proper WARRANT for every Expression I have used on this Occasion.—The Passage is generally supposed to signify, that some very dreadful METEORS (which the Stars were thought to influence), such as fierce Flashes of LIGHTNING, impetuous Showers of RAIN, and rapid Storms of HAIL, were employed by the Almighty, to terrify, annoy, and overthrow the Enemies of ISRAEL. If so, there cannot be a more clear and lively Paraphrase on the Text, than those fine Lines of a JEWISH Writer. *His severe Wrath shall HE sharpen for a Sword; and the World shall fight with him against the Ungodly. Then, shall the right-aiming Thunderbolts go abroad; and from the Clouds, as from a well-drawn Bow, shall they fly to the Mark. And Hail-stones, full of Wrath, shall be cast out of a Stone Bow; and the Water of the Sea shall rage against them;*

and the Floods (as was the Case of the River KISHON) *shall cruelly drown them. Yea, a mighty Wind shall stand up against them; and, like a Storm, shall blow them away.* Wisd. v. 20, 21, 22, 23.

¹⁰³ This Argument, I acknowledge, is not absolutely conclusive; but it is popular and striking. Nor can I think myself obliged, in such a Work, where FANCY bears a considerable Sway, to proceed always with the Caution and Exactness of a DISPUTER in the SCHOOLS. If there be some Appearance of Analogy between the Fact and the Inference, it seems sufficient for my Purpose; though the Deduction should not be necessary, nor the Process strictly syllogistical.—One of the APOSTOLIC FATHERS has an affecting and sublime Paragraph, which runs entirely in this Form: *Ἡλιος τε καὶ σελήνη, ἀστέρων τε χοροὶ, κατὰ τὴν διατάξιν αὐτῆς ἐν ὁμονοίᾳ διχα πάσης παρεκβάσεως, ἐξελισσυσιν τὰς ἐπιτεταγμένους αὐτοῖς ὁρίσµατος.* *The Sun, the Moon, and the starry Choir, without the least Deviation, and with the utmost Harmony, perform the Revolutions appointed them by the supreme Decree.* From which Remark, and Abundance of other similar Instances, observable in the Œconomy of Nature, he exhorts Christians to a cordial UNANIMITY among themselves, and a dutiful OBEDIENCE TO GOD. Vid. CLEM. ROMAN. 1 Ep. ad Corinth. Sect. 20.—See also a beautiful Ode in Dr. WATTS's Lyric Poems, intituled THE COMPARISON AND COMPLAINT, which turns upon this very Thought.

¹⁰⁴ Come forth, O Man, yon azure Round survey,
And view those Lamps, which yield eternal Day.
Bring forth thy Glasses: Clear thy wond'ring Eyes:
Millions beyond the former Millions rise:
Look farther:—Millions more blaze from remoter Skies. }

See an ingenious Poem, intituled THE UNIVERSE.

¹⁰⁵ How noble, considered in this View, are the Celebrations of the Divine Majesty, which frequently occur in the sacred Writings! *It is the Lord that made the Heavens.* Psal. xcvi. 5.—What a prodigious Dignity does such a Sense of Things give to that devout Ascription of Praise! *Thou, even Thou, art LORD alone; Thou hast made Heaven, the Heaven of Heavens, with all their Host.* Nehem. ix. 6.—Examined by this Rule, the beautiful Climax in our

inspired Hymn is sublime beyond Compare. *Praise HIM, Sun and Moon: Praise HIM, all ye Stars of Light: Praise HIM, ye Heaven of Heavens.* Psal. cxlviii. 3, 4.

¹⁰⁶ This, incredible as it may seem, is not a mere Supposition, but a real Fact: For, about the 21st of DECEMBER, we are above 160,000,000 of Miles nearer the Northern Parts of the Sky, than we were at the 21st of JUNE: And yet, with regard to the Stars situate in that Quarter, we perceive no CHANGE in their ASPECT, nor any AUGMENTATION of their MAGNITUDE.

¹⁰⁷ Numb. xxiv. 17. Dan. viii. 10.

¹⁰⁸ Dan. xii. 3.

¹⁰⁹ I speak in conformity to the APPEARANCE of the Object: For, though this remarkable Star revolves round the Pole, it's Motion is so SLOW, and the Circle it describes so SMALL, as render both the Revolution and Change of Situation hardly perceivable.

¹¹⁰ Isa. lx. 20.

¹¹¹ I Cor. xv. 41, 42. The great Mr. MEAD PREFERS the Sense here given; and the learned Dr. HAMMOND ADMITS it into his Paraphrase: Whose joint Authority, though far from excluding any OTHER, yet is a sufficient Warrant for THIS Application of the Words.

¹¹² *Tolle Invidiam, & tuum est quod habeo. Tolle Invidiam, & meum est quod habes.* AUGUSTINE.

¹¹³ Psal. xlv. 8.

¹¹⁴ I am aware, the planetary Orbs are not strictly circular, but rather ELLIPTICAL: However, as they are but a small Remove from the perfectly round Figure, and partake of it incomparably more than the Trajectories of the Comets, I choose to represent the Thing in this View: Especially, because the Notion of a Circle is so much more intelligible, to the Generality of Readers, than that of an Ellipsis; and because I laid it down for a Rule, not to admit any such ABSTRUSE Sentiment, or DIFFICULT Expression, as should demand a painful Attention, instead of raising an agreeable Idea. For which Reason, I have avoided TECHNICAL Terms; have taken no Notice of JUPITER's Satellites, or SATURN's Ring; have not so much as mentioned the Names of the Planets, nor attempted to wade into any Depths of the Science: Lest to those

who have no Opportunity of using the Telescope, or of acquainting themselves with a System of Astronomy, I should propound Riddles, rather than display ENTERTAINING and EDIFYING Truths.

¹¹⁵ Col. i. 4. Philem. Ver. 5.

¹¹⁶ Gal. v. 6.

¹¹⁷ I mean the Attraction both of GRAVITATION and COHESION.

¹¹⁸ *Ponderibus librata suis.*

¹¹⁹ See another remarkable Instance of this Kind, in the REFLECTIONS ON A FLOWER-GARDEN, Page 148—together with a fine Observation, quoted in the corresponding Note.

¹²⁰ 1 Cor. xv. 10.

¹²¹ See that beautiful Piece of sacred and allegorical Imagery displayed, Ezek. xxxvii.

¹²² If this Conjecture (which has no less a Person than the celebrated Mr. HUYGENS for it's Author) concerning UNSEEN STARS, be true—If, to this Observation be added, what is affirmed by our skilful Astronomers, that the Motion of the Rays of Light is so SURPRISINGLY SWIFT, as to pass through ten Millions of Miles in a single Minute—How vast, beyond Imagination vast and unmeasurable, are the Spaces of the Universe!—While the Mind is distended with the GRAND IDEA; or, rather, while she is dispatching her ablest Powers of piercing Judgment, and excursive Fancy; and finds them all DROP SHORT, all baffled by the amazing Subject; permit me to apply that spirited Exclamation, and noble Remark—

——Say, proud Arch,

Built with Divine Ambition; in Disdain
Of Limit built; built in the Taste of Heav'n!
Vast Concave! Ample Dome! Wast thou design'd
A MEET Apartment for the DEITY?
Not so: That Thought alone thy State impairs:
Thy LOFTY sinks; and shallows thy PROFOUND;
And streightens thy DIFFUSIVE —

NIGHT THOUGHTS, N^o IX.

¹²³ Ev'n the BLUE DOWN the purple Plum surrounds,
A LIVING WORLD, thy failing Sight confounds:
To HIM a peopled Habitation shews,
Where Millions taste the Bounty GOD bestows.

See a beautiful and instructive Poem, styled—DEITY.

¹²⁴ There are living Creatures abundantly smaller than the Mite. Mr. BRADLEY, in his Treatise on Gardening, mentions an Insect, which, after accurate Examination, he found to be a thousand Times LESS than the LEAST visible Grain of Sand: Yet such an Insect, though quite imperceptible to the naked Eye, is an Elephant, is a Whale, compared with other Animalcules, almost infinitely more minute, discovered by Mr. LEWENHOECK.—If we consider the several Limbs, which compose such an organised Particle; the different Muscles, which actuate such a Set of Limbs; the Flow of Spirits, incomparably more attenuated, which put those Muscles in Motion; the various Fluids, which circulate; the different Secretions, which are performed; together with the peculiar Minuteness of the Solids, before they arrive at their full Growth: not to mention other MORE ASTONISHING Modes of Diminution:—sure, we shall have the utmost Reason to acknowledge, that the adored Maker is—MAXIMUS IN MINIMIS; GREATLY GLORIOUS even in his SMALLEST Works.

¹²⁵ Isa. xlix. 15. *Can a Woman forget her sucking Child, that she should not have Compassion on the Son of her Womb? Yea, they may forget; yet will I not forget thee.*—How delicate and expressive are the Images in this charming Scripture! How full of BEAUTY, if beheld in a critical, how rich with CONSOLATION, if considered in a believing, View!—Can a WOMAN? One of the softer Sex, whose Nature is most impressible, and whose Passions are remarkably tender—Can such a one, not barely disregard, but entirely FORGET; not suspend her Care for a while, but utterly erase the very Memory—Of her CHILD; her own Child, not another's; a Child, that was formed in her WOMB, and is a Part of herself?—Her SON; the more important, and therefore more desirable Species; to whom it peculiarly belongs, to preserve the Name, and build up the Family—Her ONLY Son; for the Word is singular; and refers to a Case, where the Offspring, not being numerous, but centred in a single Birth, must be productive of the fondest Endearment—Can she divest herself of all Concern for such a Child; not when he is grown up to Maturity, or gone abroad from her House; but, while he continues in an infantile State, and must owe his whole Safety to her kind Attendance; while he lies in her Bosom, rests on her Arm, and even sucks at her Breast?—Especially, if the poor In-

nocent be racked with Pain, or seized by some severe Affliction; and so become an Object of COMPASSION, as well as of Love. Can she hear it's piercing Cries; can she see it all restless, all helpless, under it's Misery; and feel no Emotions of parental Pity?—If ONE such Monster of Inhumanity might be found; could ALL (here the Prophet, to give his Comparison the utmost Energy, changes the singular Number into the plural. It is not גַּם הֵיא, or גַּם אַחַת, but גַּם אֱלֹהִים), could ALL Mothers be so degenerate? This, sure, cannot be suspected, need not be feared. Much less need the true Believer be apprehensive of the Failure of my Kindness. An UNIVERSAL Extinction of those STRONGEST Affections of Nature, is a more supposeable Case; than that I should ever be unmindful of my People, or regardless of their Interests.

¹²⁶ Psal. lxxv. 2.

¹²⁷ Consult with Reason, Reason will reply,
Each LUCID POINT, which glows in yonder Sky,
Informs a SYSTEM in the boundless Space,
And fills, with Glory, it's appointed Place;
With Beams unborrow'd brightens other Skies,
And Worlds, to thee unknown, with Heat and Life supplies.

THE UNIVERSE.

¹²⁸ In THIS Respect, as vested with such Capacities, the Soul even of fallen Men has an unquestionable Greatness and Dignity; *is majestic, though in Ruin.*

¹²⁹ I beg leave to transcribe a pertinent Passage from that celebrated Master of Reason, and universal Literature, Dr. BENTLEY; whom no one can be tempted to suspect, either tinctured with Enthusiasm, or warped to Bigotry.—“If we consider,” says he, “the Dignity of an intelligent Being, and put that in the Scale “against brute and inanimate Matter, we may affirm, without over-“valuing human Nature, that the Soul of one virtuous and religious “Man is of greater Worth and Excellency, than the Sun, and his “Planets, and all the Stars in the World.” See his Sermons at BOYLE'S Lect. N^o 8.

¹³⁰ Not all yon Luminaries quench'd at once
Were half so sad, as one benighted Mind,
Which gropes for Happiness, and meets Despair.

NIGHT THOUGHTS, N^o IX,

¹³¹ 1 Cor. viii. 1. I need not inform my Reader, that in this Text; in that admirable Chapter, 1 Cor. xiii. and in various other Passages of Scripture; the Word CHARITY should by no means be confined to the peculiar Act of ALMS-GIVING, or external Beneficence. It is of a much more exalted and extensive Nature: it signifies that divinely precious Grace, which warms the Soul with SUPREME LOVE to GOD, and enlarges it with DISINTERESTED AFFECTION for Men; which renders it the reigning Care of the Life, and chief Delight of the Heart, to promote the Happiness of the One, and the Glory of the Other.—THIS, THIS, is that Charity of which so many excellent Things are everywhere spoken; which can never be too highly extolled, or too earnestly coveted; since it is the Image of GOD, and the very Spirit of Heaven.

¹³² The Righteousness of CHRIST. This is what MILTON beautifully styles;

———The golden Key,
That opes the Palace of Eternity.

¹³³ 1 Cor. xiii. 12.

¹³⁴ Gen. xv. 5.

¹³⁵ ———For Heaven

Is as THE BOOK OF GOD before thee set,
Wherein to read his wondrous Works.—— MILT.

¹³⁶ Psal. xix.

¹³⁷ ADDISON, Spect. Vol. VI. N^o 465.

NOTES

ON THE

WINTER - P I E C E.

¹ A SKETCH of this Nature, I must acknowledge, is quite different from the Subject of the Book ; and, I cannot but declare, was as far distant from the Thoughts of the Author. But, the Desire of SEVERAL Acquaintance, together with an Intimation of it's Usefulness, by a very POLITE LETTER from an UNKNOWN Hand, prevailed with me to add a few descriptive Touches, and improving Hints, on what is so often experienced in these Northern Regions. I hope, the Attempt I have made to oblige these Gentlemen, will obtain the APPROBATION, or at least the EXCUSE, of my other Readers.

² *Involvere Diem Nimbi & Nox HUMIDA Cælum*
Abstulit—— VIRG.

³ Hos. v. 10.

⁴ 1 Kings, xix. 11.

⁵ ———— *Mortalia Corda*
Per Gentes humilis stravit Pavor.——

One would almost imagine, that VIRGIL had read ISAIAH, and borrowed his Ideas from Chap. ii. Ver. 11. The *humilis* and *stravit* of the one so exactly correspond with the—*humbled*—*bowed down*—of the other. But, in one Circumstance, the Prophet is very much superior to the Poet. The Prophet, by giving a striking CONTRAST to his Sentiments, represents them with incomparably

greater Energy. He says not, MEN in the gross, or the HUMAN HEART in general: but Men of the most ELATED Looks; Hearts big with the most ARROGANT Imaginations. Even THESE shall stoop from their supercilious Heights; even THESE shall grovel in the Dust of Abasement, and shudder with all the Extremes of an abject Pusillanimity.

⁶ Job, xviii. 12.

⁷ Psal. xci. 11, 12.

⁸ Job, v. 23. Hos. ii. 18.

⁹ Rev. xxi. 25.

¹⁰ *Undaque jam Tergo ferratos sustinet Orbes,*

Pupibus illa prius patulis, nunc Hospita Plaustis.

Æraque dissiliunt vulgo.

VIRG.

¹¹ Job, xxxviii. 30. *The Waters are hid*, locked up from the Cattle's Lips, and secured from the Fisher's Net, as Wells were wont to be closed *with a ponderous and impenetrable Stone*. And not only Lakes and Rivers, but *the Surface of the great Deep*, with its restless and uncontrollable Surges, is *taken Captive* יתלכר by the Frost, and bound in shining Fetters.

¹² This, I suppose, is the Meaning of that figurative Expression, used by the Prophet HABAKKUK; who, speaking of the CHALDEANS invading JUDEA, says—*Their Faces*, or the Incursions they make, *shall sup up*, shall swallow greedily, shall devour utterly, the Inhabitants of the Country, and their valuable Effects; as the keen, corroding Blasts of the *East Wind*, destroy every green Thing in the Field. Hab. i. 9.

¹³ Can any thing be whiter than Snow? Yes, saith DAVID; if God be pleased to wash me from my Sins in the Blood of CHRIST, *I shall be even whiter than Snow*. Psal. li. 7. See Page 135.

¹⁴ This Animal is milk-white. As for those BLACK SPOTS which we generally see in Linings of Ermine, they are added by the Furrier, in order to diversify the Appearance, or heighten the Beauty, of the native Colour.

¹⁵ Job, xxxvii. 7.

¹⁶ Isa. lv. 10, 11.

¹⁷ “How little does GOD esteem the Things that Men count “great; the Endowments of WIT and Eloquence, that MEN ad-

“ mire in some ! Alas ! how poor are they to Him ! He respecteth
 “ not any who are wise in Heart : they are nothing, and less than
 “ nothing, in his Eyes. Even WISE Men admire, how little it is
 “ that Men know ; how small a Matter lies under the Sound of
 “ these popular Wonders, a learned Man, a great Scholar, a great
 “ Statesman. How much more doth the all-wise GOD meanly
 “ account of these ! He often discovers, even to the World, their
 “ Meanness : He BEFOOLS them. So Valour, or Birth, or worldly
 “ Greatness, these He gives, and gives as Things He makes no
 “ great Reckoning of, to such as shall never see his Face ; and
 “ calls to the Inheritance of Glory poor despised Creatures, that are
 “ looked on as the OFF-SCOURINGS and REFUSE of the World.”

—THUS says an excellent Author ; who writes with the most amiable Spirit of Benevolence ; with the most unaffected Air of Humility ; and, like the sacred Originals from which he copies, with a majestic Simplicity of Style :—Whose SELECT WORKS I may venture to recommend, not only as a Treasure, but as a MINE of genuine, sterling, evangelical Piety.—See Page 520 of Archbishop LEIGHTON'S SELECT WORKS, the EDINBURGH Edition, Octavo : Which it is necessary to specify, because the LONDON Edition does not contain that Part of his Writings which has supplied me with the preceding QUOTATION.

¹⁸ Prov. xiv. 14.

¹⁹ *He casteth forth his Ice like Morsels.* Psal. cxlvii. 17. Which, in modern Language, might be thus expressed : *He poureth his Hail like a Volley of Shot.* The Word פתים, inadequately translated MORSELS, alludes, I think, to those FRAGMENTS of the Rock, or those SMOOTH STONES from the Brook, which, in the Day of Battle, the Warriors hurled from their Slings.

²⁰ Gen. ix. 12—16.

²¹ Rev. iv. 3.

A
T A B L E

OF THE

T E X T S

MORE OR LESS ILLUSTRATED IN THIS WORK.

N. B. As Dr. SHAW, in the Supplement to his EXCELLENT Book of Travels, and several other Authors of the GREATEST Eminence, have given an Index of Scriptures, occasionally explained in their Writings; I doubt not but I shall oblige MANY of my Readers by what I HERE subjoin; those especially, whose Taste is happily formed to relish the Beauties of the sacred Records..

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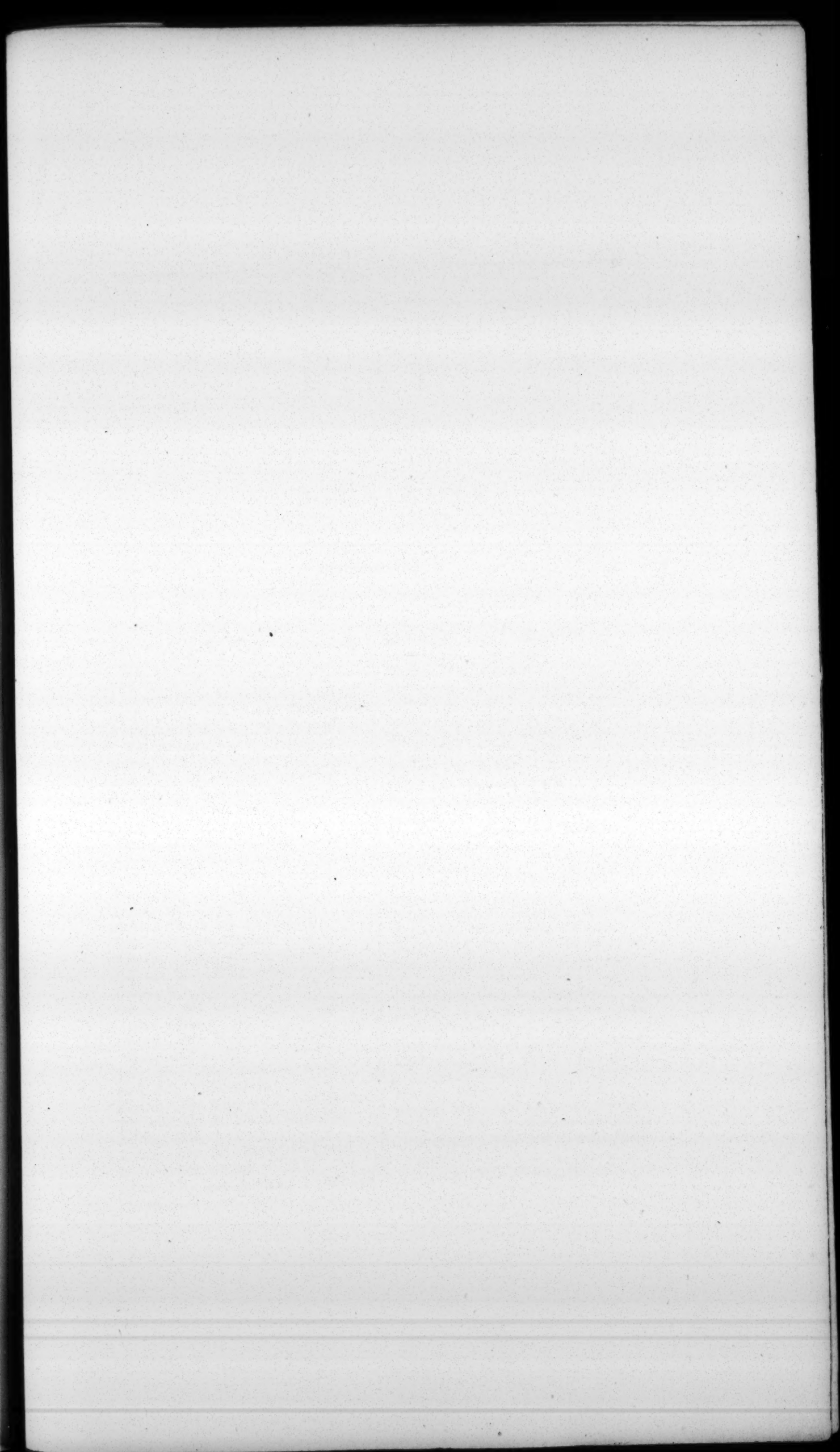
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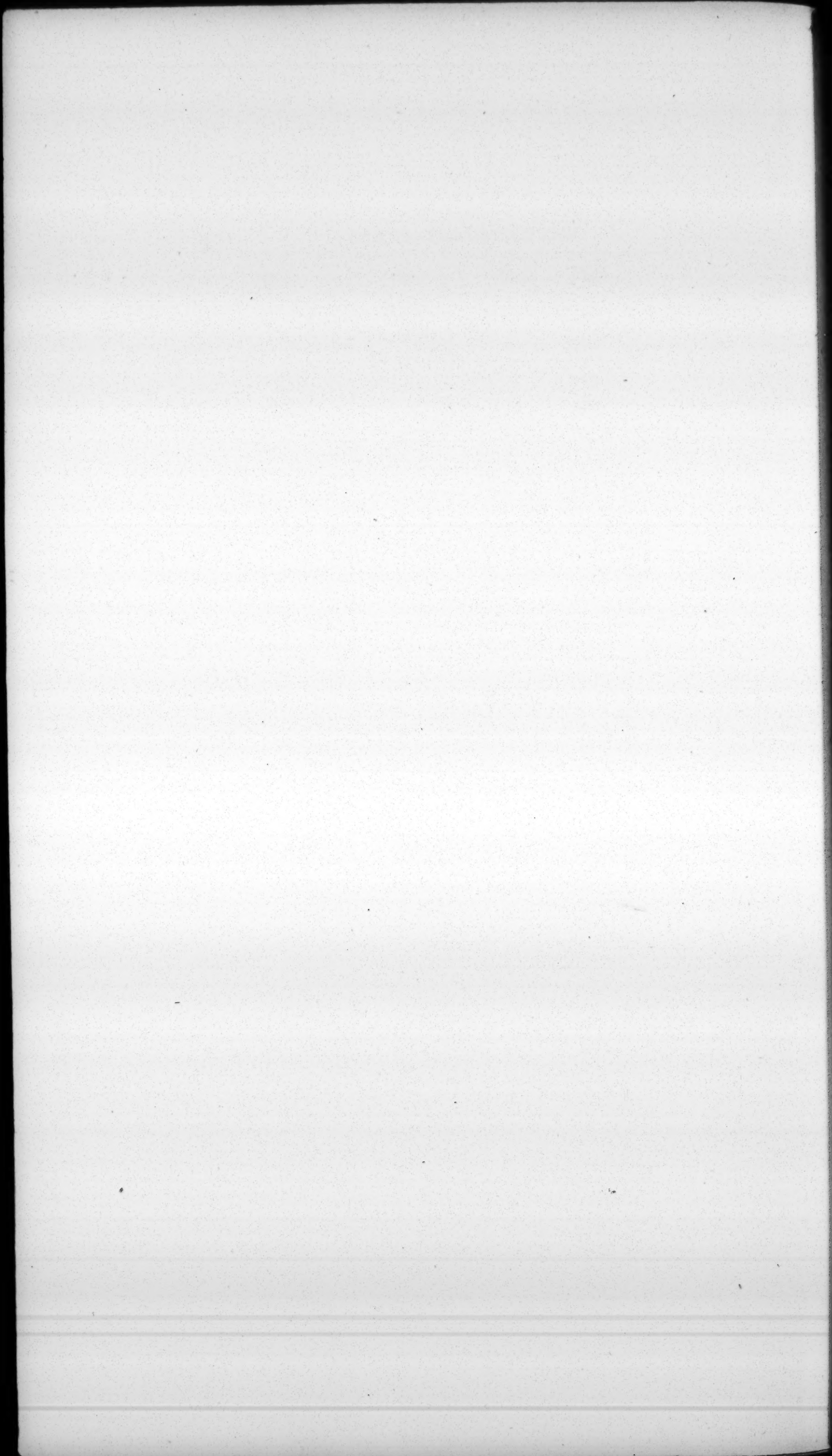
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